OM-495 192 774AN
March 2003

Processes

Stick (SMAW) Welding

TIG (GTAW) Welding

MIG (GMAW) Welding

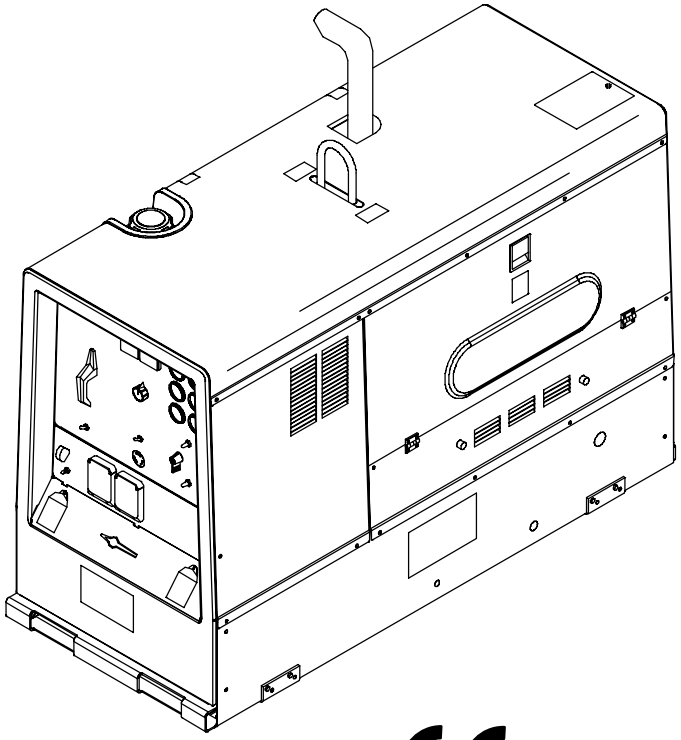
Flux Cored (FCAW) Welding

Air Carbon Arc (CAC-A) Cutting and Gouging

Description

Engine Driven Welding Generator

Big Blue® 402D And 502D
Big Blue® 602D



CE And Non-CE Models

OWNER'S MANUAL

Visit our website at
www.MillerWelds.com

From Miller to You

Thank you and *congratulations* on choosing Miller. Now you can get the job done and get it done right. We know you don't have time to do it any other way.

That's why when Niels Miller first started building arc welders in 1929, he made sure his products offered long-lasting value and superior quality. Like you, his customers couldn't afford anything less. Miller products had to be more than the best they could be. They had to be the best you could buy.

Today, the people that build and sell Miller products continue the tradition. They're just as committed to providing equipment and service that meets the high standards of quality and value established in 1929.

This Owner's Manual is designed to help you get the most out of your Miller products. Please take time to read the Safety precautions. They will help you protect yourself against potential hazards on the worksite. We've made installation and operation quick and easy. With Miller you can count on years of reliable service with proper maintenance. And if for some reason the unit needs repair, there's a Troubleshooting section that will help you figure out what the problem is. The parts list will then help you to decide the exact part you may need to fix the problem. Warranty and service information for your particular model are also provided.

ISO 9001:2000 REGISTERED QUALITY SYSTEM

Miller is the first welding equipment manufacturer in the U.S.A. to be registered to the ISO 9001:2000 Quality System Standard.

Miller Electric manufactures a full line of welders and welding related equipment. For information on other quality Miller products, contact your local Miller distributor to receive the latest full line catalog orindividual catalog sheets. **To locate your nearest distributor or service agency call 1-800-4-A-Miller, or visit us at www.MillerWelds.com on the web.**

TRUE BLUE® WARRANTY

Working as hard as you do – every power source from Miller is backed by the most hassle-free warranty in the business.

Miller offers a Technical Manual which provides more detailed service and parts information for your unit. To obtain a Technical Manual, contact your local distributor. Your distributor can also supply you with Welding Process Manuals such as SMAW, GTAW, GMAW, and GMAW-P.

Miller®

⚠ WARNING

This product, when used for welding or cutting, produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)

⚠ WARNING

Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

CALIFORNIA

Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

The following terms are used interchangeably throughout this manual:

Stick = SMAW
TIG = GTAW
MIG = GMAW

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OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES

WARRANTY

Declaration of Conformity for European Community (CE) Products

NOTE ☞	*This information is provided for units with CE certification (see rating label on unit).*

Manufacturer's Name: Miller Electric Mfg. Co.

Manufacturer's Address: 1635 W. Spencer Street
Appleton, WI 54914 USA

Declares that the product: **Big Blue® 602D (Deutz F4L1011-Powered Models)**

conforms to the following Directives and Standards:

Directives

Low Voltage Directive: 73/23/EEC

Machinery Directives: 98/37/EEC,91/368/EEC, 93/C 133/04, 93/68/EEC

Noise level of Welding Generators: 2000/14/EC

Electromagnetic compatibility Directives: 89/336/EEC, 92/31/EEC

Standards

Safety Requirements for Arc Welding Equipment IEC 60974-1: 1998-09

Rotating Electrical Machines – Part 1: Rating and Performance: IEC 34-1: 1994

Rotating Electrical Machines – Part 5: Classification of degrees of protection provided by enclosure of rotating electrical machines (IP code): IEC 34-5: 1991

Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems:
Part 1: Principles, requirements and test: IEC 60664-1: 2000-04

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Product standard for arc welding equipment: EN50199: August 1995

European Contact: Mr. Danilo Fedolfi, Managing Director
ITW WELDING PRODUCTS ITALY S.r.l.
Via Privata Iseo 6/E
20098 San Giuliano
Milanese, Italy

Telephone: 39(02)98290-1
Fax: 39(02)98290-203

Declaration of Conformity for European Community (CE) Products

NOTE ☞	*This information is provided for units with CE certification (see rating label on unit).*

Manufacturer's Name: Miller Electric Mfg. Co.

Manufacturer's Address: 1635 W. Spencer Street
Appleton, WI 54914 USA

Declares that the product: **Big Blue® 602D (Deutz F4L1011-Powered Models)**

conforms to the following Directives and Standards relating to sound levels:

Directives

Noise Level Of Welding Generators: 2000/14/EC

Sound Level Information

Measured Sound Power Level: 98 dB

Guaranteed Sound Power Level: 98 dB

This equipment conforms to requirements brought forth by 2000/14/EC

Noise conformity assessment procedure followed with notified body:
AV Technology Limited
AVTECH House
Birdhall Lane
Cheadle Heath
Stockport
Cheshire
SK3OXU

Sound power level requirements determined by the 40% duty cycle of 600 A, 30 V

Conforming assessment procedure 1 of Annex VI will be followed.

European Contact: Mr. Danilo Fedolfi, Managing Director
MILLER Europe S.r.l.
Via Privata Iseo 6/E
20098 San Giuliano
Milanese, Italy

Telephone: 39(02)98290-1
Fax: 39(02)98290203

SECTION 1 – SAFETY PRECAUTIONS – READ BEFORE USING

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▲ Warning: Protect yourself and others from injury — read and follow these precautions.

1-1. Symbol Usage

Means Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards with this procedure! The possible hazards are shown in the adjoining symbols.

▲ **Marks a special safety message.**

☞ *Means "Note"; not safety related.*

This group of symbols means Warning! Watch Out! possible ELECTRIC SHOCK, MOVING PARTS, and HOT PARTS hazards. Consult symbols and related instructions below for necessary actions to avoid the hazards.

1-2. Arc Welding Hazards

▲ **The symbols shown below are used throughout this manual to call attention to and identify possible hazards. When you see the symbol, watch out, and follow the related instructions to avoid the hazard. The safety information given below is only a summary of the more complete safety information found in the Safety Standards listed in Section 1-6. Read and follow all Safety Standards.**

▲ **Only qualified persons should install, operate, maintain, and repair this unit.**

▲ **During operation, keep everybody, especially children, away.**

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

Touching live electrical parts can cause fatal shocks or severe burns. The electrode and work circuit is electrically live whenever the output is on. The input power circuit and machine internal circuits are also live when power is on. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the wire, wire reel, drive roll housing, and all metal parts touching the welding wire are electrically live. Incorrectly installed or improperly grounded equipment is a hazard.

- Do not touch live electrical parts.
- Wear dry, hole-free insulating gloves and body protection.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulating mats or covers big enough to prevent any physical contact with the work or ground.
- Do not use AC output in damp areas, if movement is confined, or if there is a danger of falling.
- Use AC output ONLY if required for the welding process.
- If AC output is required, use remote output control if present on unit.
- Additional safety precautions are required when any of the following electrically hazardous conditions are present: in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings, or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling, or lying; or when there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground. For these conditions, use the following equipment in order presented: 1) a semiautomatic DC constant voltage (wire) welder, 2) a DC manual (stick) welder, or 3) an AC welder with reduced open-circuit voltage. In most situations, use of a DC, constant voltage wire welder is recommended. And, do not work alone!
- Disconnect input power or stop engine before installing or servicing this equipment. Lockout/tagout input power according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 (see Safety Standards).
- Properly install and ground this equipment according to its Owner's Manual and national, state, and local codes.
- Always verify the supply ground — check and be sure that input power cord ground wire is properly connected to ground terminal in disconnect box or that cord plug is connected to a properly grounded receptacle outlet.
- When making input connections, attach proper grounding conductor first – double-check connections.
- Frequently inspect input power cord for damage or bare wiring — replace cord immediately if damaged — bare wiring can kill.
- Turn off all equipment when not in use.
- Do not use worn, damaged, undersized, or poorly spliced cables.
- Do not drape cables over your body.
- If earth grounding of the workpiece is required, ground it directly with a separate cable.
- Do not touch electrode if you are in contact with the work, ground, or another electrode from a different machine.
- Use only well-maintained equipment. Repair or replace damaged parts at once. Maintain unit according to manual.
- Wear a safety harness if working above floor level.
- Keep all panels and covers securely in place.
- Clamp work cable with good metal-to-metal contact to workpiece or worktable as near the weld as practical.
- Insulate work clamp when not connected to workpiece to prevent contact with any metal object.
- Do not connect more than one electrode or work cable to any single weld output terminal.

SIGNIFICANT DC VOLTAGE exists in inverters after stopping engine.

- Stop engine on inverter and discharge input capacitors according to instructions in Maintenance Section before touching any parts.

FUMES AND GASES can be hazardous.

Welding produces fumes and gases. Breathing these fumes and gases can be hazardous to your health.

- Keep your head out of the fumes. Do not breathe the fumes.
- If inside, ventilate the area and/or use exhaust at the arc to remove welding fumes and gases.
- If ventilation is poor, use an approved air-supplied respirator.
- Read the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) and the manufacturer's instructions for metals, consumables, coatings, cleaners, and degreasers.
- Work in a confined space only if it is well ventilated, or while wearing an air-supplied respirator. Always have a trained watchperson nearby. Welding fumes and gases can displace air and lower the oxygen level causing injury or death. Be sure the breathing air is safe.
- Do not weld in locations near degreasing, cleaning, or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with vapors to form highly toxic and irritating gases.
- Do not weld on coated metals, such as galvanized, lead, or cadmium plated steel, unless the coating is removed from the weld area, the area is well ventilated, and if necessary, while wearing an air-supplied respirator. The coatings and any metals containing these elements can give off toxic fumes if welded.

BUILDUP OF GAS can injure or kill.

- Shut off shielding gas supply when not in use.
- Always ventilate confined spaces or use approved air-supplied respirator.

ARC RAYS can burn eyes and skin.

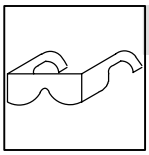
Arc rays from the welding process produce intense visible and invisible (ultraviolet and infrared) rays that can burn eyes and skin. Sparks fly off from the weld.

- Wear a welding helmet fitted with a proper shade of filter to protect your face and eyes from arc rays and sparks when welding or watching (see ANSI Z49.1 and Z87.1 listed in Safety Standards).
- Wear approved safety glasses with side shields under your helmet.
- Use protective screens or barriers to protect others from flash and glare; warn others not to watch the arc.
- Wear protective clothing made from durable, flame-resistant material (wool and leather) and foot protection.

WELDING can cause fire or explosion.

Welding on closed containers, such as tanks, drums, or pipes, can cause them to blow up. Sparks can fly off from the welding arc. The flying sparks, hot workpiece, and hot equipment can cause fires and burns. Accidental contact of electrode to metal objects can cause sparks, explosion, overheating, or fire. Check and be sure the area is safe before doing any welding.

- Protect yourself and others from flying sparks and hot metal.
- Do not weld where flying sparks can strike flammable material.
- Remove all flammables within 35 ft (10.7 m) of the welding arc. If this is not possible, tightly cover them with approved covers.
- Be alert that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas.
- Watch for fire, and keep a fire extinguisher nearby.
- Be aware that welding on a ceiling, floor, bulkhead, or partition can cause fire on the hidden side.
- Do not weld on closed containers such as tanks, drums, or pipes, unless they are properly prepared according to AWS F4.1 (see Safety Standards).
- Connect work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical to prevent welding current from traveling long, possibly unknown paths and causing electric shock and fire hazards.
- Do not use welder to thaw frozen pipes.
- Remove stick electrode from holder or cut off welding wire at contact tip when not in use.
- Wear oil-free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes, and a cap.
- Remove any combustibles, such as a butane lighter or matches, from your person before doing any welding.
- Follow requirements in OSHA 1910.252 (a) (2) (iv) and NFPA 51B for hot work and have a fire watcher and extinguisher nearby.



FLYING METAL can injure eyes.

- Welding, chipping, wire brushing, and grinding cause sparks and flying metal. As welds cool, they can throw off slag.
- Wear approved safety glasses with side shields even under your welding helmet.

HOT PARTS can cause severe burns.

- Allow cooling period before maintaining.
- Wear protective gloves and clothing when working on a hot engine.
- Do not touch hot engine parts or just-welded parts bare-handed.

NOISE can damage hearing.

Noise from some processes or equipment can damage hearing.

- Wear approved ear protection if noise level is high.

MAGNETIC FIELDS can affect pacemakers.

- Pacemaker wearers keep away.
- Wearers should consult their doctor before going near arc welding, gouging, or spot welding operations.

CYLINDERS can explode if damaged.

Shielding gas cylinders contain gas under high pressure. If damaged, a cylinder can explode. Since gas cylinders are normally part of the welding process, be sure to treat them carefully.

- Protect compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, slag, open flames, sparks, and arcs.
- Install cylinders in an upright position by securing to a stationary support or cylinder rack to prevent falling or tipping.
- Keep cylinders away from any welding or other electrical circuits.
- Never drape a welding torch over a gas cylinder.
- Never allow a welding electrode to touch any cylinder.
- Never weld on a pressurized cylinder — explosion will result.
- Use only correct shielding gas cylinders, regulators, hoses, and fittings designed for the specific application; maintain them and associated parts in good condition.
- Turn face away from valve outlet when opening cylinder valve.
- Keep protective cap in place over valve except when cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- Read and follow instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-1 listed in Safety Standards.

1-3. Engine Hazards

BATTERY EXPLOSION can BLIND.

- Always wear a face shield, rubber gloves, and protective clothing when working on a battery.
- Stop engine before disconnecting or connecting battery cables or servicing battery.
- Do not allow tools to cause sparks when working on a battery.
- Do not use welder to charge batteries or jump start vehicles.
- Observe correct polarity (+ and –) on batteries.
- Disconnect negative (–) cable first and connect it last.

FUEL can cause fire or explosion.

- Stop engine and let it cool off before checking or adding fuel.
- Do not add fuel while smoking or if unit is near any sparks or open flames.
- Do not overfill tank — allow room for fuel to expand.
- Do not spill fuel. If fuel is spilled, clean up before starting engine.
- Dispose of rags in a fireproof container.
- Always keep nozzle in contact with tank when fueling.

MOVING PARTS can cause injury.

- Keep away from fans, belts, and rotors.
- Keep all doors, panels, covers, and guards closed and securely in place.
- Stop engine before installing or connecting unit.
- Have only qualified people remove guards or covers for maintenance and troubleshooting as necessary.
- To prevent accidental starting during servicing, disconnect negative (–) battery cable from battery.
- Keep hands, hair, loose clothing, and tools away from moving parts.
- Reinstall panels or guards and close doors when servicing is finished and before starting engine.
- Before working on generator, remove spark plugs or injectors to keep engine from kicking back or starting.
- Block flywheel so that it will not turn while working on generator components.

STEAM AND HOT COOLANT can burn.

- If possible, check coolant level when engine is cold to avoid scalding.
- Always check coolant level at overflow tank, if present on unit, instead of radiator (unless told otherwise in maintenance section or engine manual).
- If the engine is warm, checking is needed, and there is no overflow tank, follow the next two statements.
- Wear safety glasses and gloves and put a rag over radiator cap.
- Turn cap slightly and let pressure escape slowly before completely removing cap.

ENGINE EXHAUST GASES can kill.

- Use equipment outside in open, well-ventilated areas.
- If used in a closed area, vent engine exhaust outside and away from any building air intakes.

BATTERY ACID can BURN SKIN and EYES.

- Do not tip battery.
- Replace damaged battery.
- Flush eyes and skin immediately with water.

ENGINE HEAT can cause fire.

- Do not locate unit on, over, or near combustible surfaces or flammables.
- Keep exhaust and exhaust pipes way from flammables.

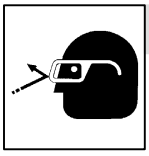
EXHAUST SPARKS can cause fire.

- Do not let engine exhaust sparks cause fire.
- Use approved engine exhaust spark arrestor in required areas — see applicable codes.

1-4. Compressed Air Hazards

BREATHING COMPRESSED AIR can cause serious injury or death.

- Do not use compressed air for breathing.
- Use only for cutting, gouging, and tools.



COMPRESSED AIR can cause injury.

- Wear approved safety goggles.
- Do not direct air stream toward self or others.

TRAPPED AIR PRESSURE AND WHIPPING HOSES can cause injury.

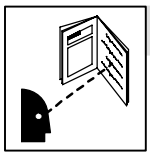
- Release air pressure from tools and system before servicing, adding or changing attachments, or opening compressor oil drain or oil fill cap.

HOT METAL from air arc cutting and gouging can cause fire or explosion.

- Do not cut or gouge near flammables.
- Watch for fire; keep extinguisher nearby.

HOT PARTS can cause burns and injury.

- Do not touch hot compressor or air system parts.
- Let system cool down before touching or servicing.



READ INSTRUCTIONS.

- Read Owner's Manual before using or servicing unit.
- Stop engine and release air pressure before servicing.

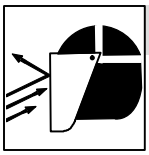
1-5. Additional Symbols For Installation, Operation, And Maintenance

FALLING UNIT can cause injury.

- Use lifting eye to lift unit only, NOT running gear, gas cylinders, trailer, or any other accessories.
- Use equipment of adequate capacity to lift and support unit.
- If using lift forks to move unit, be sure forks are long enough to extend beyond opposite side of unit.

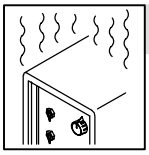
OVERHEATING can damage motors.

- Turn off or unplug equipment before starting or stopping engine.
- Do not let low voltage and frequency caused by low engine speed damage electric motors.
- Do not connect 50 or 60 Hertz motors to the 100 Hertz receptacle where applicable.



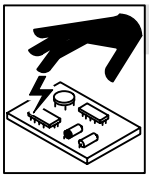
FLYING SPARKS can cause injury.

- Wear a face shield to protect eyes and face.
- Shape tungsten electrode only on grinder with proper guards in a safe location wearing proper face, hand, and body protection.
- Sparks can cause fires — keep flammables away.



OVERUSE can cause OVERHEATING.

- Allow cooling period; follow rated duty cycle.
- Reduce current or reduce duty cycle before starting to weld again.
- Do not block or filter airflow to unit.

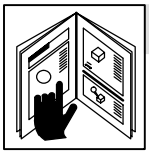


STATIC (ESD) can damage PC boards.

- Put on grounded wrist strap BEFORE handling boards or parts.
- Use proper static-proof bags and boxes to store, move, or ship PC boards.

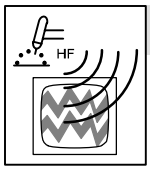
TILTING OF TRAILER can cause injury.

- Use tongue jack or blocks to support weight.
- Properly install welding generator onto trailer according to instructions supplied with trailer.



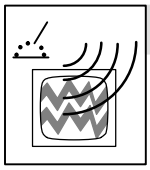
READ INSTRUCTIONS.

- Use only genuine MILLER/Hobart replacement parts.
- Perform engine and air compressor (if applicable) maintenance and service according to this manual and the engine/air compressor (if applicable) manuals.



H.F. RADIATION can cause interference.

- High-frequency (H.F.) can interfere with radio navigation, safety services, computers, and communications equipment.
- Have only qualified persons familiar with electronic equipment perform this installation.
- The user is responsible for having a qualified electrician promptly correct any interference problem resulting from the installation.
- If notified by the FCC about interference, stop using the equipment at once.
- Have the installation regularly checked and maintained.
- Keep high-frequency source doors and panels tightly shut, keep spark gaps at correct setting, and use grounding and shielding to minimize the possibility of interference.



ARC WELDING can cause interference.

- Electromagnetic energy can interfere with sensitive electronic equipment such as microprocessors, computers, and computer-driven equipment such as robots.
- Be sure all equipment in the welding area is electromagnetically compatible.
- To reduce possible interference, keep weld cables as short as possible, close together, and down low, such as on the floor.
- Locate welding operation 100 meters from any sensitive electronic equipment.
- Be sure this welding machine is installed and grounded according to this manual.
- If interference still occurs, the user must take extra measures such as moving the welding machine, using shielded cables, using line filters, or shielding the work area.

1-6. Principal Safety Standards

Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, ANSI Standard Z49.1, from American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami FL 33126 (phone: 305-443-9353, website: www.aws.org).

Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping, American Welding Society Standard AWS F4.1, from American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami, FL 33126 (phone: 305-443-9353, website: www.aws.org).

National Electrical Code, NFPA Standard 70, from National Fire Protection Association, P.O. Box 9101, 1 Battery March Park, Quincy, MA 02269-9101 (phone: 617-770-3000, website: www.nfpa.org and www.sparky.org).

Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders, CGA Pamphlet P-1, from Compressed Gas Association, 1735 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1004, Arlington, VA 22202-4102 (phone: 703-412-0900, website: www.cganet.com).

Code for Safety in Welding and Cutting, CSA Standard W117.2, from Canadian Standards Association, Standards Sales, 178 Rexdale Boulevard, Rexdale, Ontario, Canada M9W 1R3 (phone: 800-463-6727 or in Toronto 416-747-4044, website: www.csa-international.org).

Practice For Occupational And Educational Eye And Face Protection, ANSI Standard Z87.1, from American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036–8002 (phone: 212-642-4900, website: www.ansi.org).

Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work, NFPA Standard 51B, from National Fire Protection Association, P.O. Box 9101, 1 Battery March Park, Quincy, MA 02269-9101 (phone: 617-770-3000, website: www.nfpa.org and www. sparky.org).

OSHA, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry, Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1910, Subpart Q, and Part 1926, Subpart J, from U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250 (there are 10 Regional Offices—phone for Region 5, Chicago, is 312-353-2220, website: www.osha.gov).

1-7. EMF Information

Considerations About Welding And The Effects Of Low Frequency Electric And Magnetic Fields

Welding current, as it flows through welding cables, will cause electromagnetic fields. There has been and still is some concern about such fields. However, after examining more than 500 studies spanning 17 years of research, a special blue ribbon committee of the National Research Council concluded that: "The body of evidence, in the committee's judgment, has not demonstrated that exposure to power-frequency electric and magnetic fields is a human-health hazard." However, studies are still going forth and evidence continues to be examined. Until the final conclusions of the research are reached, you may wish to minimize your exposure to electromagnetic fields when welding or cutting.

To reduce magnetic fields in the workplace, use the following procedures:

1. Keep cables close together by twisting or taping them.
2. Arrange cables to one side and away from the operator.
3. Do not coil or drape cables around your body.
4. Keep welding power source and cables as far away from operator as practical.
5. Connect work clamp to workpiece as close to the weld as possible.

About Pacemakers:

Pacemaker wearers consult your doctor first. If cleared by your doctor, then following the above procedures is recommended.

SECTION 1 – CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ – LIRE AVANT UTILISATION

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▲ Avertissement: Protégez vous et les autres des blessures – lisez et suivez ces précautions.

1-1. Signification des symboles

Signifie Mise en garde ! Soyez vigilant ! Cette procédure présente des risques de danger ! Ceux-ci sont identifiés par des symboles adjacents aux directives.

▲ Identifie un message de sécurité particulier.

☞ *Signifie NOTA ; n'est pas relatif à la sécurité.*

Ce groupe de symboles signifie Mise en garde ! Soyez vigilant ! Il y a des risques de danger reliés aux CHOCS ÉLECTRIQUES, aux PIÈCES EN MOUVEMENT et aux PIÈCES CHAUDES. Reportez-vous aux symboles et aux directives ci-dessous afin de connaître les mesures à prendre pour éviter tout danger.

1-2. Dangers relatifs au soudage à l'arc

▲ Les symboles présentés ci-après sont utilisés tout au long du présent manuel pour attirer votre attention et identifier les risques de danger. Lorsque vous voyez un symbole, soyez vigilant et suivez les directives mentionnées afin d'éviter tout danger. Les consignes de sécurité présentées ci-après ne font que résumer l'information contenue dans les normes de sécurité énumérées à la section 1-5. Veuillez lire et respecter toutes ces normes de sécurité.

▲ L'installation, l'utilisation, l'entretien et les réparations ne doivent être confiés qu'à des personnes qualifiées.

▲ Au cours de l'utilisation, tenir toute personne à l'écart et plus particulièrement les enfants.

UN CHOC ÉLECTRIQUE peut tuer.

Un simple contact avec des pièces électriques peut provoquer une électrocution ou des blessures graves. L'électrode et le circuit de soudage sont sous tension dès que l'appareil est sur ON. Le circuit d'entrée et les circuits internes de l'appareil sont également sous tension à ce moment-là. En soudage semi-automatique ou automatique, le fil, le dévidoir, le logement des galets d'entraînement et les pièces métalliques en contact avec le fil de soudage sont sous tension. Des matériels mal installés ou mal mis à la terre présentent un danger.

- Ne jamais toucher les pièces électriques sous tension.
- Porter des gants et des vêtements de protection secs ne comportant pas de trous.
- S'isoler de la pièce et de la terre au moyen de tapis ou d'autres moyens isolants suffisamment grands pour empêcher le contact physique éventuel avec la pièce ou la terre.
- Ne pas se servir de source électrique àcourant électrique dans les zones humides, dans les endroits confinés ou là où on risque de tomber.
- Se servir d'une source électrique àcourant électrique UNIQUEMENT si le procédé de soudage le demande.
- Si l'utilisation d'une source électrique àcourant électrique s'avère nécessaire, se servir de la fonction de télécommande si l'appareil en est équipé.
- Des précautions de sécurité supplémentaires sont requises dans des environnements à risque comme: les endroits humides ou lorsque l'on porte des vêtements mouillés; sur des structures métalliques au sol, grillages et échafaudages; dans des positions assises, à genoux et allongées; ou quand il y a un risque important de contact accidentel avec la pièce ou le sol. Dans ces cas utiliser les appareils suivants dans l'ordre de préférence: 1) un poste à souder DC semi–automatique de type CV (MIG/MAG), 2) un poste à souder manuel (électrode enrobée) DC, 3) un poste à souder manuel AC avec tension à vide réduite. Dans la plupart des cas, un poste courant continu de type CV est recommandé. Et, ne pas travailler seul!
- Couper l'alimentation ou arrêter le moteur avant de procéder à l'installation, à la réparation ou à l'entretien de l'appareil. Déverrouiller l'alimentation selon la norme OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 (voir normes de sécurité).
- Installer et mettre à la terre correctement cet appareil conformément à son manuel d'utilisation et aux codes nationaux, provinciaux et municipaux.
- Toujours vérifier la terre du cordon d'alimentation – Vérifier et s'assurer que le fil de terre du cordon d'alimentation est bien raccordé à la borne de terre du sectionneur ou que la fiche du cordon est raccordée à une prise correctement mise à la terre.
- En effectuant les raccordements d'entrée fixer d'abord le conducteur de mise à la terre approprié et contre-vérifier les connexions.
- Vérifier fréquemment le cordon d'alimentation pour voir s'il n'est pas endommagé ou dénudé – remplacer le cordon immédiatement s'il est endommagé – un câble dénudé peut provoquer une électrocution.
- Mettre l'appareil hors tension quand on ne l'utilise pas.
- Ne pas utiliser des câbles usés, endommagés, de grosseur insuffisante ou mal épissés.
- Ne pas enrouler les câbles autour du corps.
- Si la pièce soudée doit être mise à la terre, le faire directement avec un câble distinct – ne pas utiliser le connecteur de pièce ou le câble de retour.
- Ne pas toucher l'électrode quand on est en contact avec la pièce, la terre ou une électrode provenant d'une autre machine.
- N'utiliser qu'un matériel en bon état. Réparer ou remplacer sur-le-champ les pièces endommagées. Entretenir l'appareil conformément à ce manuel.
- Porter un harnais de sécurité quand on travaille en hauteur.
- Maintenir solidement en place tous les panneaux et capots.
- Fixer le câble de retour de façon à obtenir un bon contact métal-métal avec la pièce à souder ou la table de travail, le plus près possible de la soudure.
- Isoler la pince de masse quand pas mis à la pièce pour éviter le contact avec tout objet métallique.

Une tension DC importante subsiste à l'intérieur des onduleurs après avoir coupé l'alimentation.

- Couper l'alimentation du poste et décharger les condensateurs d'entrée comme indiqué dans la Section Maintenance avant de toucher des composants.

LES FUMÉES ET LES GAZ peuvent être dangereux.

Le soudage génère des fumées et des gaz. Leur inhalation peut être dangereux pour votre santé.

- Eloigner votre tête des fumées. Ne pas respirer les fumées.
- À l'interieur, ventiler la zone et/ou utiliser un échappement au niveau de l'arc pour l'évacuation des fumées et des gaz de soudage.
- Si la ventilation est insuffisante, utiliser un respirateur à alimentation d'air homologué.
- Lire les spécifications de sécurité des matériaux (MSDSs) et les instructions du fabricant concernant les métaux, les consommables, les revêtements, les nettoyants et les dégraisseurs.
- Travailler dans un espace fermé seulement s'il est bien ventilé ou en portant un respirateur à alimentation d'air. Demander toujours à un surveillant dûment formé de se tenir à proximité. Des fumées et des gaz de soudage peuvent déplacer l'air et abaisser le niveau d'oxygène provoquant des blessures ou des accidents mortels. S'assurer que l'air de respiration ne présente aucun danger.
- Ne pas souder dans des endroits situés à proximité d'opérations de dégraissage, de nettoyage ou de pulvérisation. La chaleur et les rayons de l'arc peuvent réagir en présence de vapeurs et former des gaz hautement toxiques et irritants.
- Ne pas souder des métaux munis d'un revêtement, tels que l'acier galvanisé, plaqué en plomb ou au cadmium à moins que le revêtement n'ait été enlevé dans la zone de soudure, que l'endroit soit bien ventilé, et si nécessaire, en portant un respirateur à alimentation d'air. Les revêtements et tous les métaux renfermant ces éléments peuvent dégager des fumées toxiques en cas de soudage.

LES ACCUMULATIONS DE GAZ risquent de provoquer des blessures ou même la mort.

- Fermer l'alimentation du gaz protecteur en cas de non utilisation.
- Veiller toujours à bien aérer les espaces confinés ou se servir d'un respirateur d'adduction d'air homologué.

LES RAYONS DE L'ARC peuvent provoquer des brûlures dans les yeux et sur la peau.

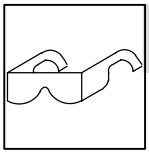
Le rayonnement de l'arc du procédé de soudage génère des rayons visibles et invisibles intenses (ultraviolets et infrarouges) susceptibles de provoquer des brûlures dans les yeux et sur la peau. Des étincelles sont projetées pendant le soudage.

- Porter un casque de soudage muni d'un écran de filtre approprié pour protéger votre visage et vos yeux pendant le soudage ou pour regarder (voir ANSI Z49.1 et Z87.1 énuméré dans les normes de sécurité).
- Porter des protections approuvés pour les oreilles si le niveau sondre est trop élevé.
- Utiliser des écrans ou des barrières pour protéger des tiers de l'éclair et de l'éblouissement; demander aux autres personnes de ne pas regarder l'arc.
- Porter des vêtements de protection constitué dans une matière durable, résistant au feu (laine ou cuir) et une protection des pieds.

LE SOUDAGE peut provoquer un incendie ou une explosion.

Le soudage effectué sur des conteneurs fermés tels que des réservoirs, tambours ou des conduites peut provoquer leur éclatement. Des étincelles peuvent être projetées de l'arc de soudure. La projection d'étincelles, des pièces chaudes et des équipements chauds peut provoquer des incendies et des brûlures. Le contact accidentel de l'électrode avec des objets métalliques peut provoquer des étincelles, une explosion, un surchauffement ou un incendie. Avant de commencer le soudage, vérifier et s'assurer que l'endroit ne présente pas de danger.

- Se protéger et d'autres personnes de la projection d'étincelles et de métal chaud.
- Ne pas souder dans un endroit là où des étincelles peuvent tomber sur des substances inflammables.
- Déplacer toutes les substances inflammables à une distance de 10,7 m de l'arc de soudage. En cas d'impossibilité les recouvrir soigneusement avec des protections homologués.
- Des étincelles et des matériaux chauds du soudage peuvent facilement passer dans d'autres zones en traversant de petites fissures et des ouvertures.
- Surveiller tout déclenchement d'incendie et tenir un extincteur à proximité.
- Le soudage effectué sur un plafond, plancher, paroi ou séparation peut déclencher un incendie de l'autre côté.
- Ne pas effectuer le soudage sur des conteneurs fermés tels que des réservoirs, tambours, ou conduites, à moins qu'ils n'aient été préparés correctement conformément à AWS F4.1 (voir les normes de sécurité).
- Brancher le câble sur la pièce le plus près possible de la zone de soudage pour éviter le transport du courant sur une longue distance par des chemins inconnus éventuels en provoquant des risques d'électrocution et d'incendie.
- Ne pas utiliser le poste de soudage pour dégeler des conduites gelées.
- En cas de non utilisation, enlever la baguette d'électrode du porte-électrode ou couper le fil à la pointe de contact.
- Porter des vêtements de protection dépourvus d'huile tels que des gants en cuir, une chemise en matériau lourd, des pantalons sans revers, des chaussures hautes et un couvre chef.
- Avant de souder, retirer toute substance combustible de vos poches telles qu'un allumeur au butane ou des allumettes.
- Suivre les recommandations dans OSHA 1910.252(a)(2)(iv) et NFPA 51B pour les travaux à chaud et avoir de la surveillance et un extincteur à proximité.



DES PARTICULES VOLANTES peuvent blesser les yeux.

- Le soudage, l'écaillement, le passage de la pièce à la brosse en fil de fer, et le meulage génèrent des étincelles et des particules métalliques volantes. Pendant la période de refroidissement des soudures, elles risquent de projeter du laitier.
- Porter des lunettes de sécurité avec écrans latéraux ou un écran facial.

DES PIÈCES CHAUDES peuvent provoquer des brûlures graves.

- Prévoir une période de refroidissement avant d'effectuer des travaux d'entretien.
- Porter des gants et des vêtements de protection pour travailler sur un moteur chaud.
- Ne pas toucher à mains nues les parties chaudes du moteur ni les pièces récemment soudées.

LE BRUIT peut affecter l'ouïe.

Le bruit des processus et des équipements peut affecter l'ouïe.

- Porter des protections approuvés pour les oreilles si le niveau sondre est trop élevé.

LES CHAMPS MAGNÉTIQUES peuvent affecter les stimulateurs cardiaques.

- Porteurs de stimulateur cardiaque, restez à distance.
- Les porteurs d'un stimulateur cardiaque doivent d'abord consulter leur médecin avant de s'approcher des opérations de soudage à l'arc, de gougeage ou de soudage par points.

Si des BOUTEILLES sont endommagées, elles pourront exploser.

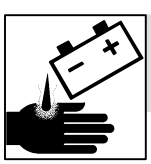
Des bouteilles de gaz protecteur contiennent du gaz sous haute pression. Si une bouteille est endommagée, elle peut exploser. Du fait que les bouteilles de gaz font normalement partie du procédé de soudage, les manipuler avec précaution.

- Protéger les bouteilles de gaz comprimé d'une chaleur excessive, des chocs mécaniques, du laitier, des flammes ouvertes, des étincelles et des arcs.
- Placer les bouteilles debout en les fixant dans un support stationnaire ou dans un porte-bouteilles pour les empêcher de tomber ou de se renverser.
- Tenir les bouteilles éloignées des circuits de soudage ou autres circuits électriques.
- Ne jamais placer une torche de soudage sur une bouteille à gaz.
- Une électrode de soudage ne doit jamais entrer en contact avec une bouteille.
- Ne jamais souder une bouteille pressurisée – risque d'explosion.
- Utiliser seulement des bouteilles de gaz protecteur, régulateurs, tuyaux et raccords convenables pour cette application spécifique; les maintenir ainsi que les éléments associés en bon état.
- Ne pas tenir la tête en face de la sortie en ouvrant la soupape de la bouteille.
- Maintenir le chapeau de protection sur la soupape, sauf en cas d'utilisation ou de branchement de la bouteille.
- Lire et suivre les instructions concernant les bouteilles de gaz comprimé, les équipements associés et les publication P-1 CGA énumérées dans les normes de sécurité.

1-3. Engine Hazards

LES ACCUMULATIONS DE GAZ risquent de provoquer des blessures ou même la mort.

- Fermer l'alimentation du gaz protecteur en cas de non utilisation.
- Veiller toujours à bien aérer les espaces confinés ou se servir d'un respirateur d'adduction d'air homologué.



L'ACIDE DE LA BATTERIE peut provoquer des brûlures dans les YEUX et sur la PEAU.

- Ne pas renverser la batterie.
- Remplacer une batterie endommagée.
- Rincer immédiatement les yeux et la peau à l'eau.

L'EXPLOSION DE LA BATTERIE peut RENDRE AVEUGLE.

- Toujours porter une protection faciale, des gants en caoutchouc et vêtements de protection lors d'une intervention sur la batterie.
- Arrêter le moteur avant de débrancher ou de brancher les câbles de batterie.
- Eviter de provoquer des étincelles avec les outils en travaillant sur la batterie.
- Ne pas utiliser le poste de soudage pour charger les batteries ou des véhicules de démarrage rapide.
- Observer la polarité correcte (+ et –) sur les batteries.
- Débrancher le câble négatif (–) en premier lieu. Le rebrancher en dernier lieu.

LE CARBURANT MOTEUR peut provoquer un incendie ou une explosion.

- Arrêter le moteur avant de vérifier le niveau de carburant ou de faire le plein.
- Ne pas faire le plein en fumant ou proche d'une source d'étincelles ou d'une flamme nue.
- Ne pas faire le plein de carburant à ras bord; prévoir de l'espace pour son expansion.
- Faire attention de ne pas renverser de carburant. Nettoyer tout carburant renversé avant de faire démarrer le moteur.
- Jeter les chiffons dans un récipient ignifuge.

DES ORGANES MOBILES peuvent provoquer des blessures.

- Ne pas approcher les mains des ventilateurs, courroies et autres pièces en mouvement.
- Maintenir fermés et fixement en place les portes, panneaux, recouvrements et dispositifs de protection.
- Arrêter le moteur avant d'installer ou brancher l'appareil.
- Demander seulement à un personnel qualifié d'enlever les dispositifs de sécurité ou les recouvrements pour effectuer, s'il y a lieu, des travaux d'entretien et de dépannage.
- Pour empêcher tout démarrage accidentel pendant les travaux d'entretien, débrancher le câble négatif (–) de batterie de la borne.
- Ne pas approcher les mains, cheveux, vêtements lâches et outils des organes mobiles.
- Remettre en place les panneaux ou les dipositifs de protection et fermer les portes à la fin des travaux d'entretien et avant de faire démarrer le moteur.
- Avant d'intervenir, déposer les bougies ou injecteurs pour éviter la mise en route accidentelle du moteur.
- Bloquer le volant moteur pour éviter sa rotation lors d'une intervention sur le générateur.

LA VAPEUR ET LE LIQUIDE DE REFROIDISSEMENT CHAUD peuvent provoquer des brûlures.

- Il est préférable de vérifier le liquide de refroidissement une fois le moteur refroidi pour éviter de se brûler.
- Toujours vérifier le niveau de liquide de refroidissement dans le vase d'expansion (si présent), et non dans le radiateur (sauf si précisé autrement dans la section maintenance du manuel du moteur).
- Si le moteur est chaud et que le liquide doit être vérifié, opérer comme suivant :
- Mettre des lunettes de sécurité et des gants, placer un torchon sur le bouchon du radiateur.
- Dévisser le bouchon légèrement et laisser la vapeur s'échapper avant d'enlever le bouchon.

LA CHALEUR DU MOTEUR peut provoquer un incendie.

- Ne pas placer l'appareil sur, au-dessus ou à proximité de surfaces inflammables.
- Tenir à distance les produits inflammables de l'échappement.

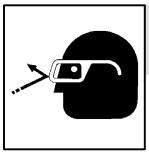
LES ÉTINCELLES À L'ÉCHAPPEMENT peuvent provoquer un incendie.

- Empêcher les étincelles d'échappement du moteur de provoquer un incendie.
- Utiliser uniquement un pare-étincelles approuvé – voir codes en vigueur.

1-4. Dangers liés à l'air comprimé

RESPIRER L'AIR COMPRIMÉ peut provoquer des blessures graves ou causer la mort.

- Ne pas utiliser l'air comprimé pour respirer.
- Utiliser l'air comprimé seulement pour le coupage, gougeage et les outils pneumatiques.



L'AIR COMPRIMÉ peut provoquer des blessures.

- Porter des lunettes de sécurité approuvées.
- Ne pas diriger le jet d'air vers d'autres ou soi–même.

L'AIR COMPRIME EMMAGASINE ET DES TUYAUX SOUS PRESSION peuvent provoquer des blessures.

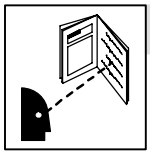
- Relâcher la pression d'air de l'outillage ou du système avant d'effectuer la maintenance, avant de changer ou de rajouter des éléments ou avant d'ouvrir la purge ou le bouchon de remplissage d'huile.

Le METAL CHAUD lors du coupage et gougeage plasma peut provoquer un incendie ou une explosion.

- Ne pas couper ou gouger à proximité de produits inflammables.
- Surveillez et garder un extincteur à proximité.

DES PIECES CHAUDES peuvent provoquer des brûlures et blessures.

- Ne pas toucher le compresseur ou d'autres éléments du circuit air comprimé chauds.
- Laisser l'ensemble se refroidir avant de toucher ou d'effectuer la maintenance.



LIRE LES INSTRUCTIONS.

- Lisez le manuel d'instructions avant l'utilisation ou la maintenance de l'appareil.
- Arrêter le moteur et relâcher la pression avant d'effectuer la maintenance.

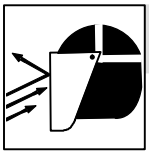
1-5. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance

LA CHUTE DE L'APPAREIL peut blesser.

- Utiliser l'anneau de levage uniquement pour soulever l'appareil lui-même ; sans chariot, de bouteilles de gaz, remorque, ou autres accessoires.
- Utiliser un équipement de levage de capacité suffisante pour lever l'appareil.
- En utilisant des fourches de levage pour déplacer l'unité, s'assurer que les fourches sont suffisamment longues pour dépasser du côté opposé de l'appareil.

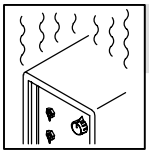
LE SURCHAUFFEMENT peut endommager le moteur électrique.

- Arrêter ou déconnecter l'équipement avant de démarrer ou d'arrêter le moteur.
- Ne pas laisser tourner le moteur trop lentement sous risque d'endommager le moteur électrique à cause d'une tension et d'une fréquence trop faibles.
- Ne pas brancher de moteur de 50 ou de 60 Hz à la prise de 100 Hz, s'il y a lieu.



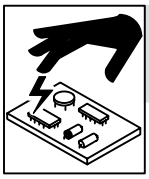
LES ÉTINCELLES VOLANTES risquent de provoquer des blessures.

- Porter un écran facial pour protéger le visage et les yeux.
- Affuterr l'électrode au tungstène uniquement à la meuleuse dotée de protecteurs. Cette manoeuvre est à exécuter dans un endroit sûr lorsque l'on porte l'équipement homologué de protection du visage, des mains et du corps.
- Les étincelles risquent de causer un incendie – éloigner toute substance inflammable.



L'EMPLOI EXCESSIF peut SURCHAUFFER L'ÉQUIPEMENT.

- Laisser l'équipement refroidir ; respecter le facteur de marche nominal.
- Réduire le courant ou le facteur de marche avant de poursuivre le soudage.
- Ne pas obstruer les passages d'air du poste.

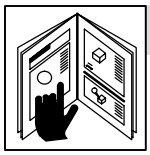


LES CHARGES ÉLECTROSTATIQUES peuvent endommager les circuits imprimés.

- Établir la connexion avec la barrette de terre avant de manipuler des cartes ou des pièces.
- Utiliser des pochettes et des boîtes antistatiques pour stocker, déplacer ou expédier des cartes de circuits imprimes.

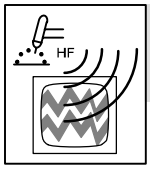
UNE REMORQUE QUI BASCULE peut entraîner des blessures.

- Utiliser les supports de la remorque ou des blocs pour soutenir le poids.
- Installer convenablement le poste sur la remorque comme indiqué dans le manuel s'y rapportant.



LIRE LES INSTRUCTIONS.

- Utiliser seulement les pièces de rechange d'origine.
- Effectuer la maintenance du moteur et du compresseur (si applicable) suivant ce manuel et le manuel du moteur/compresseur (si applicable).



LE RAYONNEMENT HAUTE FRÉQUENCE (H.F.) risque de provoquer des interférences.

- Le rayonnement haute fréquence (H.F.) peut provoquer des interférences avec les équipements de radio–navigation et de communication, les services de sécurité et les ordinateurs.
- Demander seulement à des personnes qualifiées familiarisées avec des équipements électroniques de faire fonctionner l'installation.
- L'utilisateur est tenu de faire corriger rapidement par un électricien qualifié les interférences résultant de l'installation.
- Si le FCC signale des interférences, arrêter immédiatement l'appareil.
- Effectuer régulièrement le contrôle et l'entretien de l'installation.
- Maintenir soigneusement fermés les portes et les panneaux des sources de haute fréquence, maintenir les éclateurs à une distance correcte et utiliser une terre et et un blindage pour réduire les interférences éventuelles.

LE SOUDAGE À L'ARC risque de provoquer des interférences.

- L'énergie électromagnétique risque de provoquer des interférences pour l'équipement électronique sensible tel que les ordinateurs et l'équipement commandé par ordinateur tel que les robots.
- Veiller à ce que tout l'équipement de la zone de soudage soit compatible électromagnétiquement.
- Pour réduire la possibilité d'interférence, maintenir les câbles de soudage aussi courts que possible, les grouper, et les poser aussi bas que possible (ex. par terre).
- Veiller à souder à une distance de 100 mètres de tout équipement électronique sensible.
- Veiller à ce que ce poste de soudage soit posé et mis à la terre conformément à ce mode d'emploi.
- En cas d'interférences après avoir pris les mesures précédentes, il incombe à l'utilisateur de prendre des mesures supplémentaires telles que le déplacement du poste, l'utilisation de câbles blindés, l'utilisation de filtres de ligne ou la pose de protecteurs dans la zone de travail.

1-6. Principales normes de sécurité

Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, norme ANSI Z49.1, de l'American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami FL 33126 (téléphone : (305) 443–9353, site Web : www.aws.org).
Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping, norme American Welding Society AWS F4.1, de l'American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami, FL 33126 (téléphone : (305) 443–9353, site Web : www.aws.org).
National Electrical Code, norme NFPA 70, de la National Fire Protection Association, P.O. Box 9101, 1 Battery March Park, Quincy, MA 02269–9101 (téléphone : (617) 770–3000, sites Web : www.nfpa.org et www.sparky.org).
Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders, brochure CGA P–1, de la Compressed Gas Association, 1735 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1004, Arlington, VA 22202–4102 (téléphone : (703) 412–0900, site Web : www.cganet.com).
Code for Safety in Welding and Cutting, norme CSA W117.2, de la Canadian Standards Association, Standards Sales, 178 boulevard Rexdale, Rexdale (Ontario) Canada M9W 1R3 (téléphone : (800) 463–6727 ou à Toronto : (416) 747–4044, site Web : www.csa–international.org).
Practice For Occupational And Educational Eye And Face Protection, norme ANSI Z87.1, de l'American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036–8002 (téléphone : (212) 642–4900, site Web : www.ansi.org).
Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work, norme NFPA 51B, de la National Fire Protection Association, P.O. Box 9101, 1 Battery March Park, Quincy, MA 02269–9101 (téléphone : (617) 770–3000, site Web : www.nfpa.org et www.sparky.org).
OSHA, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry, Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1910, Subpart Q, and Part 1926, Subpart J, de l'U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250 (il y a 10 bureaux régionaux – Téléphone pour la Région 5, Chicago : (312) 353–2220, site Web : www.osha.gov).

1-7. Information sur les champs électromagnétiques

Données sur le soudage électrique et les effets des champs magnétiques basse fréquence sur l'organisme
En parcourant les câbles de soudage, le courant crée des champs électromagnétiques. Les effets potentiels de tels champs restent préoccupants. Cependant, après avoir examiné plus de 500 études qui ont été faites pendant une période de recherche de 17 ans, un comité de spécialistes du National Research Council a conclu : « L'accumulation de preuves n'a pas démontré que l'exposition aux champs magnétiques et aux champs électriques à haute fréquence constitue un risque pour la santé humaine ». Toutefois, les études et l'examen des preuves se poursuivent. En attendant les conclusions finales de la recherche, il serait souhaitable de réduire l'exposition aux champs électromagnétiques pendant le soudage ou le coupage.

Afin de réduire les champs électromagnétiques en milieu de travail, respecter les consignes suivantes :
1. Garder les câbles ensemble en les torsadant ou en les fixant avec du ruban adhésif.
2. Mettre tous les câbles du côté opposé à l'opérateur.
3. Ne pas s'enrouler les câbles autour du corps.
4. Garder le poste de soudage et les câbles le plus loin possible de soi.
5. Placer la pince de masse le plus près possible de la zone de soudage.

Consignes relatives aux stimulateurs cardiaques :
Les personnes qui portent un stimulateur cardiaque doivent avant tout consulter leur médecin. Si ce dernier les déclare aptes, il leur est recommandé de respecter les consignes ci-dessus.

SECTION 2 – DEFINITIONS

2-1. Warning Label Definitions (For Wordless Labels)

Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

Become trained and read the instructions before working on the machine or welding.

1 Electric shock from welding electrode or wiring can kill.

1.1 Wear dry insulating gloves. Do not touch electrode with bare hand. Do not wear wet or damaged gloves.

1.2 Protect yourself from electric shock by insulating yourself from work and ground.

1.3 Do not work on unit if engine is running. Stop engine first.

2 Breathing welding fumes can be hazardous to your health.

2.1 Keep your head out of the fumes.

2.2 Use forced ventilation or local exhaust to remove the fumes.

2.3 Use ventilating fan to remove fumes.

3 Welding sparks can cause explosion or fire.

3.1 Keep flammables away from welding. Do not weld near flammables.

3.2 Welding sparks can cause fires. Have a fire extinguisher nearby, and have a watchperson ready to use it.

3.3 Do not weld on drums or any closed containers.

4 Arc rays can burn eyes and injure skin.

4.1 Wear hat and safety glasses. Use ear protection and button shirt collar. Use welding helmet with correct shade of filter. Wear complete body protection.

5 Do not remove or paint over (cover) the label.

6 Engine fuel plus flames or sparks can cause fire.

6.1 Do not smoke while fueling or if near fuel.

6.2 Stop engine before fueling.

6.3 Do not fuel a hot engine.

7 Engine exhaust gases can kill.

7.1 Vent exhaust outside.

7.2 Use unit outside.

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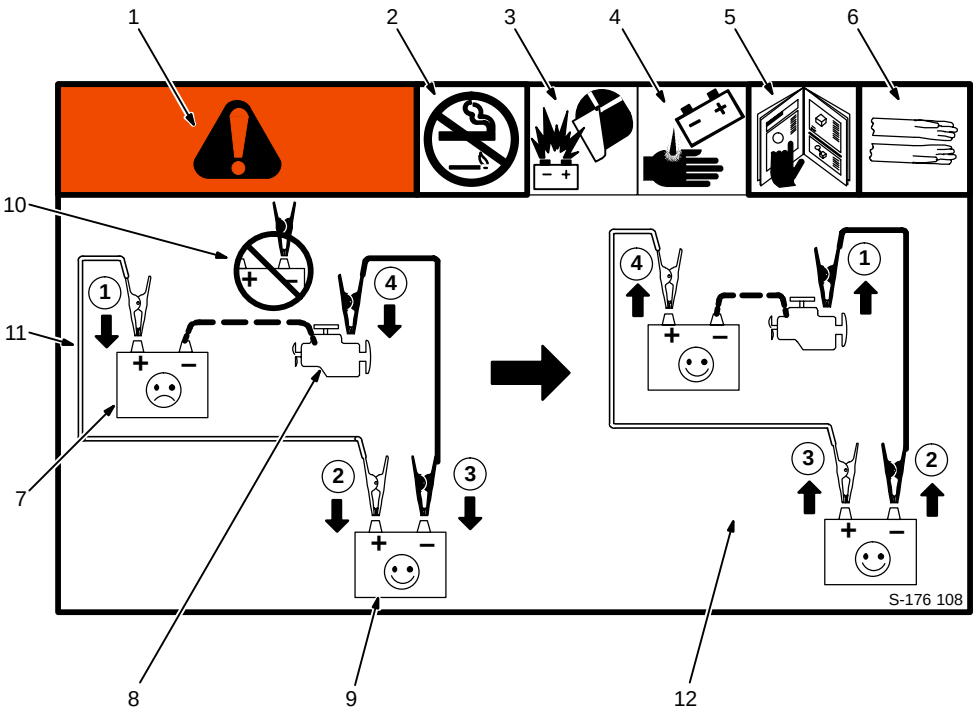


1 Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

2 Do not smoke and keep matches and flames away from battery.

3 Sparks can cause battery gases to explode. Battery explosion can blind and injure. Wear a face shield.

4 Battery acid can burn skin. Do not spill acid.

5 Read Owner's Manual.

6 Wear rubber gloves.

7 Dead battery

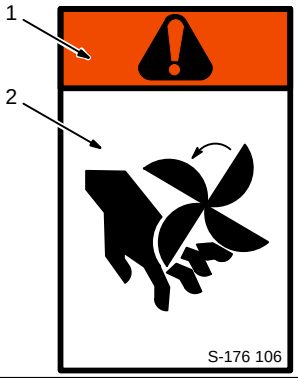
8 Engine block

9 Fully charged battery

10 Do not connect last negative cable to dead battery – connect instead to engine block.

11 Jumper cables – observe polarity and make connections in numbered sequence shown.

12 Once dead battery is charged, disconnect cables in sequence shown.



1 Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

2 Moving parts, such as fans, rotors, and belts, can cut fingers and hands and cause injury. Keep away from moving parts.

3/96

Starting Aid Switch. Below 32°F (0°C), push switch up for 60 seconds before starting engine.

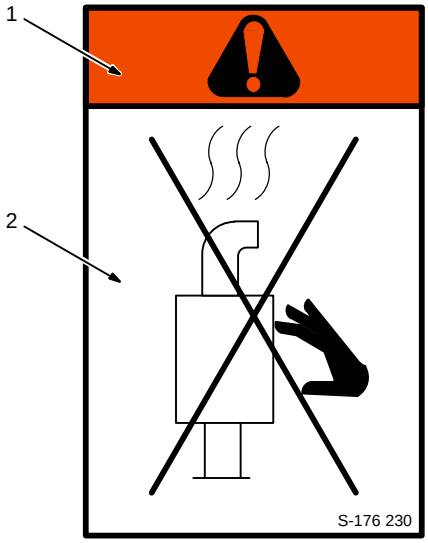
Starting Instructions:

1 Press and hold Magnetic Shutdown switch.

2 Turn Engine Control switch to Start position.

3 Release Engine Control switch and Starting Aid switch (if used) when engine starts.

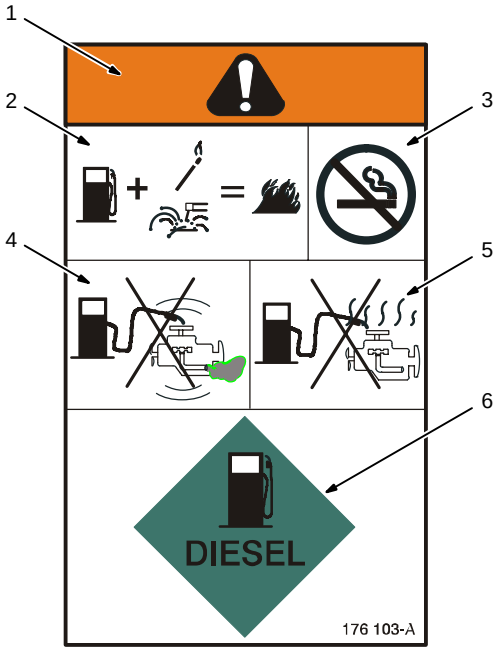
4 Continue holding Magnetic Shutdown switch for 3 seconds after engine starts.



1 Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

2 Hot muffler and exhaust pipes can cause severe burns. Do not touch hot muffler or pipes.

3/96



1 Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

2 Engine fuel plus flames or sparks can cause fire.

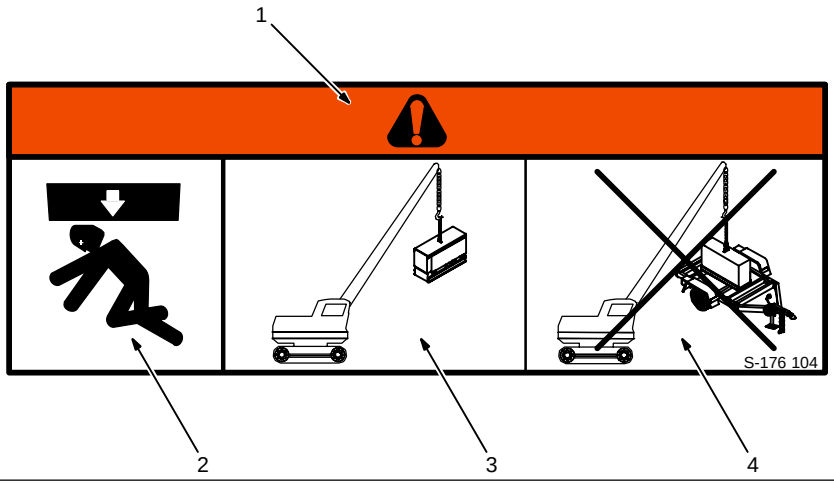
3 Do not smoke while fueling or if near fuel.

4 Stop engine before fueling.

5 Do not fuel a hot engine.

6 Use Diesel Fuel only.

3/96



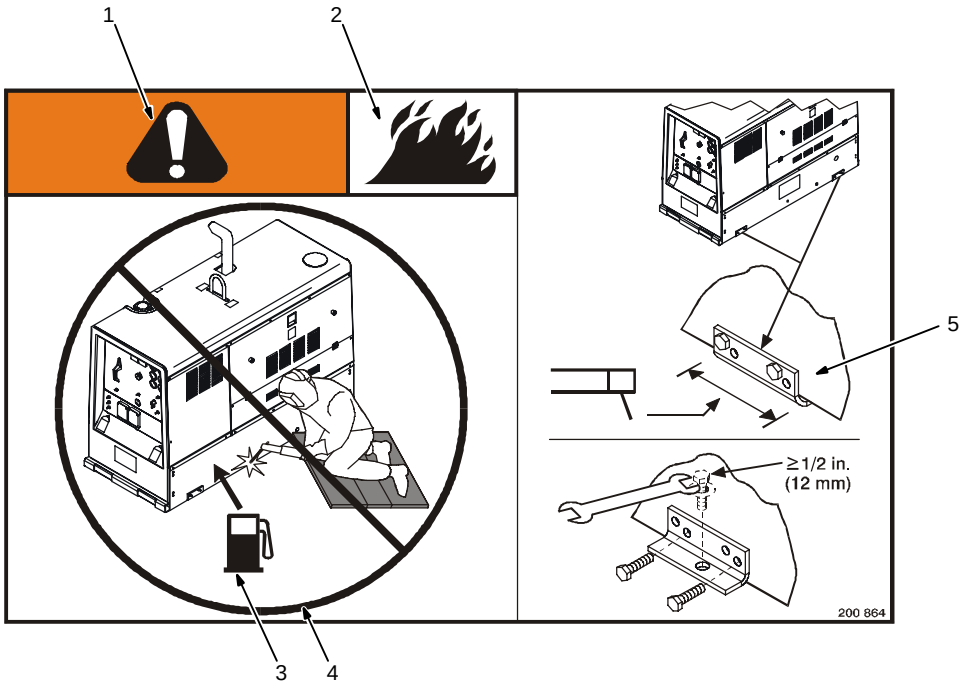
1 Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

2 Falling equipment can cause serious injury and damage.

3 Use lifting eye to lift or move unit only. Use proper equipment when lifting.

4 Do not use lifting eye to lift and support unit and trailer or other heavy devices or accessories.

3/96



1 Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

2 Fire hazard from leaking engine fuel. Fire can result from welding on base at non-designated areas causing a possible fuel leak.

3 Fuel tank is located inside base.

4 Do not weld on base of unit.

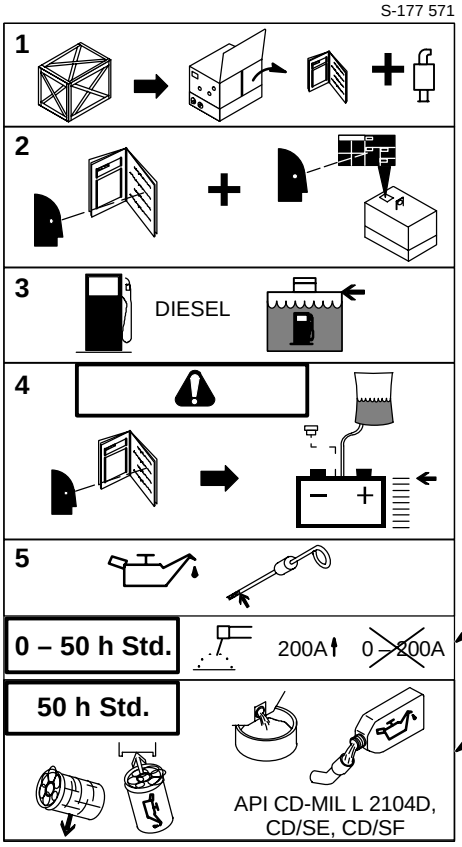
5 Weld only on supplied brackets or bolt unit down.

1 Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols.

2 Electric shock from wiring can kill.

3 Moving parts, such as fans, rotors, and belts, can cut fingers and hands and cause injury. Keep away from moving parts.

S-177 571



1 Remove unit from shipping crate. Remove Owner's Manual from unit. Follow instructions to install muffler.

2 Read Owner's Manual. Read labels on unit.

3 Use Diesel Fuel only, and fill fuel tank. Leave room for expansion.

4 Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards as shown by the symbols. Read Owner's Manual. Follow instructions to activate battery.

5 Check oil level. Add oil if necessary.

6 During the first 50 hours of operation, keep welding load above 200 amperes. Do not weld below 200 amperes of output.

7 After the first 50 hours of operation, change the oil and oil filter.

3/96

2-2. Manufacturer's Rating Labels For Non-CE Products

CC Models

ISO / IEC 60974-1

	⎓	55A/22V	to		500A/40V
		X		60%	100%
	U_0 = 92V	I_2		500A	400A
		U_2		40V	36V
	⎓	55A/12V	to		530A/31V
		X	40%	60%	100%
	U_0 = 92V	I_2	530A	500A	400A
		U_2	31V	30V	26V

	n = 1800 min^{-1}		
	n_0 = 1850 min^{-1}	n_1 = 1235 min^{-1}	
IP 23			

1~ 60 Hz	120/240V	4kVA	20/15A

200 784

CC/CV Models

ISO / IEC 60974-1

	⎓	45A/22V	to		500A/40V
		X		60%	100%
	U_0 = 91V	I_2		500A	400A
		U_2		40V	36V
	⎓	20A/11V	to		300A/22V
		X			100%
	U_0 = 48V	I_2			300A
		U_2			22V
	⎓	20A/15V	to		530A/41V
		X	40%	60%	100%
	U_0 = 56V	I_2	530A	500A	400A
		U_2	41V	39V	34V

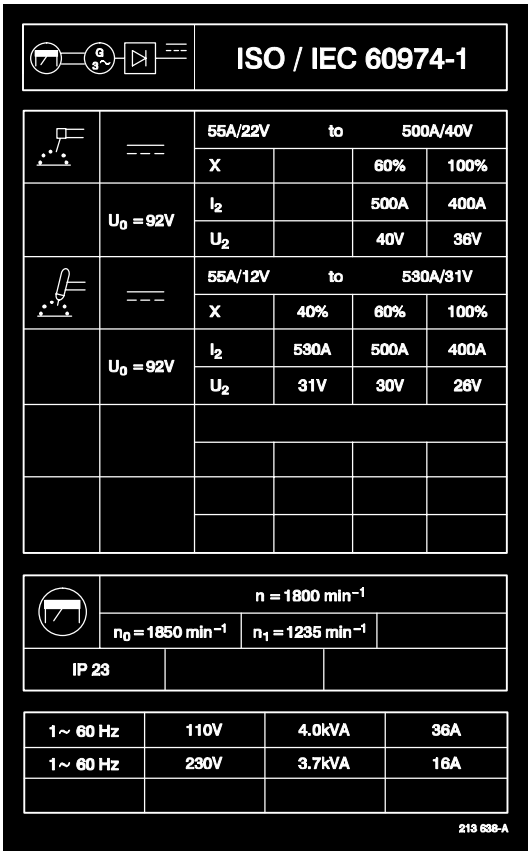
	n = 1800 min^{-1}		
	n_0 = 1850 min^{-1}	n_1 = 1235 min^{-1}	
IP 23			

1~ 60 Hz	120/240V	4kVA	20/15A

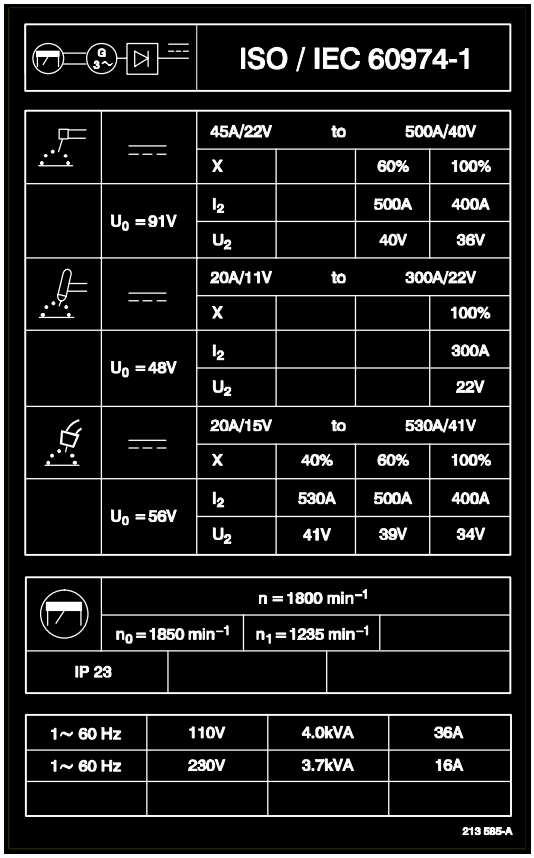
200 783

2-3. Manufacturer's Rating Labels For CE Products

CC Models



CC/CV Models



Notes

MATERIAL THICKNESS REFERENCE CHART

24 Gauge (.025 in)

22 Gauge (.031 in)

20 Gauge (.037 in)

18 Gauge (.050 in)

16 Gauge (.063 in)

14 Gauge (.078 in)

1/8 in (.125 in)

3/16 in (.188 in)

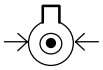
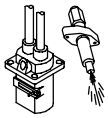
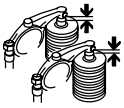
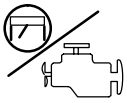
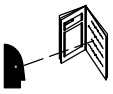
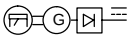
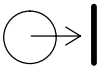
1/4 in (.25 in)

5/16 in (.313 in)

3/8 in (.375 in)

1/2 in (.5 in)

2-4. Symbols And Definitions

	Stop Engine		Fast (Run, Weld/ Power)		Slow (Idle)		Start Engine
	Starting Aid		Battery (Engine)		Engine Oil Pressure		Engine Oil
	Check Injectors/ Pump		Check Valve Clearance		Fuel		Protective Earth (Ground)
+	Positive	—	Negative		Certified/Trained Mechanic		Welding Arc
A	Amperes	**V**	Volts		Panel/Local		Remote
	Engine		Air Temperature Or Engine Temperature		Output		Alternating Current
	Stick (SMAW) Welding		Constant Current (CC)		MIG (GMAW) Welding		TIG (GTAW)
	Time	**h**	Hours	**s**	Seconds	**1**	Single Phase
3	Three Phase		Read Operator's Manual		Circuit Breaker		Do Not Switch While Welding
	Electrode Connection		Work Connection		Engine-Driven, Three-Phase Alternator With Rectifier	**Hz**	Hertz
X	Duty Cycle	U_0	Rated No Load Voltage (Average)	U_2	Conventional Load Voltage	**n**	Rated Load Speed
n_1	Rated Idle Speed	n_0	Rated No Load Speed	**I**	Current	I_2	Rated Welding Current
	Contactor On						

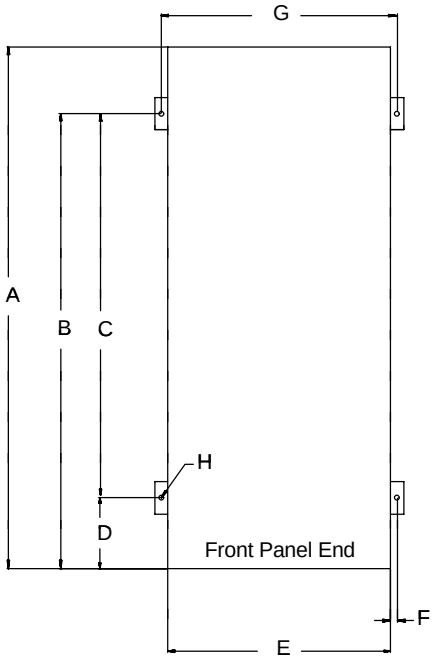
SECTION 3 – SPECIFICATIONS

3-1. Weld, Power, And Engine Specifications

Welding Mode	Weld Output Range	Rated Welding Output	Maximum Open-Circuit Voltage	Generator Power Rating	Engine	Fuel Capacity
CC/DC	55 – 600 A (CC Models) 20 – 600 A (CC/CV Models)	**Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units:** 400 A, 40 Volts DC, 100% Duty Cycle 500 A, 40 volts DC, 60% Duty Cycle 600 A, 30 Volts DC, 40% Duty Cycle **Deutz F3L912-Powered Units:** 500 A, 40 volts DC, 100% Duty Cycle 600 A, 30 Volts DC, 40% Duty Cycle	95	**Standard**: Single-Phase, 4 kVA/kW, 34/17 A, 120/240 V AC, 50/60 Hz **Three-Phase Generator Option:*** Single-Phase/Three-Phase, 12/20 kVA/kW, 50/48A, 120/240 VAC, 60 Hz *In Addition To Standard 4 kVA/kW Generator Power	DEUTZ Deutz F4L1011 Air/Oil-Cooled, Four Cylinder, 44 HP Diesel Engine or Deutz F3L912, Air-Cooled, Three Cylinder, 41.5 HP Diesel Engine	25 gal (95 L)
CV/DC (CC/CV Models Only)	14 – 40 V		56			

3-2. Dimensions, Weights, And Operating Angles

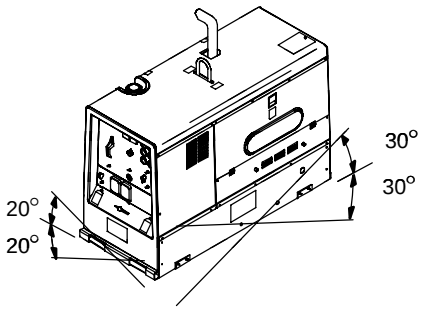
Dimensions	
Height	50 in (1270 mm) (to top of muffler)
Width	28-1/2 in (724 mm) (mtg. brackets turned in) 30-3/4 in (781 mm) (mtg. brackets turned out)
Depth	65-1/8 in (1654 mm)
A	65-1/8 in (1654 mm)
B*	56 in (1422 mm)
C*	46-1/2 in (1181)
D*	9-5/8 in (244 mm)
E	27-1/2 in (699 mm)
F	1 in (25 mm)
G	29-1/2 in (749 mm)
H	9/16 in (14 mm) Dia. 4 Holes
* With mounting brackets in center position. Dimensions vary with location of mounting brackets.	
Weight	
w/ Deutz F4L1011	No fuel: 1690 lb (767 kg) w/fuel: 1880 lb (853 kg)
w/ Deutz F3L912	No fuel: 1785 lb (810 kg) w/fuel: 1975 lb (896 kg)



802 161-A

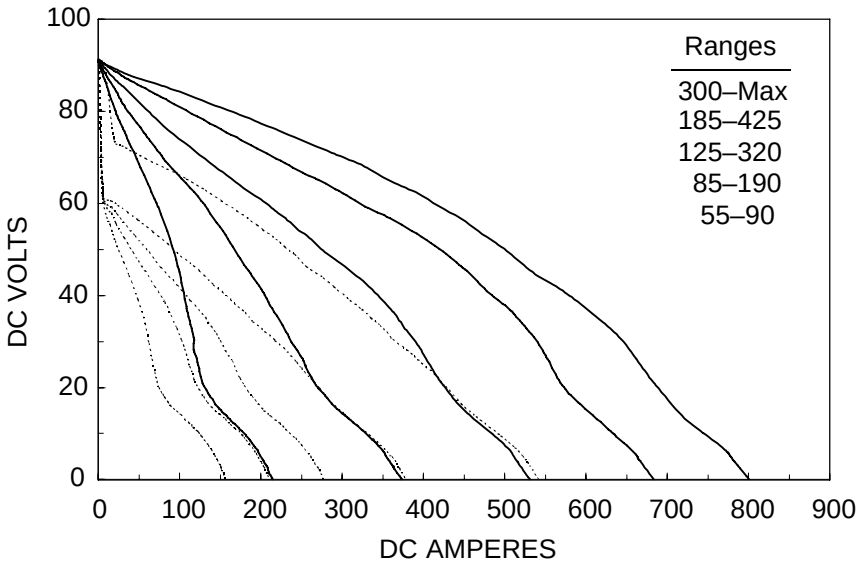
▲ **Do not exceed tilt angles or engine could be damaged or unit could tip.**

▲ **Do not move or operate unit where it could tip.**



802 311

3-3. Volt-Ampere Curves For CC Models



The volt-ampere curves show the minimum and maximum voltage and amperage output capabilities of the welding generator. Curves of all other settings fall between the curves shown.

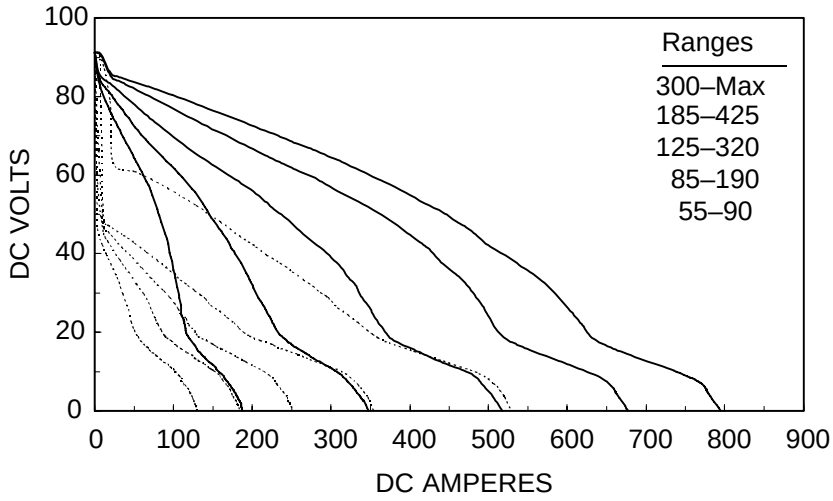
203 412

Notes

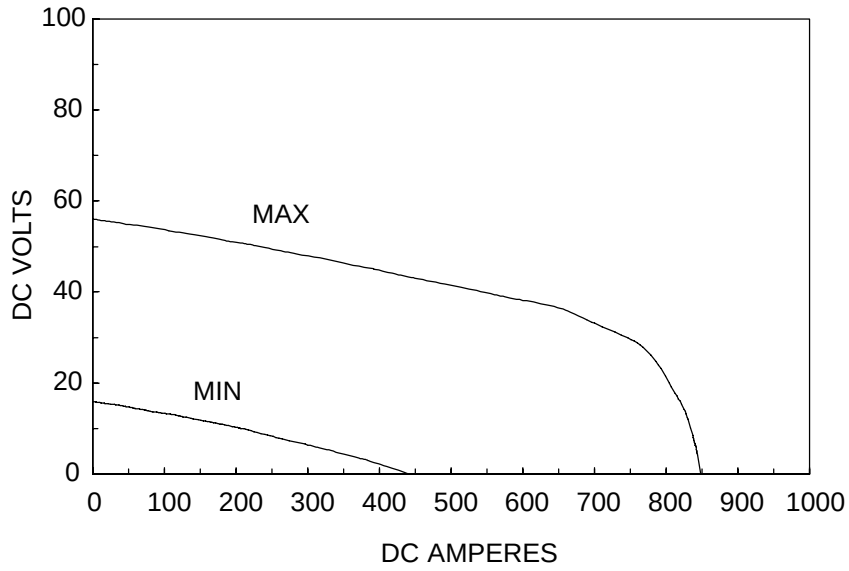
3-4. Volt-Ampere Curves For CC/CV Models

The volt-ampere curves show the minimum and maximum voltage and amperage output capabilities of the welding generator. Curves of all other settings fall between the curves shown.

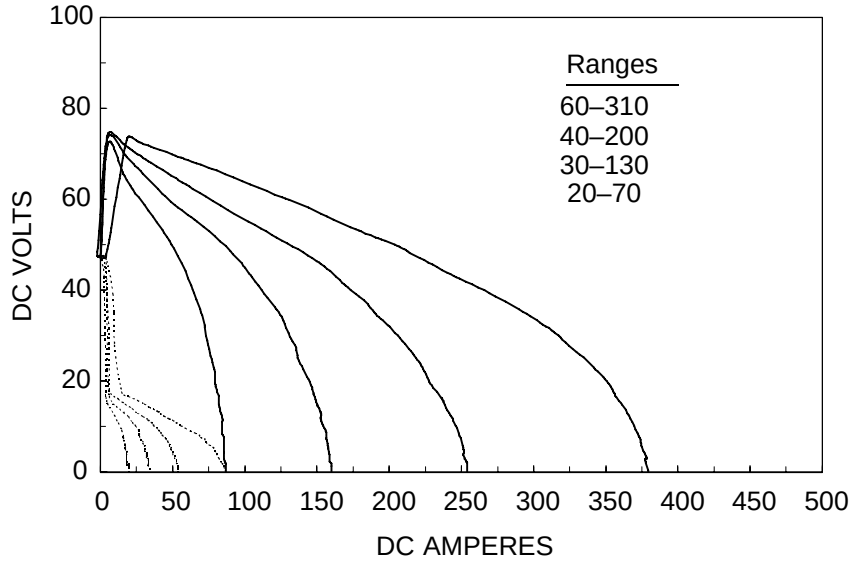
A. Stick Mode



B. MIG Mode



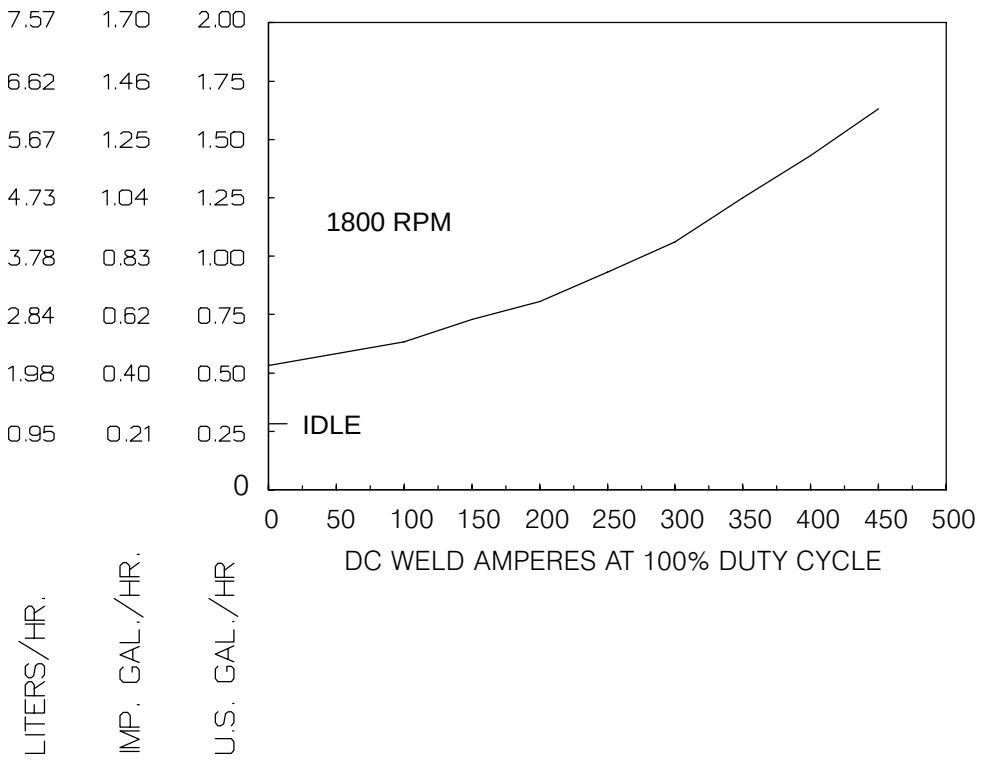
C. TIG Mode



203 414 / 203 415 / 203 413

3-5. Fuel Consumption

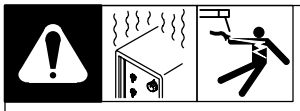
The curve shows typical fuel use under weld or power loads.



193 093

Notes

3-6. Duty Cycle And Overheating

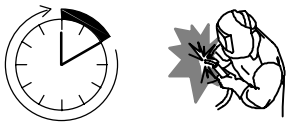


Duty Cycle is percentage of 10 minutes that unit can weld at rated load without overheating.

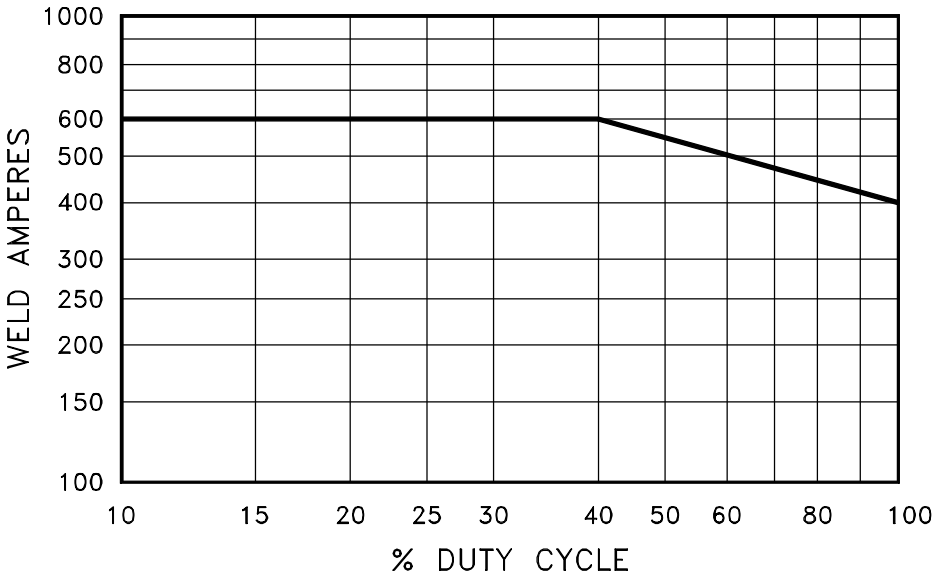
▲ **Exceeding duty cycle can damage unit and void warranty.**

A. Deutz F4L-1011-Powered Units

100% Duty Cycle At 400 Amperes

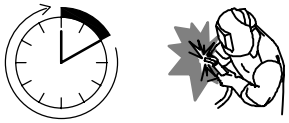


Continuous Welding

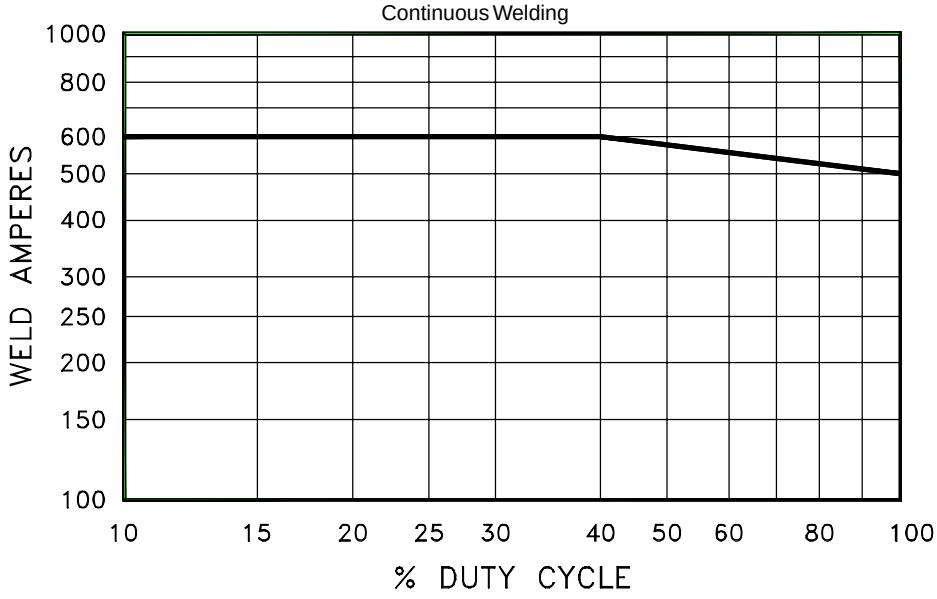


B. Deutz F3L912-Powered Units

100% Duty Cycle At 500 Amperes



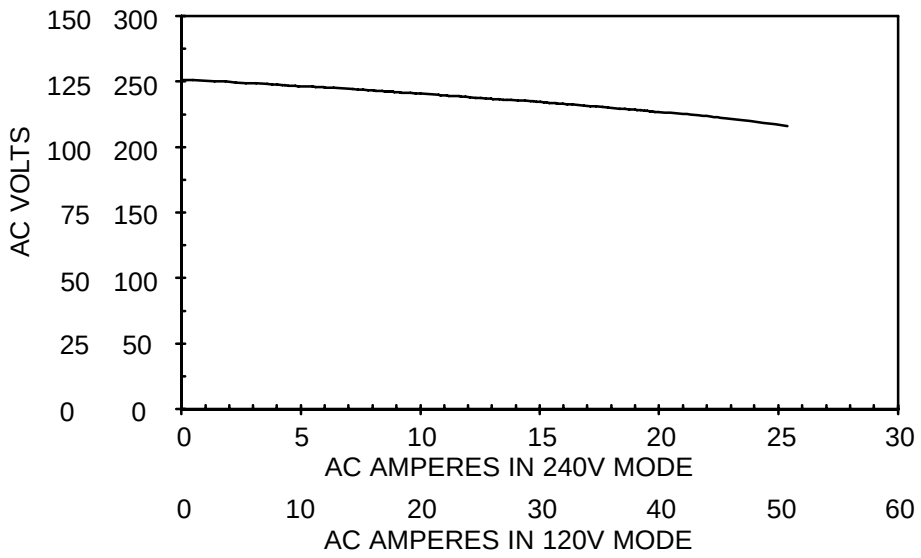
Continuous Welding



089 697-D / 202 356

3-7. AC Generator Power Curve

The ac power curve shows the generator power in amperes available at the 120 and 240 volt receptacles.



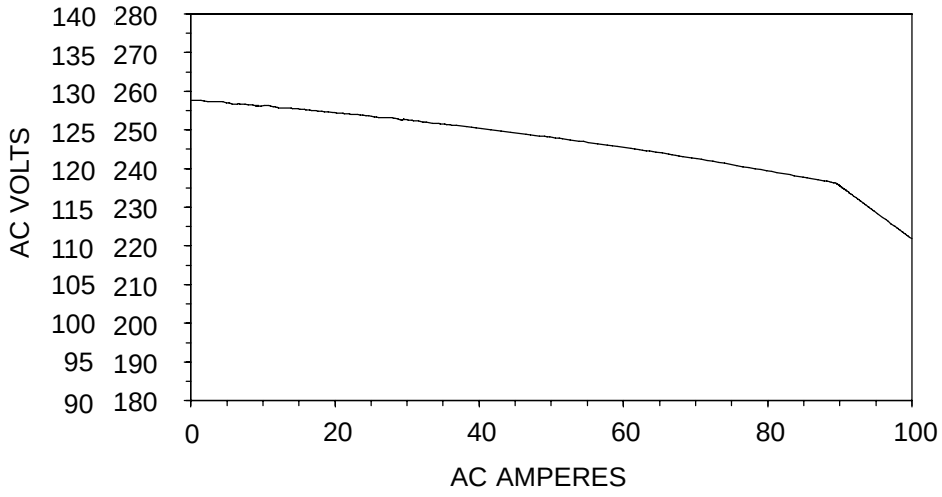
193 018

Notes

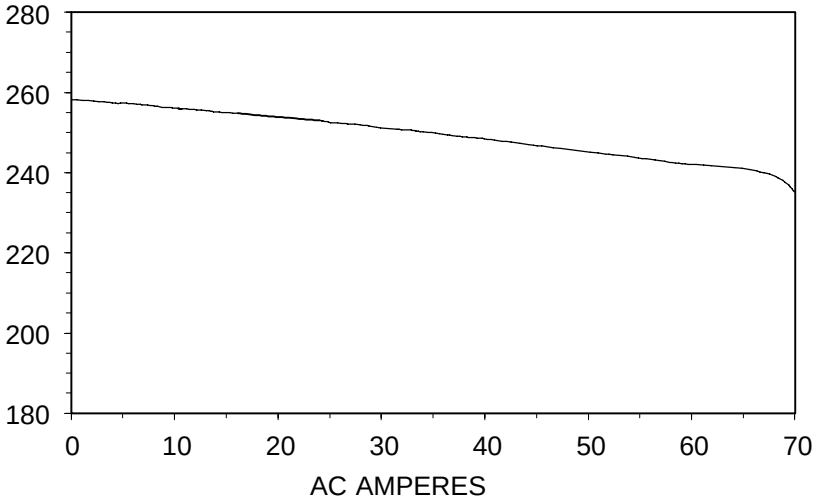
3-8. Optional Three-Phase Generator Curves

The ac power curves show the generator power available in amperes at the single-phase 120/240 volt receptacle or three-phase 240 volt terminals.

A. 12 kVA/kW Single-Phase AC Output (No Weld Load)



B. 20 kVA/kW Three-Phase AC Output (No Weld Load)



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Notes

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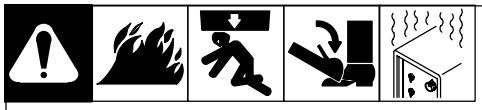
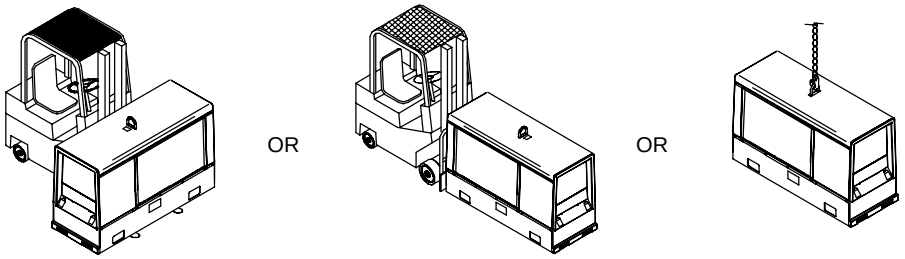
SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION

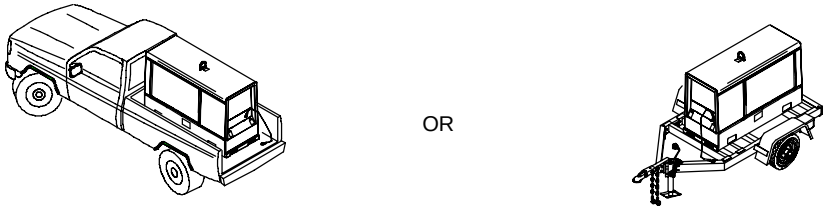
4-1. Installing Welding Generator (See Sections 4-2 And 4-3)



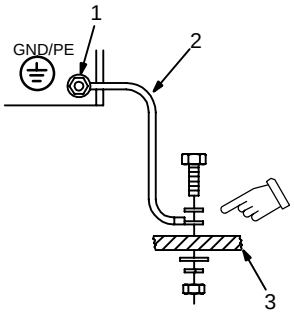
Movement



Location



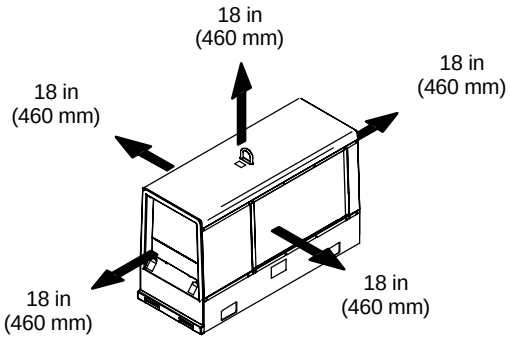
Grounding



Electrically bond generator frame to vehicle frame by metal-to-metal contact.

▲ **Bed liners, shipping skids, and some running gear insulate the welding generator from the vehicle frame. Always connect a ground wire from the generator equipment grounding terminal to bare metal on the vehicle frame as shown.**

Airflow Clearance



▲ **Always securely fasten welding generator onto transport vehicle or trailer and comply with all DOT and other applicable codes.**

▲ **Always ground generator frame to vehicle frame to prevent electric shock and static electricity hazards.**

▲ **If unit does not have GFCI receptacles, use GFCI-protected extension cord.**

☞ *See Section 4-3 for mounting information.*

Grounding:

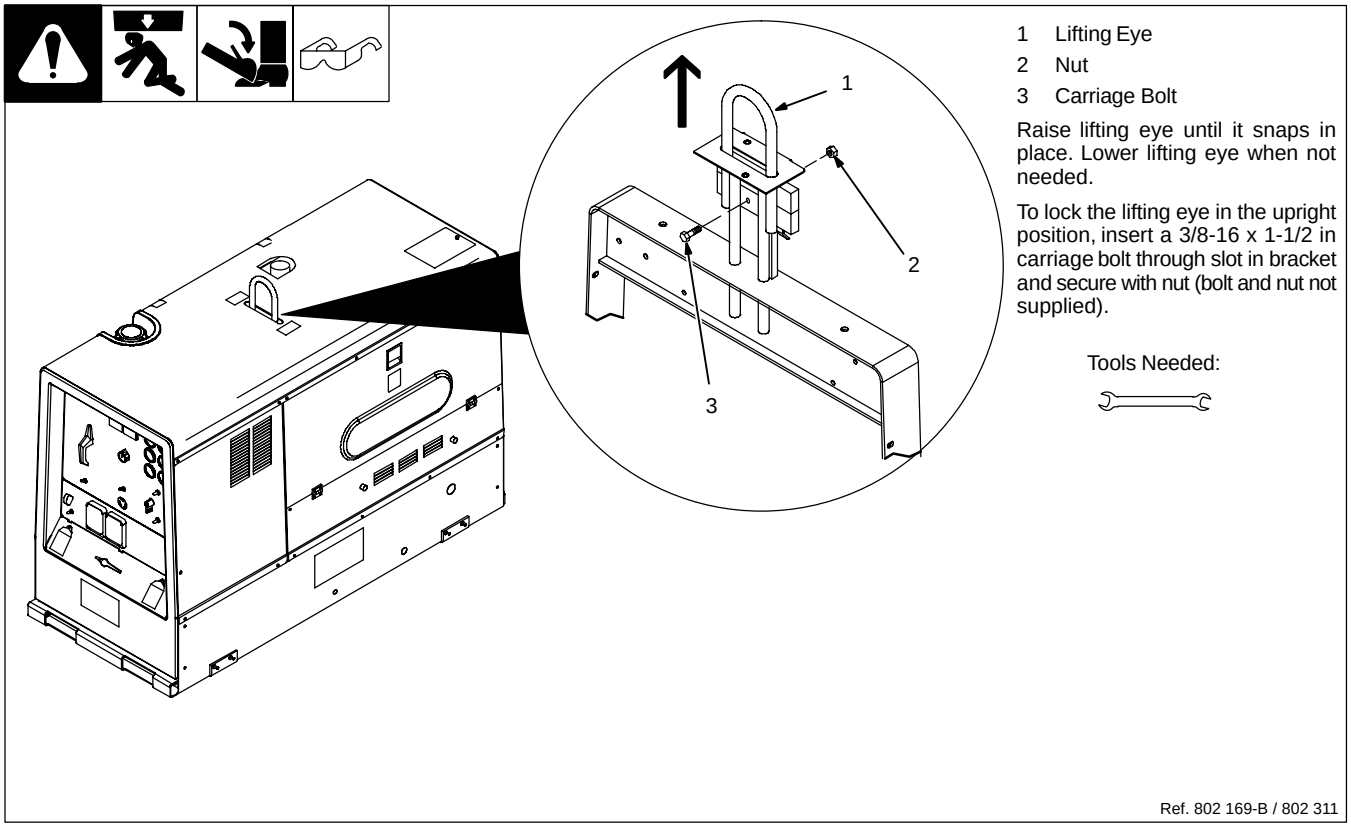
1 Equipment Grounding Terminal (On Front Panel)

2 Grounding Cable (Not Supplied)

3 Metal Vehicle Frame

Connect cable from equipment ground terminal to metal vehicle frame. Use #10 AWG or larger insulated copper wire.

4-2. Using Lifting Eye



1 Lifting Eye
2 Nut
3 Carriage Bolt

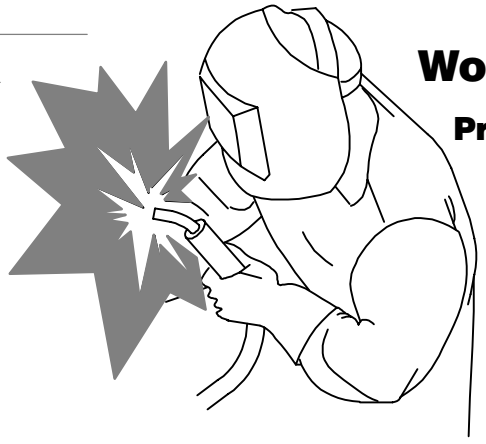
Raise lifting eye until it snaps in place. Lower lifting eye when not needed.

To lock the lifting eye in the upright position, insert a 3/8-16 x 1-1/2 in carriage bolt through slot in bracket and secure with nut (bolt and nut not supplied).

Tools Needed:

Ref. 802 169-B / 802 311

Notes

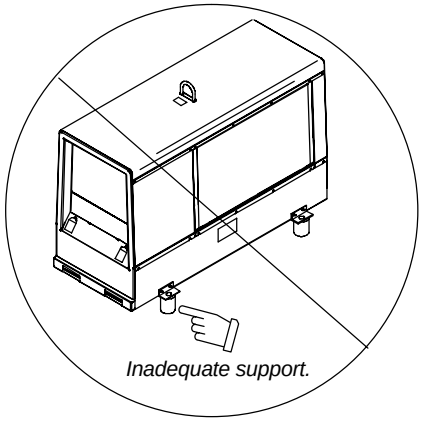


Work like a Pro!

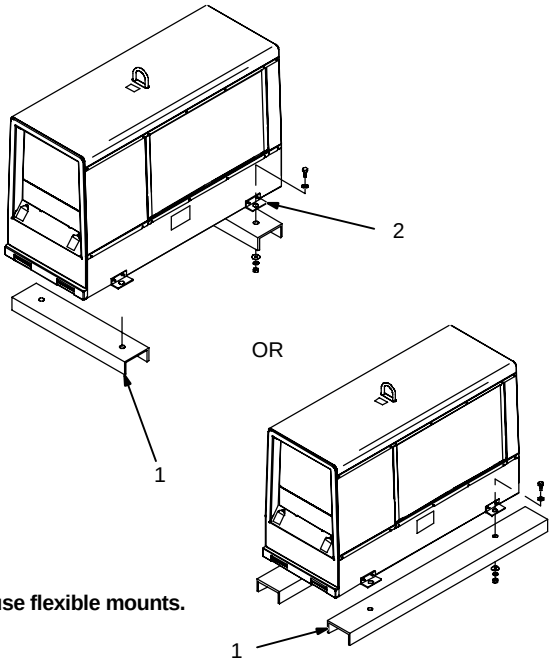
Pros weld and cut safely. Read the safety rules at the beginning of this manual.

4-3. Mounting Welding Generator

Supporting The Unit



Inadequate support.



▲ **Do not use flexible mounts.**

▲ **Do not weld on base. Welding on base can cause fuel tank fire or explosion. Weld only on the four mounting brackets or bolt unit down.**

▲ **Do not mount unit by supporting the base only at the four mounting brackets. Use cross-supports to adequately support unit and prevent damage to base.**

Mounting Surface:

1 Cross-Supports

2 Mounting Brackets (Supplied)

Mount unit on flat surface or use cross-supports to support base. Secure unit with mounting brackets.

3 1/2 in Bolt And Washer (Minimum – Not Supplied)

4 3/8-16 x 1 in Screws (Supplied)

To Bolt Unit In Place:

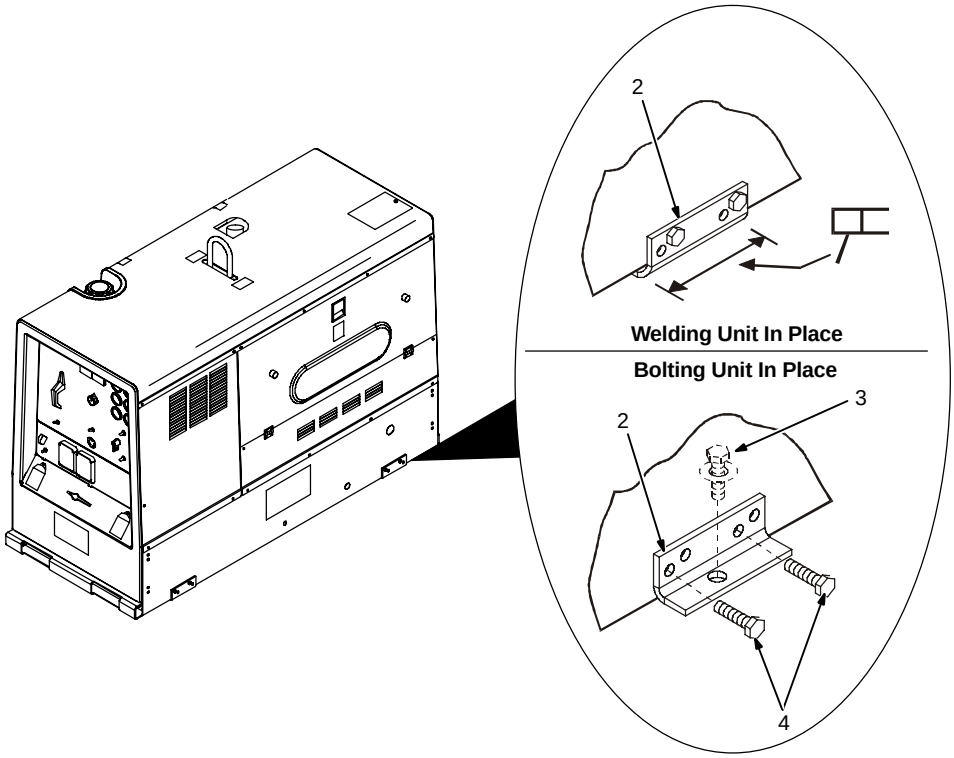
Remove hardware securing the four mounting brackets to the base. Reverse brackets and reattach to base with original hardware.

Mount unit to truck or trailer with 1/2 in (12 mm) or larger hardware (not supplied).

To Weld Unit In Place:

Weld unit to truck or trailer only at the four mounting brackets.

Using Mounting Brackets

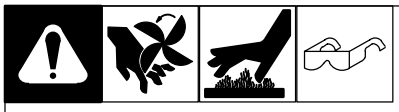


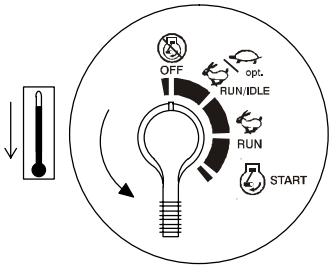
Tools Needed:

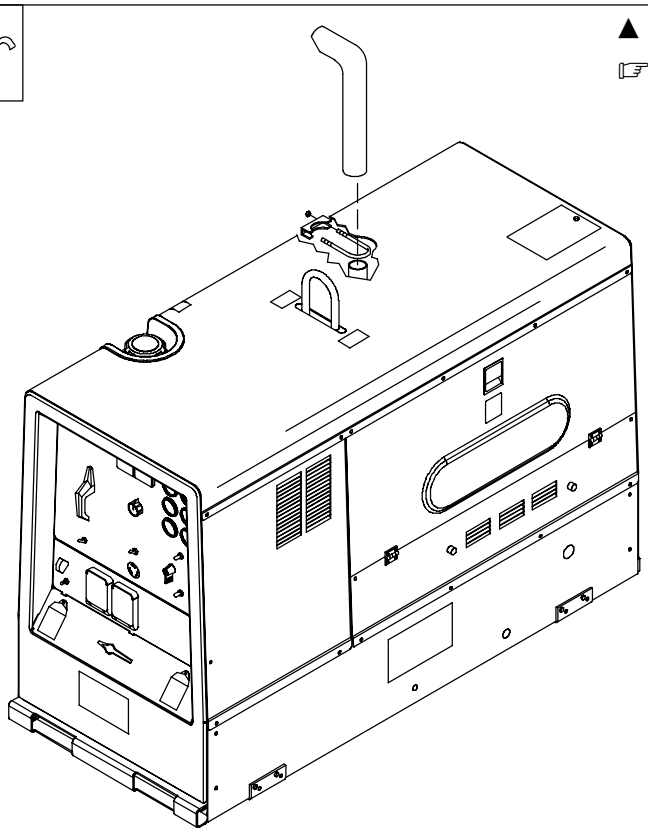
9/16 in

install3 5/02 803 274 / 190 250-A / 803 231

4-4. Installing Exhaust Pipe







▲ **Stop engine and let cool.**

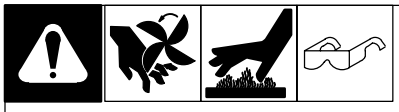
☞ *Point exhaust pipe in desired direction but always away from front panel and direction of travel.*

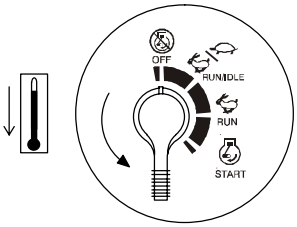
Tools Needed:

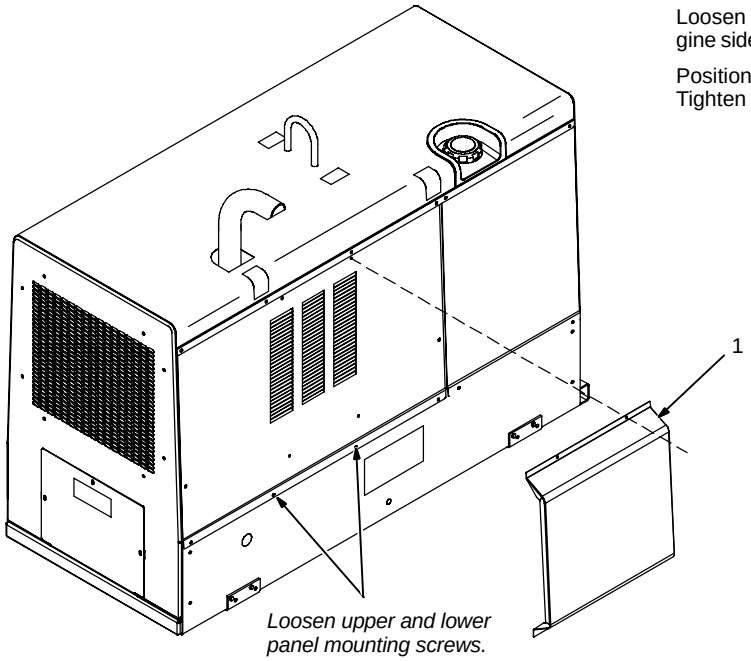
1/2 in

Ref. 802 169-E / Ref. 202 705

4-5. Installing Engine Side Baffle (CE Models Only)







▲ **Stop engine, and let cool.**

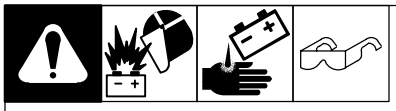
1 Engine Side Baffle
(Part No. 212 570)

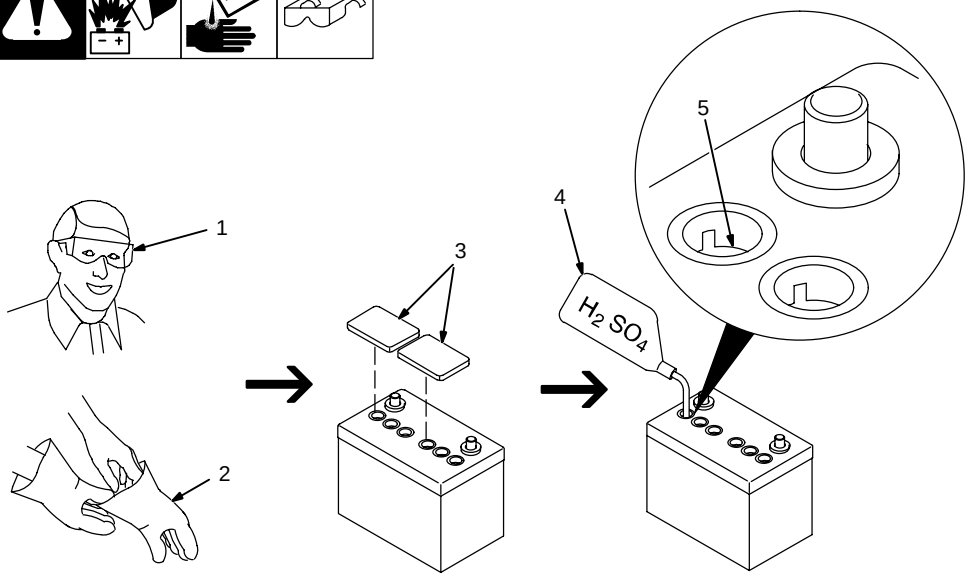
Loosen four screws securing engine side panel.

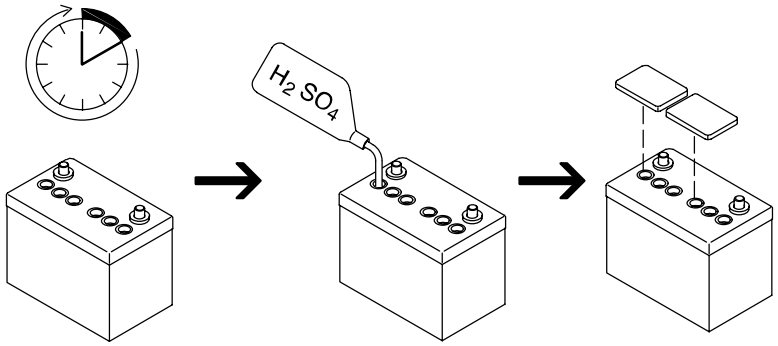
Position side baffle over side panel. Tighten screws.

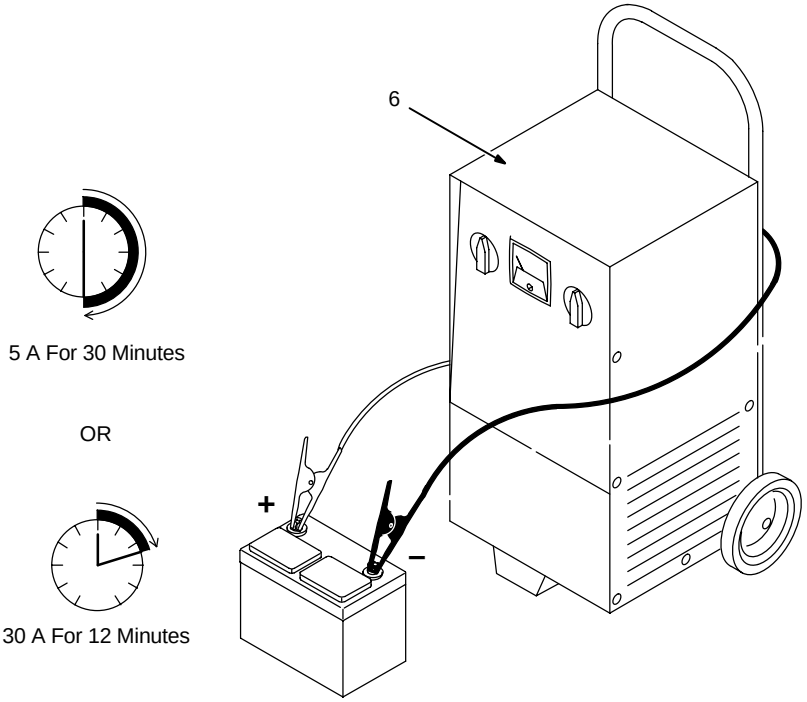
Ref. 803 353 / 803 372

4-6. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)









5 A For 30 Minutes

OR

30 A For 12 Minutes

Remove battery from unit.

1 Eye Protection – Safety Glasses Or Face Shield

2 Rubber Gloves

3 Vent Caps

4 Sulfuric Acid Electrolyte (1.265 Specific Gravity)

5 Well

Fill each cell with electrolyte to **bottom** of well (maximum).

▲ **Do not overfill battery cells.**

Wait ten minutes and check electrolyte level. If necessary, add electrolyte to raise to proper level. Reinstall vent caps.

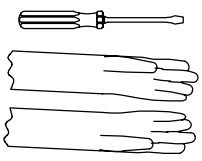
6 Battery Charger

▲ **Read and follow all instructions supplied with battery charger.**

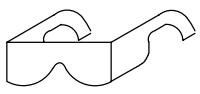
Charge battery for 12 minutes at 30 amperes or 30 minutes at 5 amperes. Disconnect charging cables and install battery.

☞ *When electrolyte is low, add only distilled water to cells to maintain proper level.*

Tools Needed:



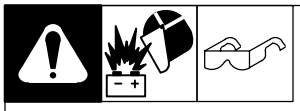
rubber gloves



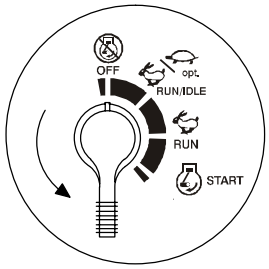
glasses

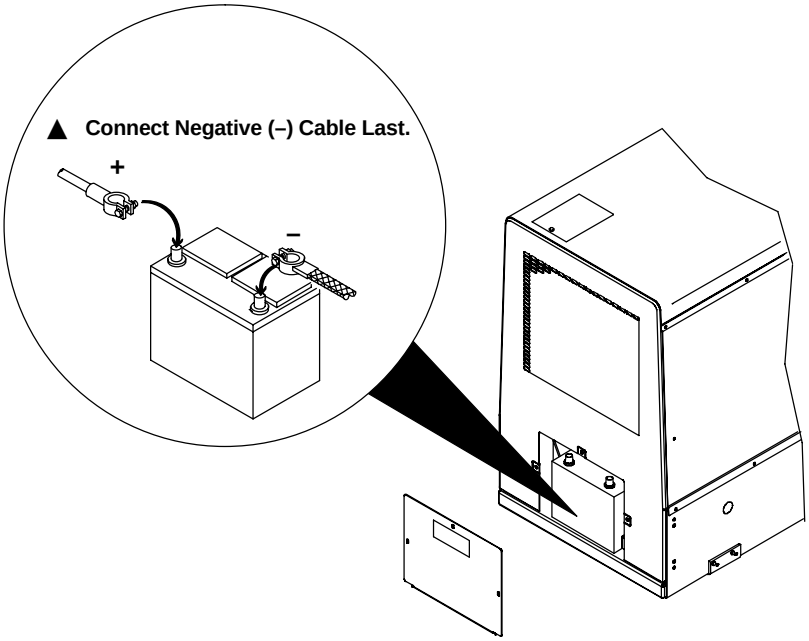
drybatt1 1/98 – 0886

4-7. Connecting The Battery



☞ *Reinstall cover after connecting battery.*



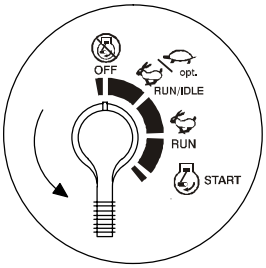


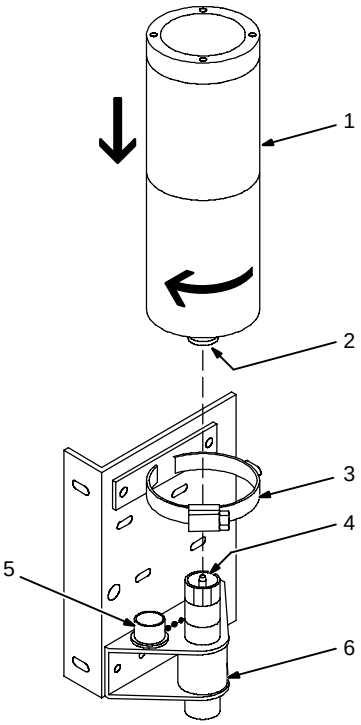
Tools Needed:

1/2 in

802 168-E / Ref. 202 705 / 802 313 / S-0756-C

4-8. Installing Optional Ether Cylinder (Deutz F3L912 Engine Only)





▲ **Stop engine.**

▲ **Improper handling or exposure to ether can harm your health. Follow manufacturer's safety instructions on cylinder.**

▲ **Do not use Ether Starting Aid while engine is running.**

Remove rubber access plug from cover.

1 Ether Cylinder

2 Nozzle

Remove cover and clean cylinder nozzle.

3 Clamp

4 Fitting

5 Cap

6 Valve

Remove cap and clean fitting. Install cylinder on fitting. Tighten clamp.

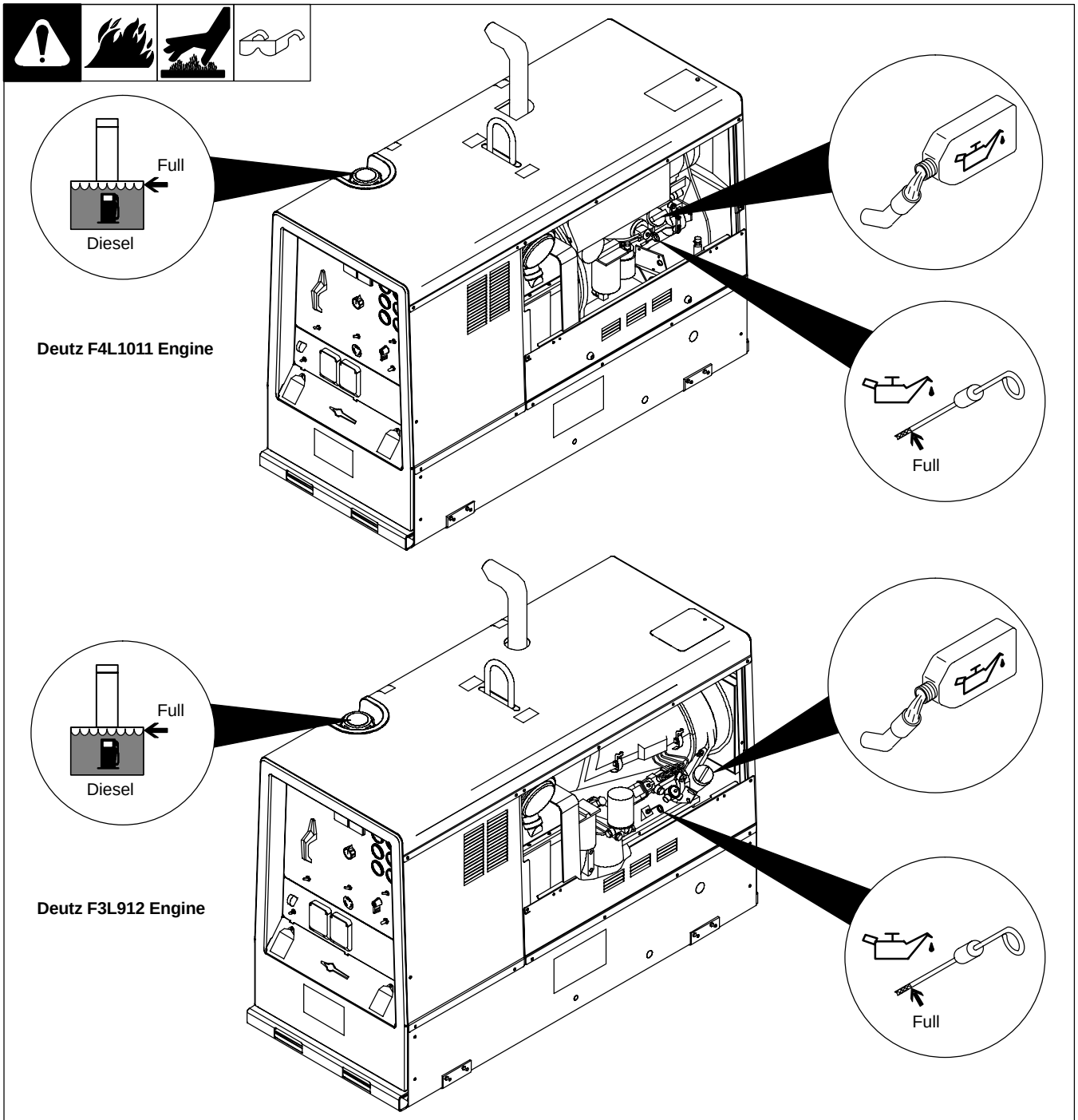
☞ *After installing cylinder, wait at least 10 minutes before using to let ether particles settle and prevent atomizer plugging.*

Put cap on fitting when cylinder is removed.

Reinstall plug in cover.

ether1 7/96 – 153 382-A / Ref. 202 705

4-9. Engine Prestart Checks



Ref. 802 313-A / 802 398-A

☞ *Check all engine fluids daily.*

Engine must be cold and on a level surface. Unit is shipped with 20W break-in oil. The Automatic shutdown system stops engine if oil pressure is too low or coolant temperature is too high.

☞ *This unit has a low oil pressure shutdown switch. However, some conditions may cause engine damage before the engine shuts down. Check oil level often and do not use the oil pressure shutdown system to monitor oil level.*

Follow run-in procedure in engine manual. If unburned fuel and oil collect in exhaust pipe during run-in, see Section 12.

Fuel

▲ **Do not use gasoline. Gasoline will damage engine.**

Add fresh diesel fuel before starting to prevent air from entering the fuel system (see engine maintenance label for fuel specifications). Leave filler neck empty to allow room for expansion.

Do not run out of fuel or air may enter fuel system and cause starting problems. See engine manual to bleed air from fuel system.

Oil

After fueling, check oil with unit on level surface. If oil is not up to full mark on dipstick, add oil (see maintenance label).

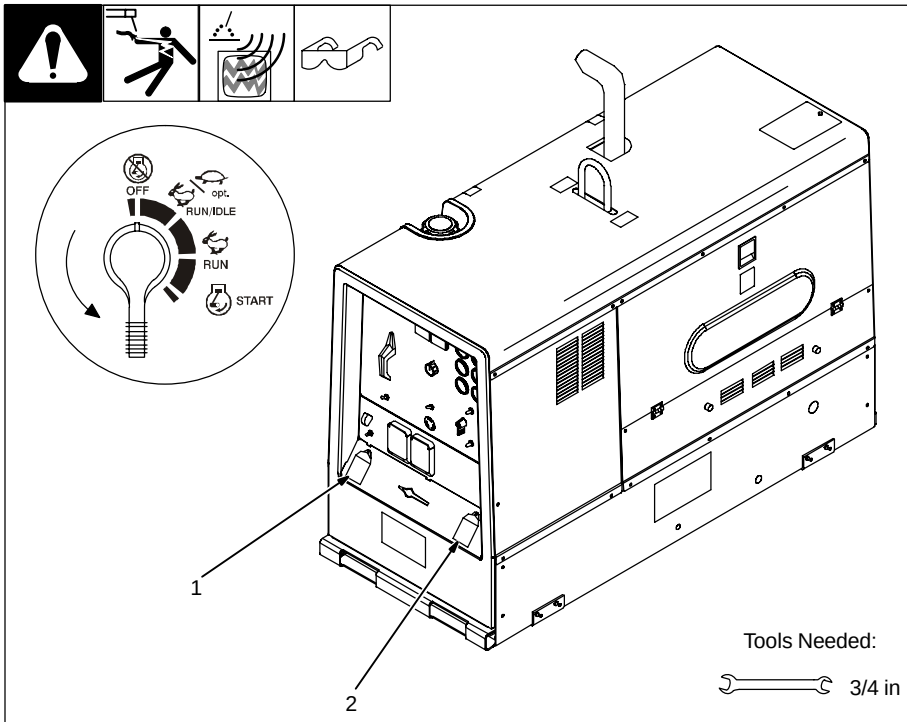
☞ *To improve cold weather starting:*
Use optional Starting Aid switch (see Section 5-1 or 6-1).

Keep battery in good condition. Store battery in warm area.

Use fuel formulated for cold weather (diesel fuel can gel in cold weather). Contact local fuel supplier for fuel information.

Use correct grade oil for cold weather (see Section 8-2 or 9-2).

4-10. Connecting To Weld Output Terminals



Tools Needed:

3/4 in

▲ **Stop engine.**

1 Positive (+) Weld Output Terminal

2 Negative (–) Weld Output Terminal

For Stick and TIG welding Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP), connect electrode holder cable to Positive (+) terminal on left and work cable to Negative (–) terminal on right.

For Direct Current Electrode Negative (DCEN), reverse cable connections.

If equipped with optional polarity switch, connect electrode holder cable to Electrode terminal on left and work cable to Work terminal on right.

For MIG and FCAW welding Direct Current Electrode Positive (DCEP) on CC/CV models, connect wire feeder cable to Positive (+) terminal on left and work cable to Negative (–) terminal on right. Use Process/Contactor switch to select type of weld output (see Section 6-3).

For Direct Current Electrode Negative (DCEN), reverse cable connections.

If equipped with optional polarity switch, connect wire feeder cable to Electrode terminal on left and work cable to Work terminal on right.

802 311-A

4-11. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*

Weld Output Terminals ▲ **Stop engine before connecting to weld output terminals.** ▲ **Do not use worn, damaged, undersized, or poorly spliced cables.**	**Welding Amperes**	**Weld Cable Size** and Total Cable (Copper) Length in Weld Circuit Not Exceeding***							
		100 ft (30 m) or Less		**150 ft (45 m)**	**200 ft (60 m)**	**250 ft (70 m)**	**300 ft (90 m)**	**350 ft (105 m)**	**400 ft (120 m)**
		10 – 60% Duty Cycle	**60 – 100% Duty Cycle**	**10 – 100% Duty Cycle**					
	100	4 (20)	4 (20)	4 (20)	3 (30)	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	1/0 (60)
	150	3 (30)	3 (30)	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	3/0 (95)
	200	3 (30)	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	4/0 (120)
	250	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)
	300	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)
	350	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)	2 ea. 4/0 (2x120)
	400	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)	2 ea. 4/0 (2x120)	2 ea. 4/0 (2x120)
	500	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)	2 ea. 4/0 (2x120)	3 ea. 3/0 (3x95)	3 ea. 3/0 (3x95)

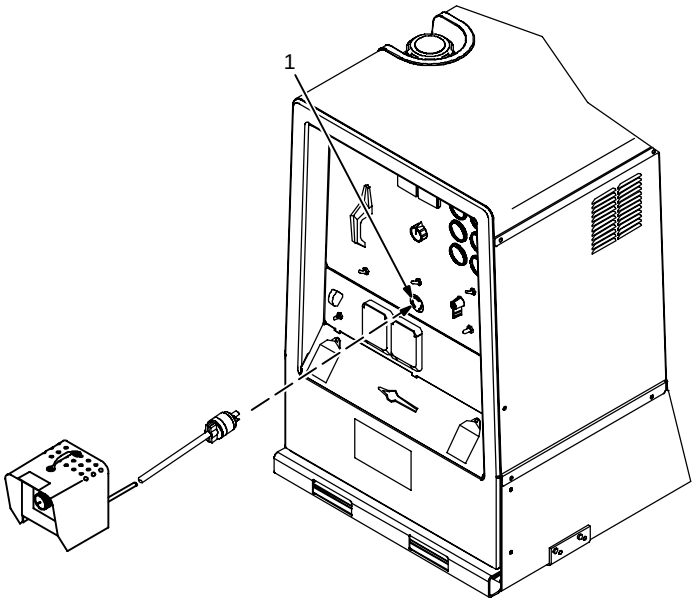
* This chart is a general guideline and may not suit all applications. If cable overheating occurs (normally you can smell it), use next size larger cable.

**Weld cable size (AWG) is based on either a 4 volts or less drop or a current density of at least 300 circular mils per ampere.
( ) = mm^2 for metric use

S-0007-E–

***For distances longer than those shown in this guide, call a factory applications representative at 920-735-4505.

4-12. Connecting To Remote Amperage Adjust Receptacle RC13 On CC Models

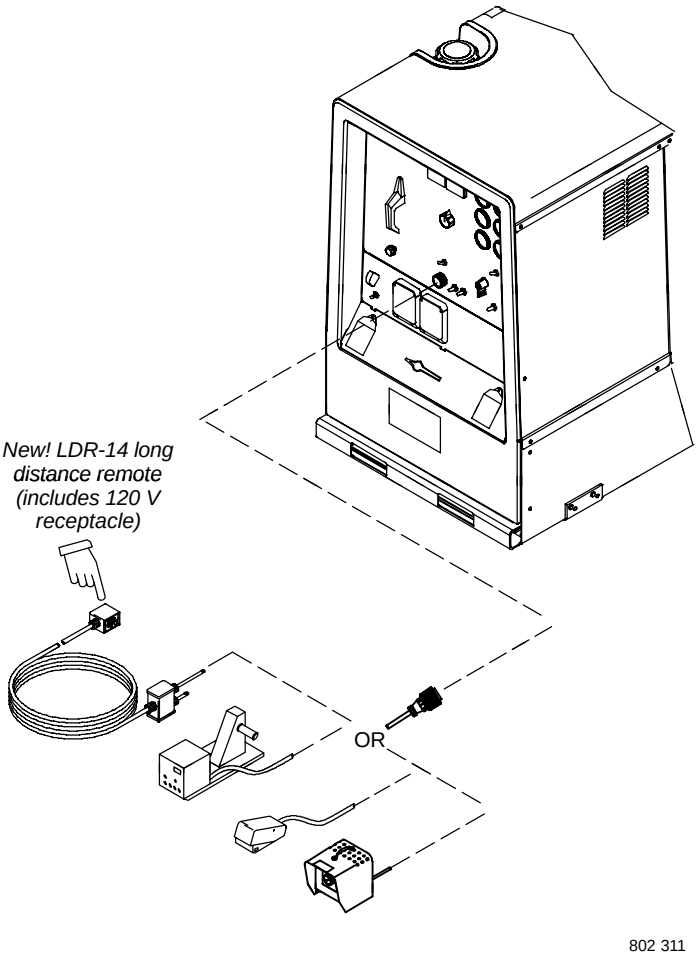


1 Remote Amperage Adjust Receptacle RC13

Connect optional remote control to RC13 (see Section 5-3).

Ref. 154 862-A / 048 720-K / 802 311

4-13. Connecting To Remote 14 Receptacle RC14 On CC/CV Models

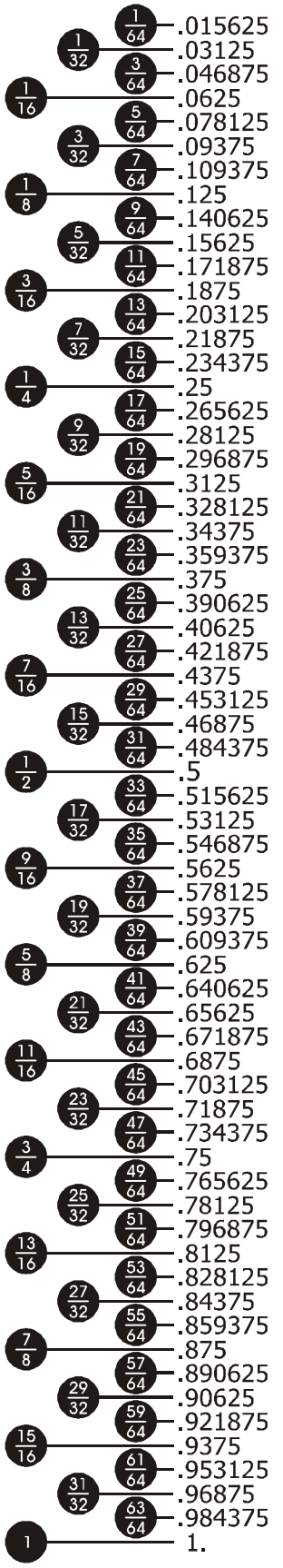


REMOTE 14	Socket*	Socket Information
24 VOLTS AC OUTPUT (CONTACTOR)	A	24 volts ac. Protected by circuit breaker CB5.
	B	Contact closure to A completes 24 volt ac contactor control circuit.
REMOTE OUTPUT CONTROL	C	Output to remote control:+10 volts dc in MIG or Stick mode; 0 to +10 volts dc in TIG mode.
	D	Remote control circuit common.
	E	DC input command signal: 0 to +10 volts from min. to max. of remote control with Voltage/ Amperage Adjust control at max.
115 VOLTS AC OUTPUT (CONTACTOR)	I	115 volts, 10 amperes, 60 Hz ac. Protected by circuit breaker CB23.
	J	Contact closure to I completes 115 volt ac contactor control circuit.
GND	K	Chassis common.
NEUTRAL	G	Circuit common for 24 and 115 volt ac circuit.

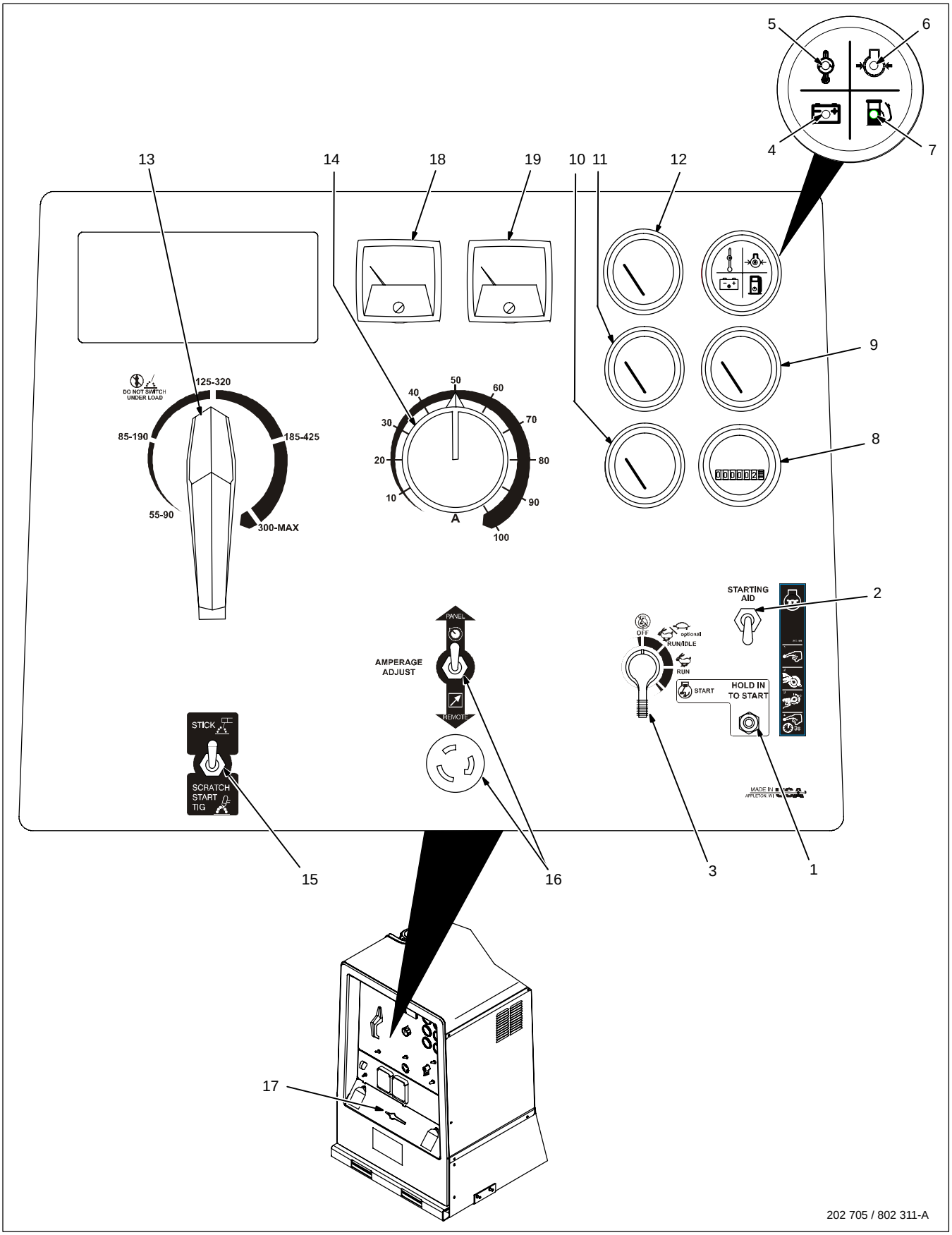
*The remaining sockets are not used.

Notes

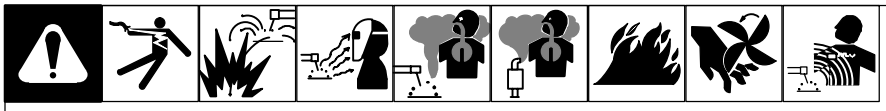
DECIMAL EQUIVALENTS



5-1. Front Panel Controls For CC Models (See Section 5-2)



5-2. Description Of Front Panel Controls For CC Models (See Section 5-1)



Engine Starting Controls

1 Magnetic Shutdown Switch

Use switch during start-up to bypass engine shutdown system. System stops engine if oil pressure is too low or engine temperature is too high.

2 Starting Aid Switch (Optional)

Use switch to energize starting aid for cold weather starting.

Deutz F4L1011-powered units use a glow plug starting aid. Push switch up for 60 seconds to operate the glow plug before cranking engine (see starting instructions following).

Deutz F3L912-powered units use an ether starting aid system. Push switch up and release while cranking engine to release ether (see starting instructions following).

3 Engine Control Switch

Use switch to start engine, select engine speed (if unit has auto idle option), and stop engine.

In Run position, engine runs at weld/power speed. In Run/Idle position (optional), engine runs at idle speed at no load and weld speed with load applied.

To Start:

☞ *If engine does not start, let engine come to a complete stop before attempting restart.*

Above 32° F (0° C): turn Engine Control switch to Start while pressing Shutdown switch. Release Engine Control switch when engine starts. Continue holding Shutdown switch until engine indicator lights go out.

Below 32° F (0° C) using optional starting aid switch:

Deutz F4L1011-powered units – Turn Engine Control switch to Run/Idle position. Push Starting Aid switch up for 60 seconds. While still holding Starting Aid switch, press Magnetic Shutdown switch and turn Engine Control switch to Start. Release Engine Control switch and Starting Aid switch when engine starts. Continue holding Shutdown switch until engine indicator lights go out.

Deutz F3L912-powered units – Press Magnetic Shutdown switch and turn Engine Control switch to Start. While cranking engine, push Starting Aid switch up and release. Release Engine Control switch when engine starts. Continue holding Shutdown switch until engine indicator lights go out.

To Stop: turn Engine Control switch to Off position.

Engine Indicator Lights

4 Battery Charging Light

Light goes on if engine alternator is not charging battery. Engine continues to run.

▲ **Stop engine and fix trouble if Battery Charging light goes on.**

5 Engine Temperature Light

Light goes on and engine stops if engine oil temperature is above 266 ° F (130° C).

▲ **Stop engine and fix trouble if Engine Temperature light goes on.**

6 Engine Oil Pressure Light

Light goes on and engine stops if oil pressure is below 22 psi (150 kPa). Light goes on momentarily during start-up but goes out when engine reaches normal oil pressure.

▲ **Stop engine and fix trouble if Engine Oil Pressure light stays on after start-up.**

7 Fuel Light

Fuel light is not active on this model.

8 Engine Hour Meter

Engine Gauges

☞ *To read gauges and engine indicator lights with engine off, turn Engine Control switch to Run/Idle and press Magnetic Shutdown switch (see Section 10-1).*

9 Fuel Gauge

Use gauge to check fuel level.

To check fuel level when engine is not running, turn Engine Control switch to Run/Idle position and press Magnetic Shutdown switch.

10 Battery Voltmeter (Optional)

Use gauge to check battery voltage and monitor the engine charging system. The meter should read about 14 volts dc when the engine is running, and about 12 volts dc when the engine is stopped.

11 Engine Temperature Gauge (Optional)

Normal temperature is 212 - 239° F (100 - 115° C). If equipped with gauge option, engine stops if temperature exceeds 270° F (132° C).

12 Engine Oil Pressure Gauge (Optional)

Normal pressure is 30 – 60 psi (206 – 414 kPa). If equipped with gauge option, engine stops if pressure is below 20 psi (138 kPa).

Weld Controls

☞ ***Max OCV Control Circuit:*** *This unit has a max OCV control circuit that resets Amperage Adjust control R1 to maximum when the arc breaks. When an arc is struck, weld output control returns to the R1 front panel or combination front panel/ remote control setting. The Amperage Adjust control adjusts amperage only when welding and does not adjust open-circuit voltage.*

The max OCV circuit is disabled when the Stick/TIG Selection switch is in Scratch Start TIG position (see item 15).

13 Ampere Range Switch

▲ **Do not switch under load.**

Use switch to select weld amperage range. For most welding applications, use lowest amperage range possible to help prevent arc outages (see Section 5-4).

14 Amperage Adjust Control

Control adjusts amperage within range selected by Ampere Range switch (see Section 5-4). Weld output would be about 223 A DC with controls set as shown (50% of 125 to 320 A).

☞ *The numbers around the control are for reference only and do not represent an actual percentage value.*

15 Stick/TIG Selection Switch

Use switch to disable the max OCV circuit and the arc drive (dig) circuit for scratch start TIG welding (see max OCV note under Weld Controls).

When switch is in the Stick position, the max OCV circuit resets Amperage Adjust Control R1 to maximum when the arc breaks.

Also in the Stick position, the arc drive (dig) circuit provides additional amperage during low voltage (short arc length conditions) to prevent "sticking" electrodes.

When switch is in Scratch Start TIG position, the max OCV and arc drive (dig) circuits are disabled and OCV changes when the control is adjusted.

16 Amperage Adjust Switch And Remote Amperage Adjust Receptacle

Connect optional remote control to RC13 (See Section 4-12). Use switch to select front panel or remote amperage control. For remote control, place switch in Remote position and connect remote control to Remote Amperage Adjust receptacle RC13 (see Sections 4-12 and 5-3).

17 Polarity Switch (Optional)

▲ **Do not switch under load.**

Use switch to change weld output. Select either DC Electrode Positive (DCEP) or DC Electrode Negative (DCEN).

Weld Meters

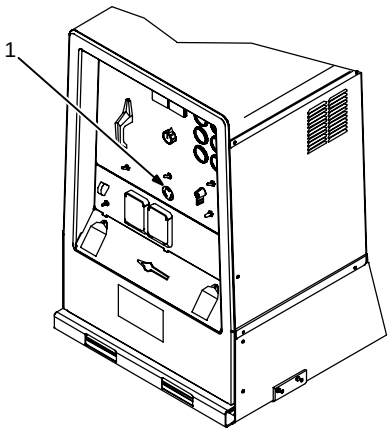
18 DC Voltmeter (Optional)

Voltmeter displays voltage at the weld output terminals, but not necessarily the welding arc due to resistance of cable and connections.

19 DC Ammeter (Optional)

Ammeter displays amperage output of the unit.

5-3. Remote Amperage Control On CC Models (Optional)

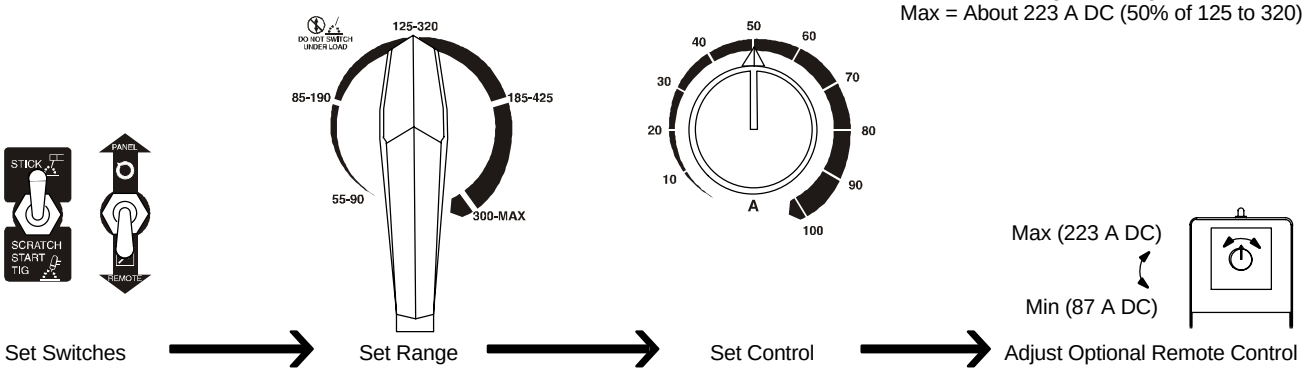


1 Remote Amperage Adjust Receptacle RC13

Connect optional remote control to RC13 (see Section 4-12).

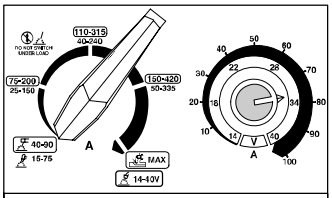
Example: Combination Remote Amperage Control (Stick)

In Example:
Range = 125 to 320 A DC
Percentage Of Range = 50%
Max = About 223 A DC (50% of 125 to 320)

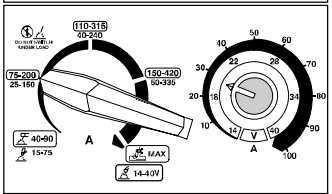


0774 / Ref. 154 862-A / Ref. 181 711-A / 802 311-A

5-4. Weld Control/Arc Condition Information Label



SOFTER ARC
A softer arc condition can be achieved by selecting the lowest usable range for the electrode with a higher fine amperage setting preferably above 50%. This improves 6010 for uphill pipe welding by reducing Arc outages/Popouts and reduces spatter with 7018.



STIFFER ARC
A stiffer arc condition can be achieved by selecting the highest usable range for the electrode with a lower fine amperage setting preferably below 50%. This improves 6010 for downhill stick welding and 7018 for out of position welding by increasing dig.

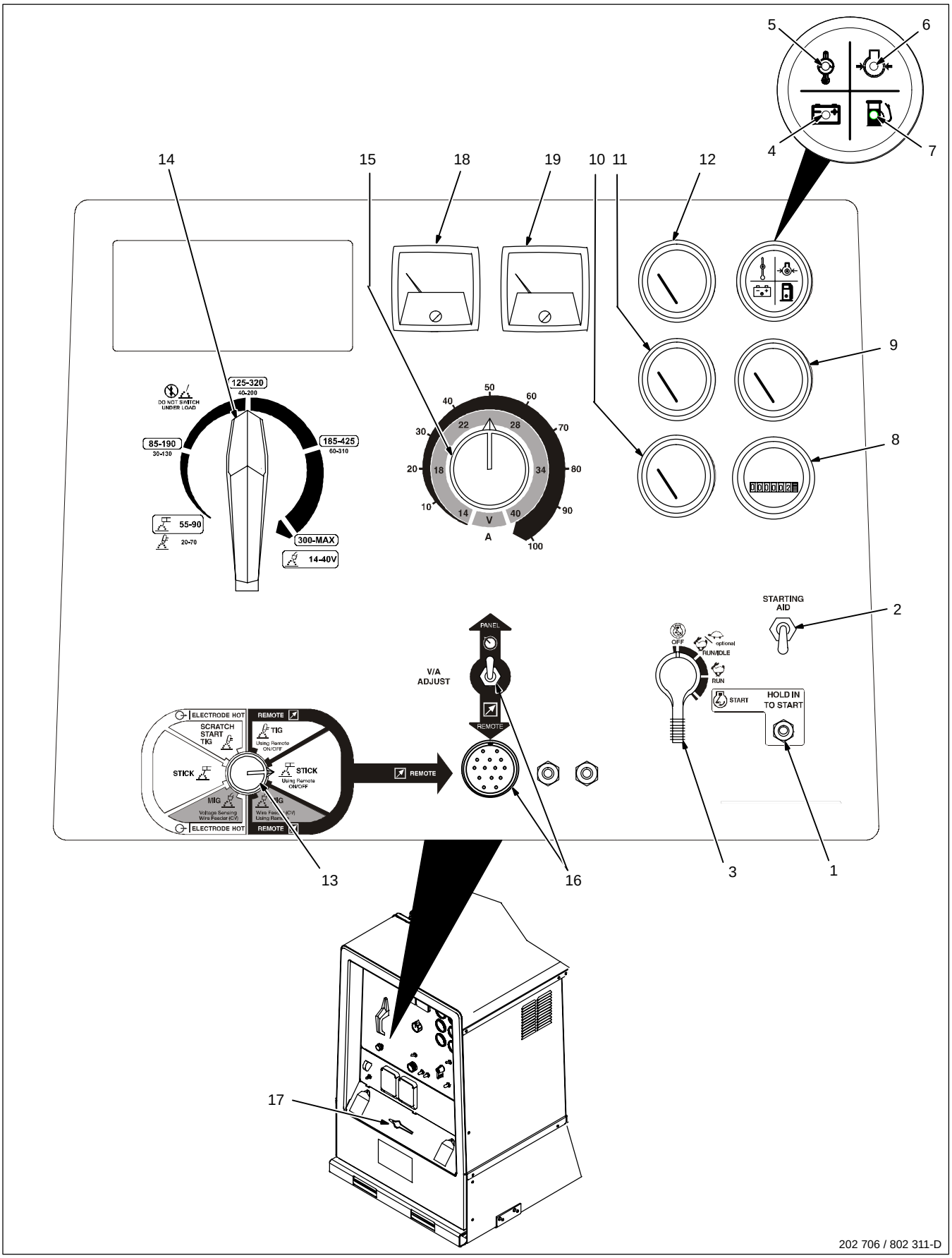
212 944-A

☞ *Set weld controls as shown to achieve softer or stiffer arc conditions for different applications.*

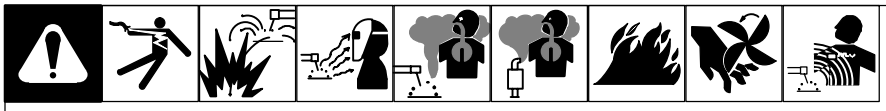
212 944-A

Notes

6-1. Front Panel Controls For CC/CV Models (See Section 6-2)



6-2. Description Of Front Panel Controls For CC/CV Models (See Section 6-1)



Engine Starting Controls

1 Magnetic Shutdown Switch

Use switch during start-up to bypass engine shutdown system. System stops engine if oil pressure is too low or engine temperature is too high.

2 Starting Aid Switch (Optional)

Use switch to energize starting aid for cold weather starting.

Deutz F4L1011-powered units use a glow plug starting aid. Push switch up for 60 seconds to operate the glow plug before cranking engine (see starting instructions following).

Deutz F3L912-powered units use an ether starting aid system. Push switch up and release while cranking engine to release ether (see starting instructions following).

3 Engine Control Switch

Use switch to start engine, select engine speed (if unit has auto idle option), and stop engine.

In Run position, engine runs at weld/power speed. In Run/Idle position (optional), engine runs at idle speed at no load and weld speed with load applied.

To Start:

☞ *If engine does not start, let engine come to a complete stop before attempting restart.*

Above 32° F (0° C): turn Engine Control switch to Start while pressing Shutdown switch. Release Engine Control switch when engine starts. Continue holding Shutdown switch until engine indicator lights go out.

Below 32° F (0° C) using optional starting aid switch:
Deutz F4L1011-powered units – Turn Engine Control switch to Run/Idle position. Push Starting Aid switch up for 60 seconds. While still holding Starting Aid switch, press Magnetic Shutdown switch and turn Engine Control switch to Start. Release Engine Control switch and Starting Aid switch when engine starts. Continue holding Shutdown switch until engine indicator lights go out.

Deutz F3L912-powered units – Press Magnetic Shutdown switch and turn Engine Control switch to Start. While cranking engine, push Starting Aid switch up and release. Release Engine Control switch when engine starts. Continue holding Shutdown switch until engine indicator lights go out.

To Stop: turn Engine Control switch to Off position.

Engine Indicator Lights

4 Battery Charging Light

Light goes on if engine alternator is not charging battery. Engine continues to run.

▲ **Stop engine and fix trouble if Battery Charging light goes on.**

5 Engine Temperature Light

Light goes on and engine stops if engine oil temperature is above 266 ° F (130° C).

▲ **Stop engine and fix trouble if Engine Temperature light goes on.**

6 Engine Oil Pressure Light

Light goes on and engine stops if oil pressure is below 22 psi (150 kPa). Light goes on momentarily during start-up but goes out when engine reaches normal oil pressure.

▲ **Stop engine and fix trouble if Engine Oil Pressure light stays on after start-up.**

7 Fuel Light

Fuel light is not active on this model.

8 Engine Hour Meter

Engine Gauges

☞ *To read gauges and engine indicator lights with engine off, turn Engine Control switch to Run/Idle and press Magnetic Shutdown switch (see Section 10-1).*

9 Fuel Gauge

Use gauge to check fuel level.

To check fuel level when engine is not running, turn Engine Control switch to Run/Idle position and press Magnetic Shutdown switch.

10 Battery Voltmeter (Optional)

Use gauge to check battery voltage and monitor the engine charging system. The meter should read about 14 volts dc when the engine is running, and about 12 volts dc when the engine is stopped.

11 Engine Temperature Gauge (Optional)

Normal temperature is 212 - 239° F (100 - 115° C). If equipped with gauge option, engine stops if temperature exceeds 270° F (132° C).

12 Engine Oil Pressure Gauge (Optional)

Normal pressure is 30 – 60 psi (206 – 414 kPa). If equipped with gauge option, engine stops if pressure is below 20 psi (138 kPa).

Weld Controls

13 Process/Contactor Switch

See Section 6-3 for Process/Contactor switch information.

14 Ampere Range Switch

▲ **Do not switch under load.**

Use switch to select weld amperage range.

Use the lowest four ranges for Stick and TIG welding. Read the upper set of numbers at each range for Stick welding and the lower set at each range for TIG welding.

Use the highest range for MIG welding and for cutting and gouging (CAC-A).

For most welding applications, use lowest amperage range possible to help prevent arc outages.

15 Voltage/Amperage Adjust Control

With Process/Contactor switch in any Stick or TIG setting, use control to adjust amperage within range selected by Ampere Range switch. With Process/Contactor switch in any MIG position, use control to adjust voltage. With Voltage/Amperage Adjust Switch in Remote position, control limits the remote amperage in TIG mode, but has no effect in Stick and MIG modes.

Weld output would be about 223 A DC with controls set as shown (50% of 125 to 320 A).

☞ *The numbers around the control are for reference only and do not represent an actual percentage value.*

16 Voltage/Amperage Adjust Switch And Remote 14 Receptacle

Use switch to select front panel or remote voltage/amperage control. For remote control, place switch in Remote position and connect remote control to Remote 14 receptacle RC14 (see Sections 4-13 and 6-4).

17 Polarity Switch (Optional)

▲ **Do not switch under load.**

Use switch to change weld output. Select either DC Electrode Positive (DCEP) or DC Electrode Negative (DCEN).

Weld Meters

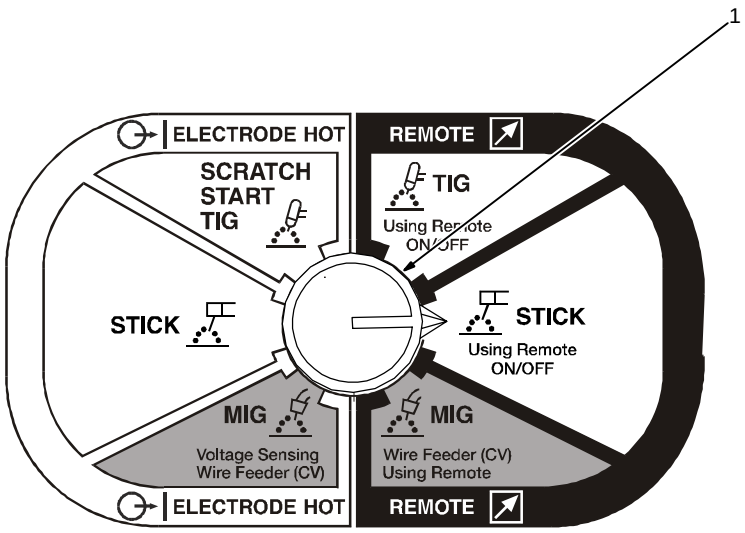
18 DC Voltmeter (Optional)

Voltmeter displays voltage at the weld output terminals, but not necessarily the welding arc due to resistance of cable and connections.

19 DC Ammeter (Optional)

Ammeter displays amperage output of the unit.

6-3. Process/Contactor Switch On CC/CV Models



1 Process/Contactor Switch

▲ **Weld output terminals are energized when Process/Contactor switch is in an Electrode Hot position and the engine is running.**

▲ **DC voltage is still present at the weld terminals when Process/Contactor switch is in the Remote – Stick position and the engine is running.**

Use switch to select weld process and weld output on/off control (see table below and Section 6-4).

Place switch in Remote positions to turn weld output on and off with a device connected to the remote 14 receptacle.

Place switch in Electrode Hot positions for weld output to be on whenever the engine is running.

Use Stick position for air carbon arc (CAC-A) cutting and gouging.

When switch is in a Stick position, the arc drive (dig) circuit provides additional amperage during low voltage (short arc length conditions) to prevent “sticking” electrodes.

The arc drive (dig) circuit is disabled when switch is in MIG or TIG positions.

☞ *Place switch in Electrode Hot - Stick position when using optional three-phase generator (see Section 6-4).*

☞ *The engine auto idle option does not work in the Remote-TIG mode.*

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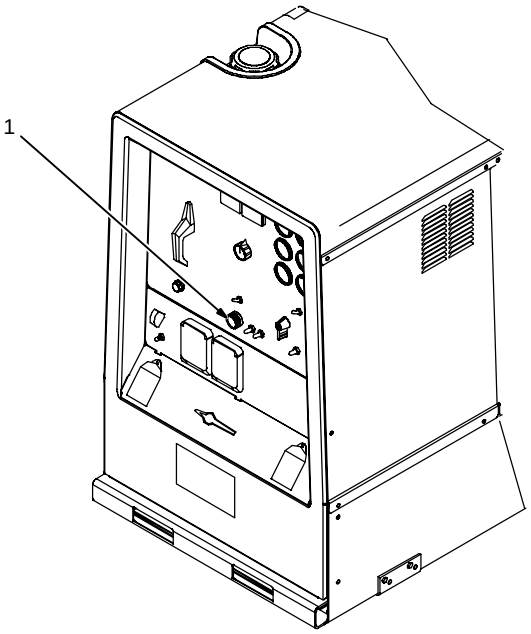
Process/Contactor Switch Settings

Switch Setting	Process	Output On/Off Control	Engine Auto Idle (Optional)
Remote – TIG	GTAW With HF Unit, Pulsing Device, Or Remote Control	At Remote 14 Receptacle	Not Active
Remote – Stick	Stick (SMAW) With Remote On/Off	At Remote 14 Receptacle	Active
Remote – MIG	MIG (GMAW)	At Remote 14 Receptacle	Active
Electrode Hot – MIG	MIG (GMAW)	Electrode Hot	Active
Electrode Hot – Stick	Stick (SMAW), Air Carbon Arc (CAC-A) Cutting And Gouging	Electrode Hot	Active
Electrode Hot – Scratch Start TIG	Scratch Start TIG (GTAW)	Electrode Hot	Active

6-4. Remote Voltage/Amperage Control On CC/CV Models (Optional)

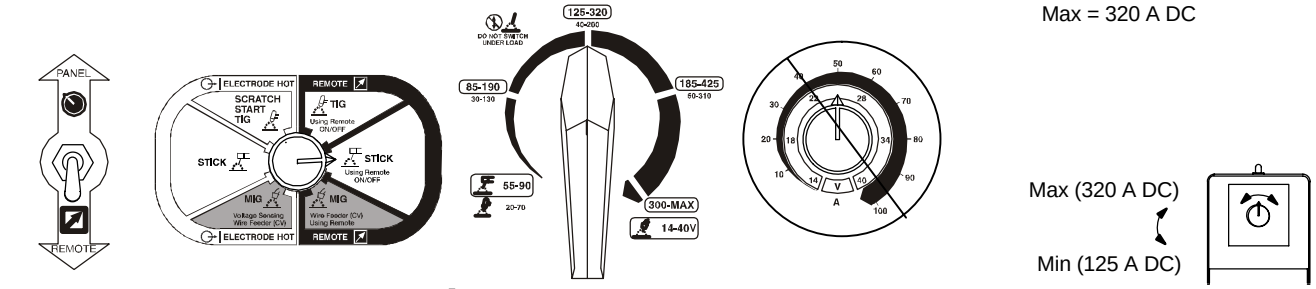


1 Remote 14 Receptacle RC14

Connect optional remote control to RC14 (see Section 4-13).

Example: Combination Remote Amperage Control (Stick)

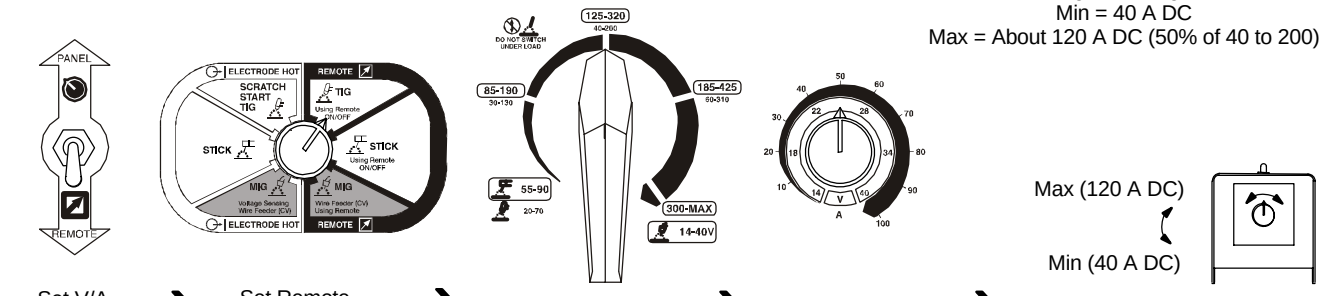
In Example:
Process = Stick (Using Remote On/Off)
Range = 125 to 320 A DC
Min = 125 A DC
Max = 320 A DC



Set V/A Adjust Switch → Set Remote Process → Set Range → Control Not Used In Remote Stick Mode → Adjust Optional Remote Control

Example: Combination Remote Amperage Control (TIG)

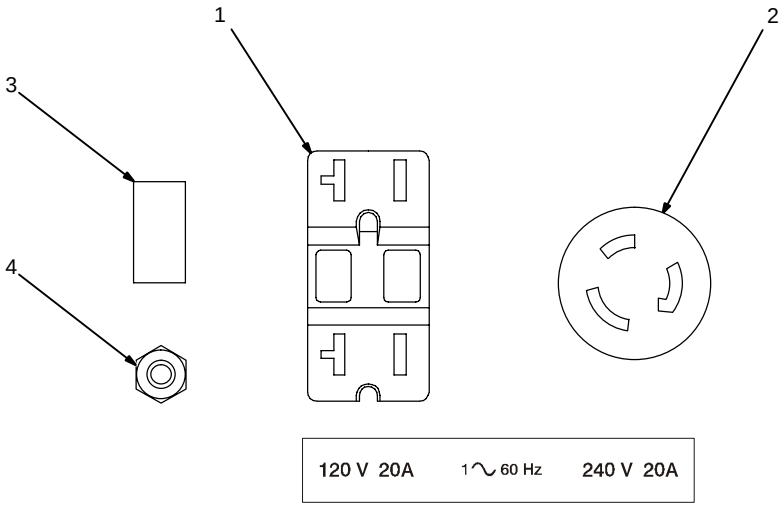
In Example:
Process = TIG (Using Remote On/Off)
Range = 40 to 200 A DC
Percentage Of Range = 50%
Min = 40 A DC
Max = About 120 A DC (50% of 40 to 200)



Set V/A Adjust Switch → Set Remote Process → Set Range → Set Control → Adjust Optional Remote Control

0774 / Ref. 192 895-A / 802 311-A

7-1. Generator Power Receptacles (Standard Models)



1 120 V 20 A AC GFCI Receptacle GFCI1

2 240 V 30 A AC Twistlock Receptacle RC1

Receptacles supply 60 Hz single-phase power at weld/power speed.

If a ground fault is detected, GFCI Reset button pops out and receptacle does not work. Check for faulty tools plugged in receptacle. Press button to reset GFCI1.

☞ *At least once a month, run engine at weld/power speed and press test button to verify GFCI is working properly.*

3 Circuit Breaker CB1

4 Circuit Breaker CB2

CB1 protects RC1 and the generator winding from overload. If CB1 opens, RC1 and GFCI1 do not work. Place switch in On position to reset breaker.

CB2 protects GFCI1 from overload. If CB2 opens, GFCI1 does not work. Press button to reset breaker.

☞ *If a circuit breaker continues to open, contact Factory Authorized Service Agent.*

☞ *Generator power is not affected by weld output.*

Maximum output is 2.4 kVA/kW from GFCI1 and 4 kVA/kW from RC1. Maximum output from all receptacles is 4 kVA/kW.

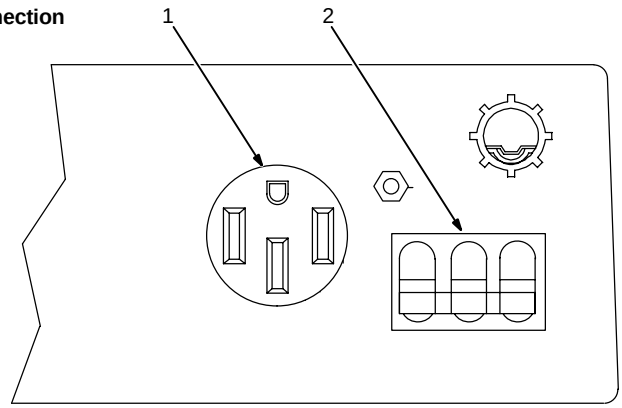
EXAMPLE: If 13 A is drawn from RC1, only 7 A is available at GFCI1:

(240 V x 13 A) + (120 V x 7 A) = 4.0 kVA/kW

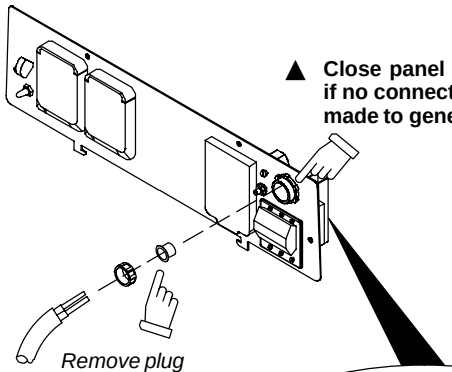
191 624

7-2. Connecting To Optional Three-Phase Generator (CC/CV Standard Models Only)

Single-Phase Power Connection



Three-Phase Power Connection



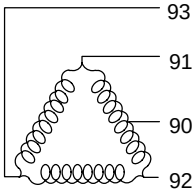
▲ **Close panel opening if no connections are made to generator.**

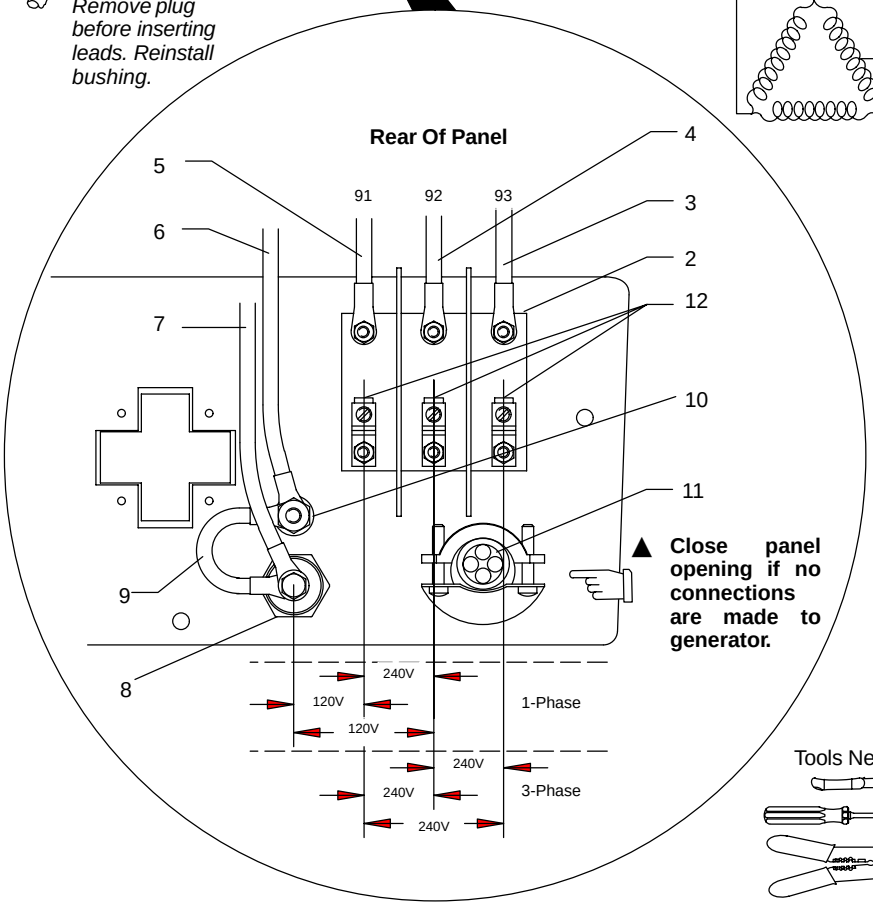
Remove plug before inserting leads. Reinstall bushing.

AC ∼ Output	Single Phase 1 ∼	Three Phase 3 ∼
Volts	120/240	240
Amps	50	48
KVA/KW	12	20
Frequency	60 Hz	
Engine Speed	1850 RPM	

Lead 42 connects to GROUND stud on front of unit.

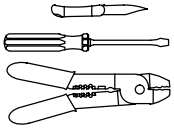
Jumper 42 is connected to 90 at factory.





▲ **Close panel opening if no connections are made to generator.**

Tools Needed:



☞ *Place Process/Contactor switch in Electrode Hot - Stick position when using three-phase generator (see Section 6-3).*

Single-Phase Generator Power

1 120/240 V 50 A Receptacle RC5

RC5 is connected to the optional three-phase generator and supplies 60 Hz single-phase power at weld/power speed. Maximum output from RC5 is 12 kVA/kW. Power available at RC5 is reduced when welding**.**

2 Circuit Breaker CB7

Circuit breaker CB7 protects single-phase receptacle RC5 and the load wires from overload. If CB7 opens, all three-phase generator output stops and the receptacle does not work.

Three-Phase Generator Power

▲ **Stop engine.**

▲ **Power and weld outputs are live at the same time. Disconnect or insulate unused cables.**

☞ *Have qualified person install according to circuit diagram and Generator Power Guidelines (see Section 13).*

Remove generator power panel mounting screws. Tilt panel forward.

3 Lead 93

4 Lead 92

5 Lead 91

6 Lead 42 (Circuit Grounding Lead)

7 Lead 90 (Neutral)

8 Isolated Neutral Terminal

9 Jumper Lead 42

10 Grounding Terminal

Jumper 42 is connected to lead 90 at factory. Jumper 42 may be disconnected from neutral to meet applicable electrical codes.

Lead 42 connects to front panel Ground stud.

11 User-Supplied Leads

12 Circuit Breaker CB7 User Terminals

Connect user-supplied leads to terminals on CB7 and to the isolated neutral terminal and grounding terminal as necessary.

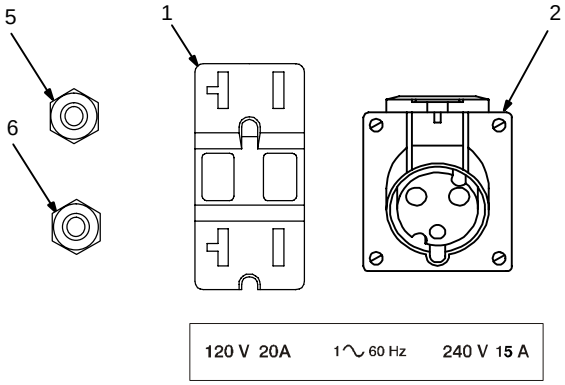
☞ *Circuit breaker CB7 protects single-phase receptacle RC5 and the load wires from overload. If CB7 opens, all three-phase generator output stops and the receptacle does not work.*

Reinstall generator power panel.

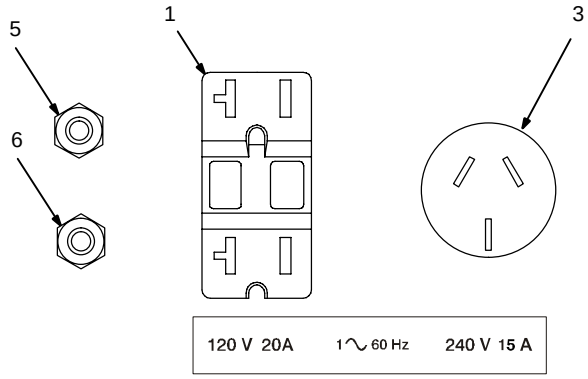
Ref. 197 399 / 802 332-B

7-3. Optional Generator Power Receptacles (Standard Models)

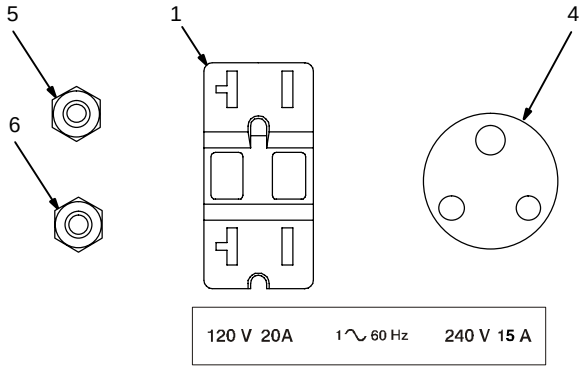
European Receptacle



Australian Receptacle



South African Receptacle



1 120 V 20 A AC GFCI Receptacle GFCI1

2 240 V 16 A AC European Receptacle RC1

3 240 V 15 A AC Australian Receptacle RC1

4 240 V 15 A AC South African Receptacle RC1

Receptacles supply 60 Hz single-phase power at weld/power speed.

If a ground fault is detected, the GFCI Reset button pops out and the receptacle does not work. Check for faulty tools plugged in receptacle. Press button to reset GFCI1.

☞ *At least once a month, run engine at weld/power speed and press test button to verify GFCI is working properly.*

5 Circuit Breaker CB2

6 Circuit Breaker CB3

CB2 protects GFCI1 from overload. If CB2 opens, GFCI1 does not work. Place button to reset breaker.

CB3 protects RC1 from overload. If CB3 opens, RC1 does not work. Press button to reset breaker.

☞ *If a circuit breaker continues to open, contact Factory Authorized Service Agent.*

☞ *Generator power is not affected by weld output.*

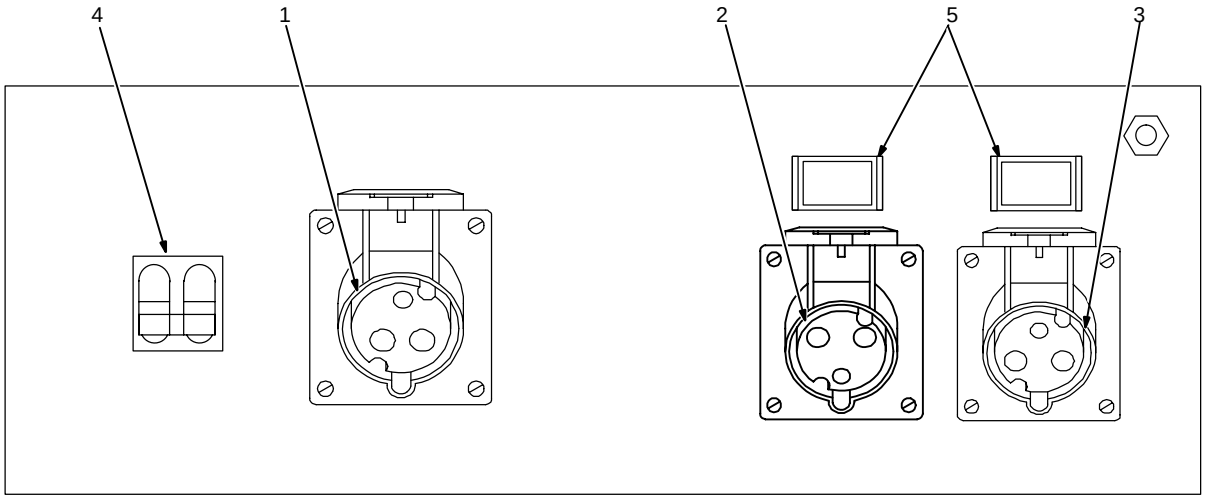
Maximum output is 2.4 kVA/kW from GFCI1 and 4 kVA/kW from RC1. Maximum output from all receptacles is 4 kVA/kW.

EXAMPLE: If 13 A is drawn from RC1, only 7 A is available at GFCI1:

(240 V x 13 A) + (120 V x 7 A) = 4.0 kVA/kW

191 624

7-4. Generator Power Receptacles (CE Models)



Ref. 204 258

☞ *Generator power is not affected by weld output.*

1 130 V 32 A AC Receptacle RC1

2 220 Volt 16 A AC Receptacle RC2

3 130 Volt 16 A AC Receptacle RC3

Receptacles supply 60 Hz single-phase power at weld/power speed.

4 Circuit Breaker CB1

5 Circuit Breakers CB2 And CB3

CB1 protects RC1 and the generator winding from overload. If CB1 opens, RC1 and RC2 do not work. Place switch in On position to reset breaker.

CB2 protects RC2, and CB3 protects RC3 from overload. If a circuit breaker opens, the receptacle does not work. Place switch in On position to reset breaker.

☞ *If a circuit breaker continues to open, contact Factory Authorized Service Agent.*

Maximum output is 4 kVA/kW from RC1 and 2.2 kVA/kW from RC2 or RC3. Maximum output from all receptacles is 4 kVA/kW.

Combined output of receptacles is limited to 4 kVA/kW output of generator. If maximum output is exceeded, auxiliary equipment will stop or not run properly.

EXAMPLE: If 20 A is drawn from RC1, only 8 A is available at each of the other receptacles.

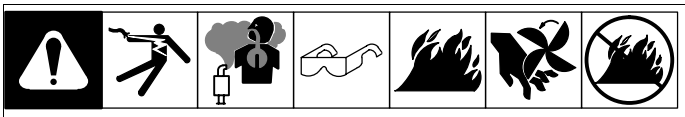
(110 V x 20 A) + (110 V x 8 A) + (110 V x 8 A) = 4 kVA/kW.

SECTION 8 – MAINTENANCE (DEUTZ F4L1011–POWERED UNITS)

Note ☞ *The oil/filter maintenance intervals are different for the Deutz F4L1011 and F3L912 engines (see maintenance schedules following).*

Note ☞ *Follow the storage procedure in the engine owner's manual if the unit will not be used for an extended period.*

8-1. Routine Maintenance (Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units)



Recycle engine fluids.

▲ **Stop engine before maintaining.**

☞ *See also Engine Manual and Maintenance Label. Service engine more often if used in severe conditions.*

* To be done by Factory Authorized Service Agent.

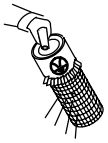
Every 8 h

Wipe Up Spills.

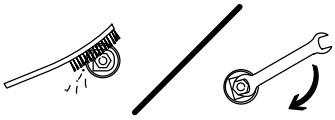
Check Fluid Levels. See Section 4-9.

Drain Water From Fuel System. See Section 8-6.

Every 50 h

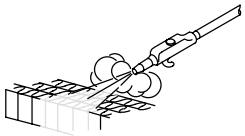


Clean Air Filter. See Section 8-3.

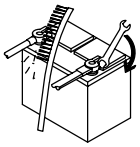


Clean And Tighten Weld Terminals.

Every 100 h

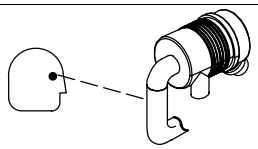


Clean Cooling System.



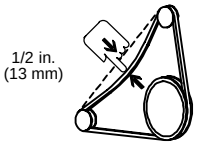
Clean And Tighten Battery Connections.

Check air cleaner hoses for cracks and loose clamps.

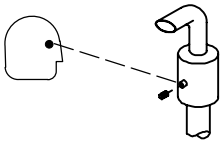


Every 250 h

Replace Unreadable Labels.

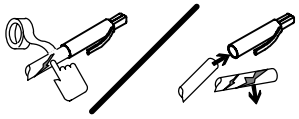


Check Belt Tension.



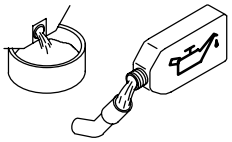
Check And Clean Spark Arrestor. See Section 8-4.

Every 500 h

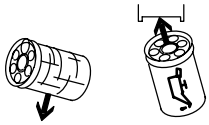


Repair Or Replace Cracked Cables.

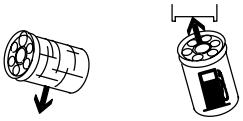
Every 1000 h



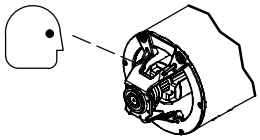
Change Oil. See Section 8-6.



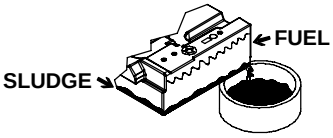
Change Oil Filter. See Section 8-6. Service more often in dirty conditions.



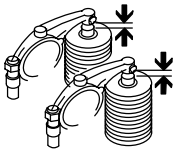
Change Fuel Filters. See Section 8-6.



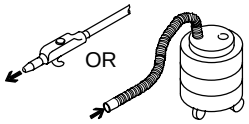
Service Welding Generator Brushes And Slip Rings. Service More Often In Dirty Conditions.*



Drain Sludge From Fuel Tank. See Section 8-6.

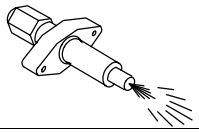


Check Valve Clearance.*



Blow Out Or Vacuum Inside. During Heavy Service, Clean Monthly.

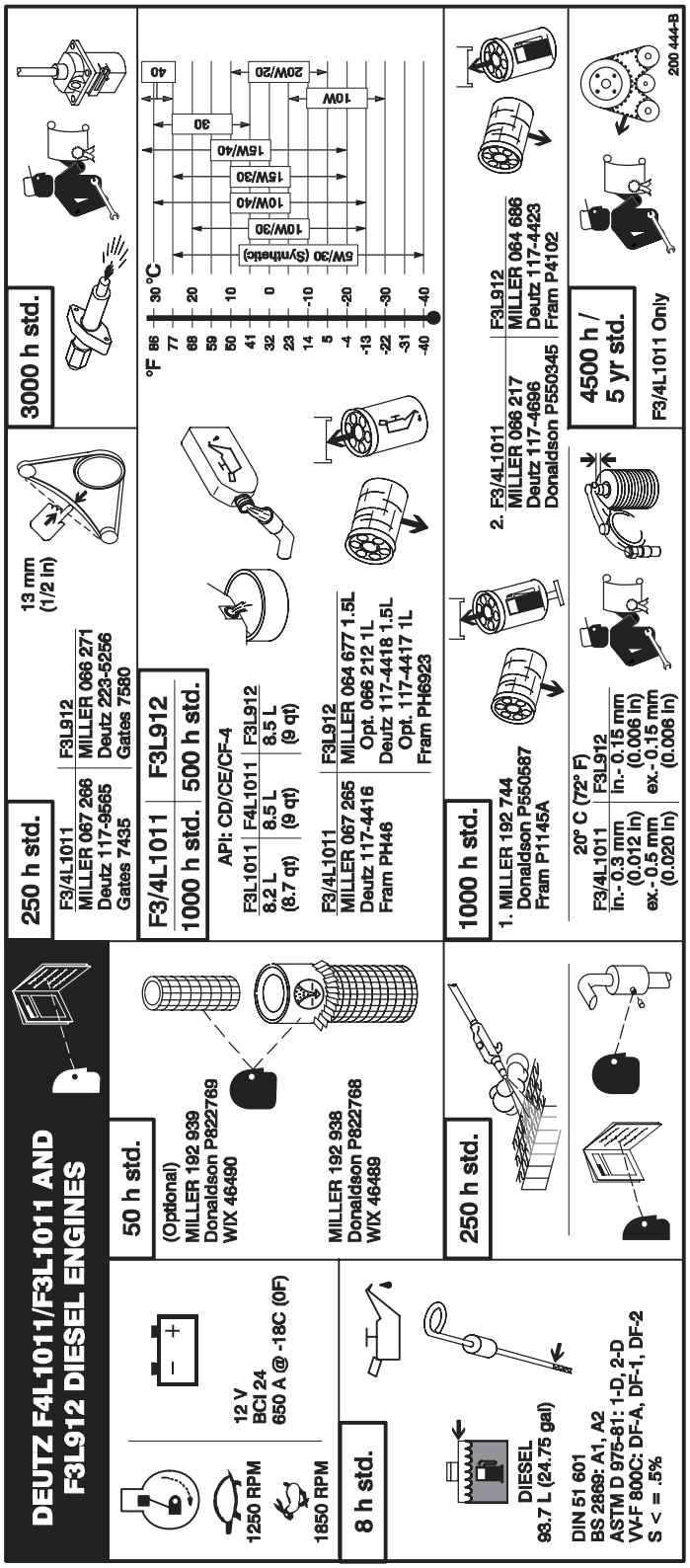
Every 3000 h



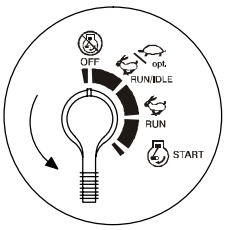
Clean/Set Injectors.*

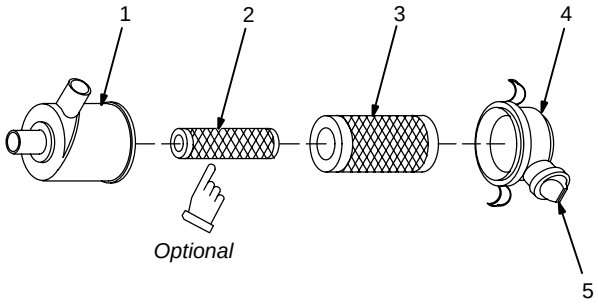
Notes

8-2. Maintenance Labels



8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units)





▲ **Stop engine.**

▲ **Do not run engine without air cleaner or with dirty element. Engine damage caused by using a damaged element is not covered by the warranty.**

☞ *The air cleaner primary element can be cleaned but the dirt holding capacity of the filter is reduced with each cleaning. The chance of dirt reaching the clean side of the filter while cleaning and the possibility of filter damage makes cleaning a risk. Consider the risk of unwarrantable equipment damage when determining whether to clean or replace the primary element.*

If you decide to clean the primary element, we strongly recommend installing an optional safety element to provide additional engine protection. ***Never clean a safety element.*** *Replace the safety element after servicing the primary element three times.*

Clean or replace primary element if dirty (see note above before cleaning). **Replace** primary element if damaged. Replace primary element yearly or after six cleanings.

1 Housing

2 Safety Element (Optional)

3 Primary Element

4 Dust Cap

5 Dust Ejector

To clean air filter:

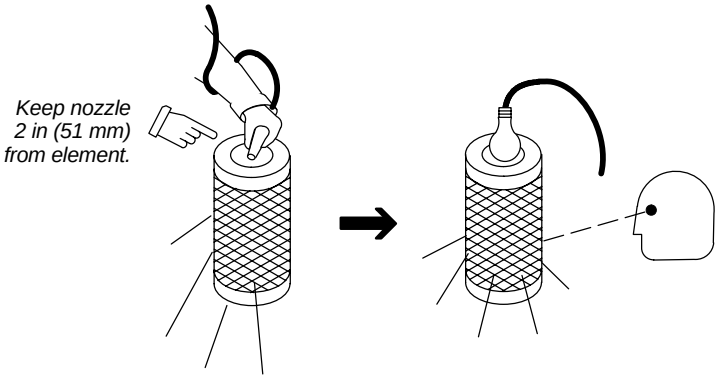
Wipe off cap and housing. Remove cap and dump out dust. Remove element(s). Wipe dust from inside cap and housing with damp cloth. Reinstall safety element (if present). Reinstall cap.

▲ **Do not clean housing with air hose.**

Clean primary element with compressed air only.

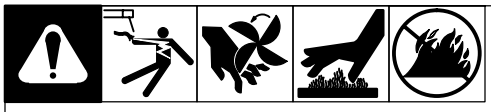
Air pressure must not exceed 100 psi (690 kPa). Use 1/8 in (3 mm) nozzle and keep nozzle at least 2 in (51 mm) from inside of element. Replace primary element if it has holes or damaged gaskets.

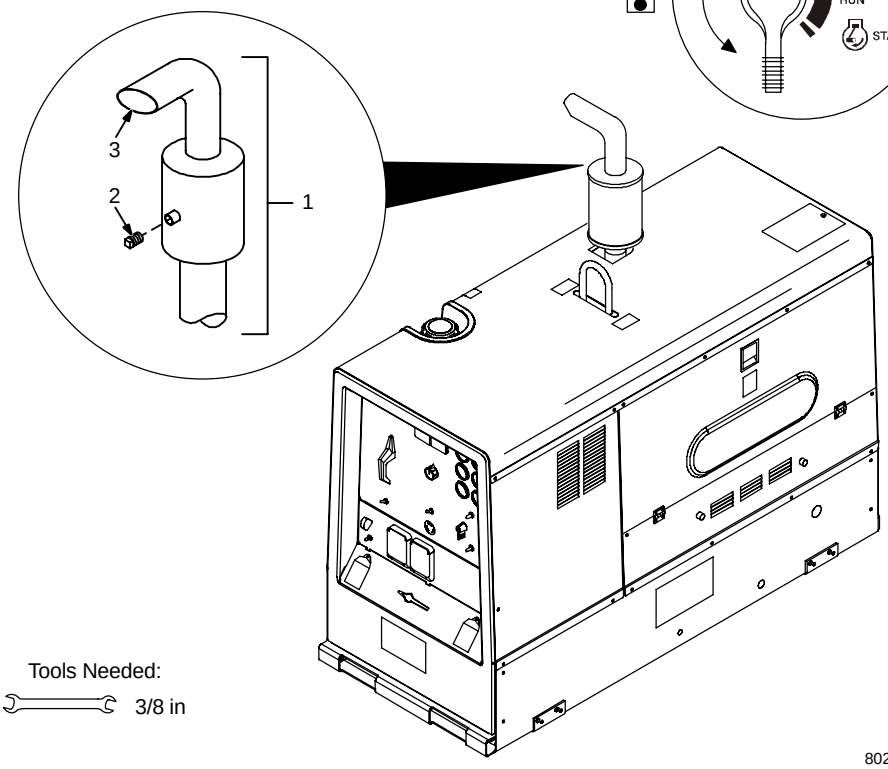
Reinstall primary element and cap (dust ejector down).



aircleaner1 9/00 – ST-153 929-B / ST-153 585 / Ref. S-0698-B

8-4. Inspecting/Cleaning Optional Spark Arrestor (Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units)





▲ **Stop engine and let cool.**

1 Spark Arrestor Muffler

2 Cleanout Plug

Remove plug and remove any dirt covering cleanout hole.

3 Exhaust Pipe

Start engine and run at idle speed to blow out cleanout hole. If nothing blows out of hole, briefly cover end of exhaust pipe with fireproof material.

▲ **Stop engine and let cool.**

Reinstall cleanout plug.

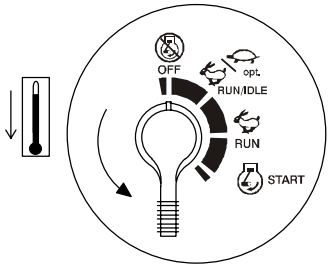
Tools Needed:

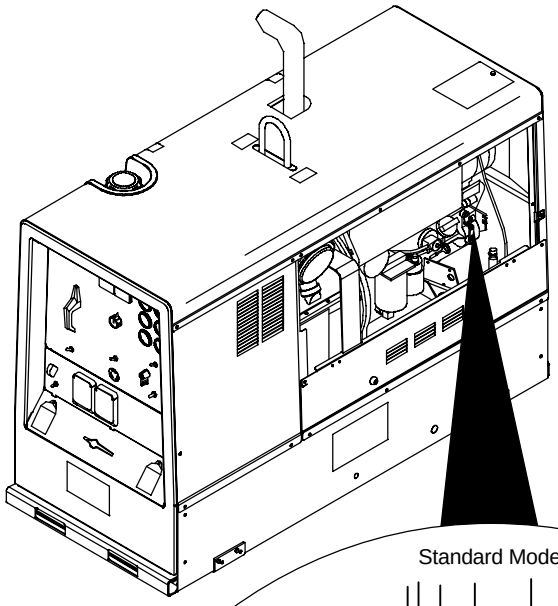
3/8 in

802 170-A / Ref. 202 705 / Ref. 802 311-A / Ref. 802 160-B

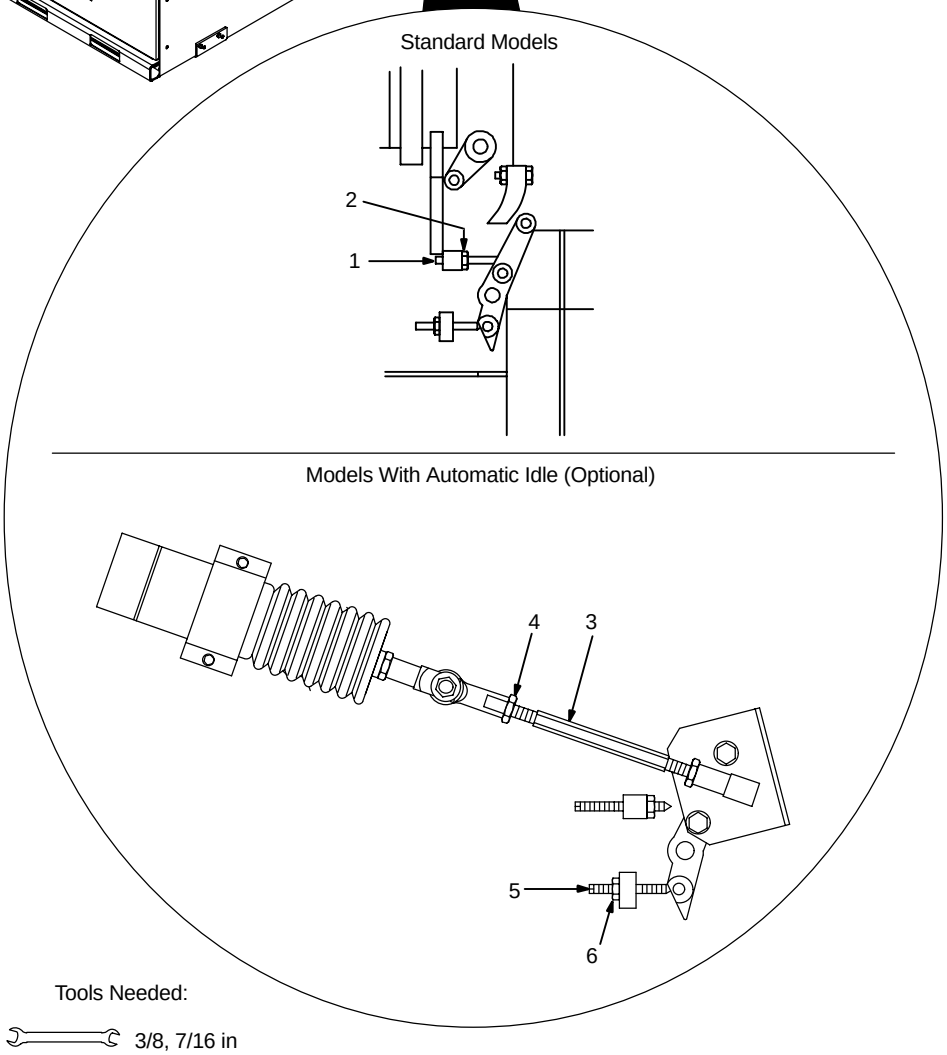
Notes

8-5. Adjusting Engine Speed (Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units)





	1850 rpm Max. (61.6 Hz)
	1250 rpm (41.5 Hz)



Tools Needed:

3/8, 7/16 in

▲ **Stop engine and let cool.**

Engine speed is factory set and should not require adjustment. After tuning engine, check engine no load speed with a tachometer or frequency meter (see table for no load speeds). If necessary, adjust speed as follows:

Start engine and run until warm.

On CC Models, place Stick/TIG switch in Stick position.

On CC/CV models, turn Process/Contactor switch to Stick – Electrode Hot position.

Standard Models:

1 Engine Speed Adjustment Screw

2 Locking Nut

Loosen nut. Turn screw until engine runs at weld/power speed. Tighten nut.

☞ *Do not set engine speed higher than specified.*

Models With Automatic Idle (Optional)

3 Throttle Rod

4 Locknut

Loosen locknuts. Place engine control switch in Run/Idle position.

Turn throttle rod until engine runs at idle speed. Tighten locknuts.

5 Engine Speed Adjustment Screw

6 Locknut

Place engine control switch in Run position.

Loosen locknut. Turn screw until engine runs at weld/power speed. Tighten locknut.

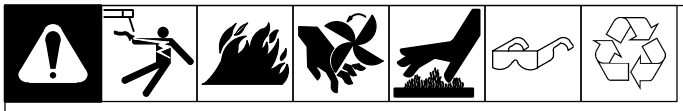
☞ *Do not set engine speed higher than specified.*

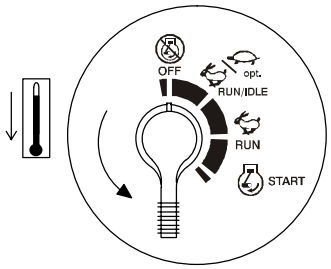
▲ **Stop engine.**

Close door.

802 313-A

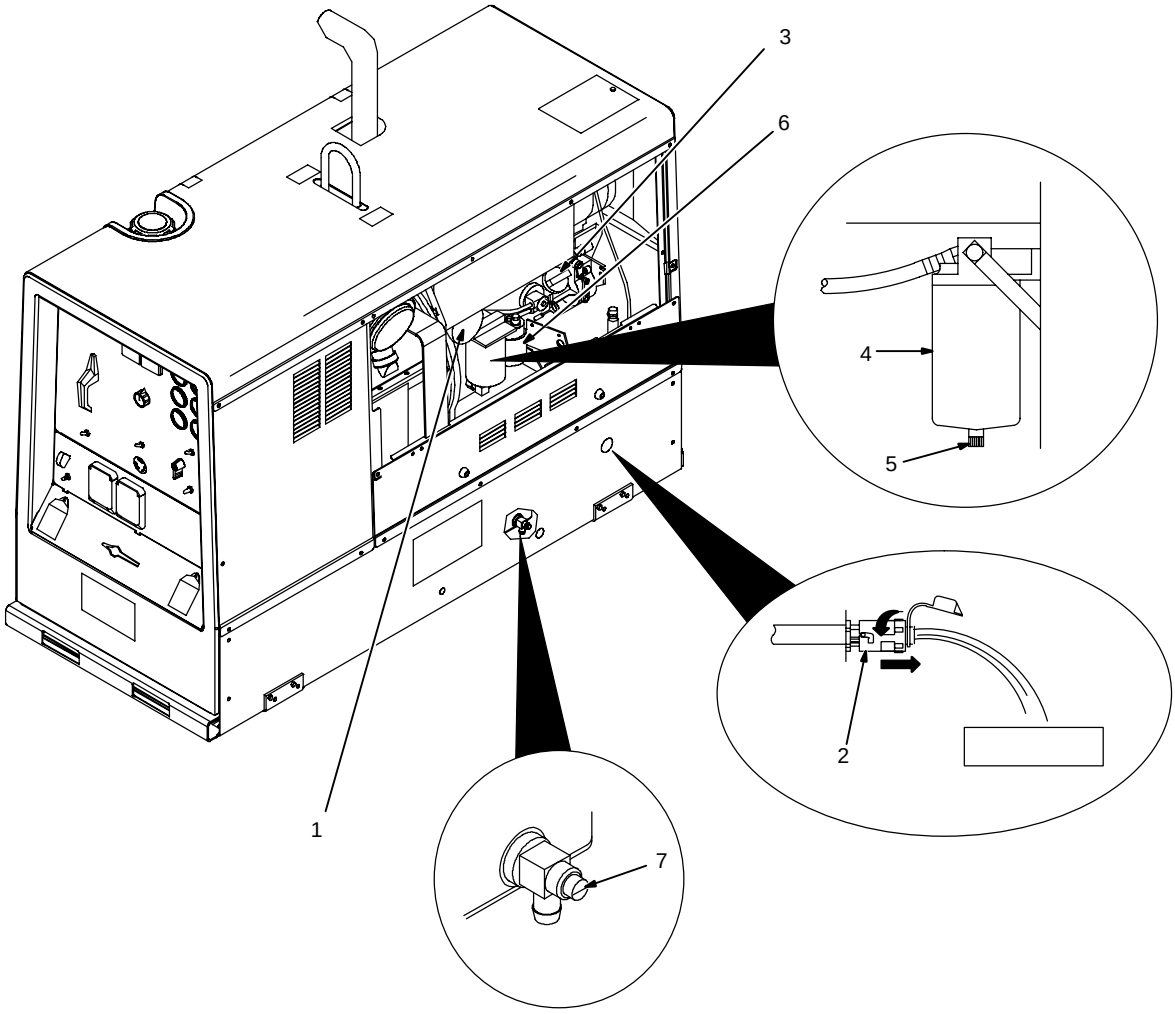
8-6. Servicing Fuel And Lubrication Systems (Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units)





Tools Needed:

7/16, 11/16 in



Ref. 800 159-E / Ref. 802 170 / 802 313-A

▲ **Stop engine and let cool.**

▲ **After servicing, start engine and check for fuel leaks. Stop engine, tighten connections as necessary, and wipe up spilled fuel.**

1 Oil Filter
2 Oil Drain Valve And Hose
3 Oil Fill Cap
4 Primary Fuel Filter (Fuel/Water Separator)
5 Petcock
6 Secondary Fuel Filter
7 Fuel Tank Sludge Drain Valve

To change oil and filter:

Route oil drain hose and valve through hole in base. See engine manual and engine maintenance label for oil/filter change information.

To drain water from fuel system:

Open primary fuel filter petcock and drain water into metal container. Close petcock when water-free fuel flows.

To replace primary fuel filter:

Turn filter counterclockwise. Remove filter.

Apply thin coat of fuel to gasket on new filter. Fill filter with fuel. Install filter and turn clockwise. Bleed air from fuel system according to engine manual.

Inspect fuel line, and replace if cracked or worn.

To replace secondary fuel filter:

See engine manual.

Close doors.

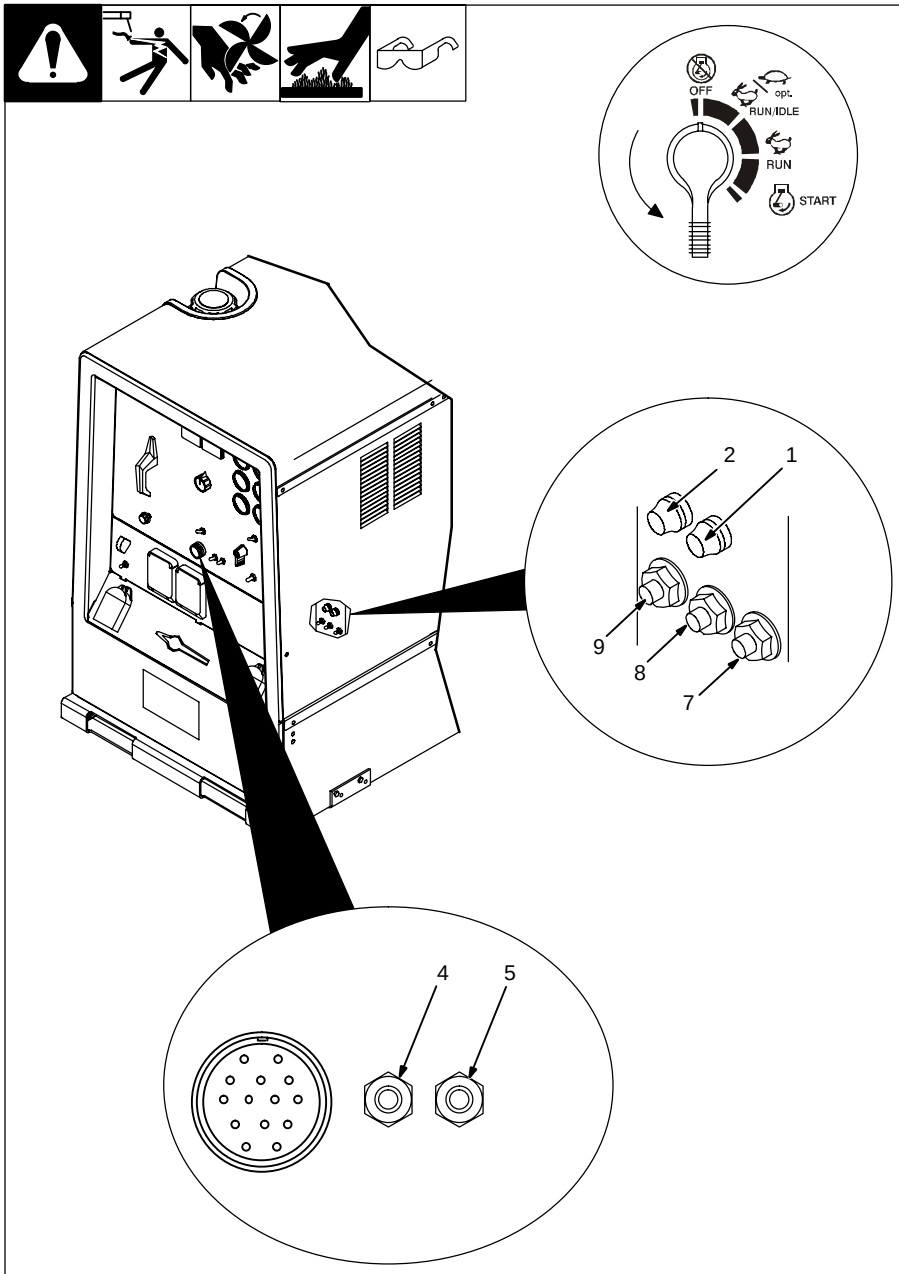
To drain sludge from fuel tank:

▲ **Beware of fire. Do not smoke and keep sparks and flames away from drained fuel. Dispose of drained fuel in an environmentally-safe manner. Do not leave unit unattended while draining fuel tank.**

▲ **Properly lift unit and secure in a level position. Use adequate blocks or stands to support unit while draining fuel tank.**

Attach 1/2 ID hose to drain valve. Put metal container under drain, and use screwdriver to open sludge drain valve. Close valve when sludge has drained. Remove hose.

8-7. Overload Protection (Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units)



▲ **Stop engine.**

☞ *When a circuit breaker or fuse opens, it usually indicates a more serious problem exists. Contact Factory Authorized Service Agent.*

1 Fuse F1

2 Fuse F2

F1 and F2 protect the stator exciter winding from overload. If F1 opens, weld and generator power is low or stops entirely. If F2 opens, weld output is low or stops entirely. 4 kVA/kW generator power is still available.

3 Circuit Breaker CB4 (Not Shown)

4 Circuit Breaker CB5 (CC/CV Models Only)

5 Circuit Breaker CB23 (CC/CV Models Only)

6 Circuit Breaker CB10 (Not Shown)

7 Circuit Breaker CB11

8 Circuit Breaker CB12

9 Circuit Breaker CB13

10 Circuit Breaker CB14 (Optional – Not Shown)

CB4 protects the welding arc drive (dig) circuit. If CB4 opens, electrode may stick to the workpiece more frequently during low voltage (short arc length) conditions. CB4 automatically resets when the fault is corrected.

CB5 protects the 24 volt ac output to remote receptacle RC14, and 24 volt output to field current regulator board PC1 (CC/CV models only). If CB5 opens, weld output and 24 volt output to RC14 stops. On units with optional three-phase generator, generator power output at receptacle RC5 also stops if CB5 opens.

CB23 protects the 115 volt ac output to remote receptacle RC14 (CC/CV models only). If CB23 opens, 115 volt output to RC14 stops.

CB10 protects the engine battery circuit. If CB10 opens, the engine will not crank. CB10 automatically resets when the fault is corrected.

CB11 protects the engine wiring harness. On CC models, if CB11 opens the max OCV circuit does not work and open circuit voltage is variable at all times (see max OCV note under Weld Controls in Section 5-2). If CB11 opens on CC/CV models, weld output stops (generator power is still available).

CB12 protects the field flashing circuit. If CB12 opens, the generator may not excite at start-up and weld and generator power output may not be available.

CB13 protects the engine shutdown circuit. If CB13 opens, the engine cranks but does not start.

CB14 protects the throttle solenoid on units with the auto idle option. If CB14 opens, the engine will not run at idle speed. CB14 automatically resets when the fault is corrected.

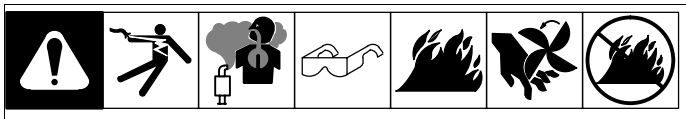
Press button to reset breaker.

802 170-D / Ref. 802 311

SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE (DEUTZ F3L912–POWERED UNITS)

Note ☞ *Follow the storage procedure in the engine owner's manual if the unit will not be used for an extended period.*

9-1. Routine Maintenance (Deutz F3L912-Powered Units)



Recycle engine fluids.

▲ **Stop engine before maintaining.**

☞ *See also Engine Manual and Maintenance Label. Service engine more often if used in severe conditions.*

* To be done by Factory Authorized Service Agent.

Every 8 h

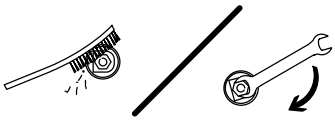
Wipe Up Spills.

Check Fluid Levels. See Section 4-9.

Drain Water From Fuel System. See Section 9-7.

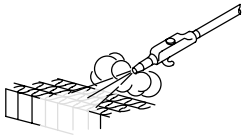
Every 50 h

Clean Air Filter. See Section 9-3.

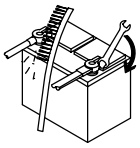


Clean And Tighten Weld Terminals.

Every 100 h

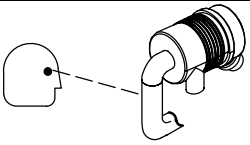


Clean Cooling System.

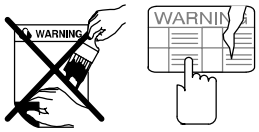


Clean And Tighten Battery Connections.

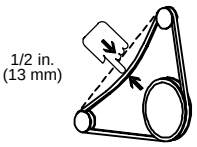
Check air cleaner hoses for cracks and loose clamps.



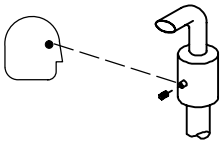
Every 250 h



Replace Unreadable Labels.

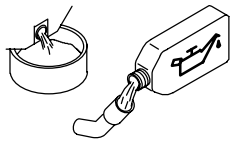


Check Belt Tension.

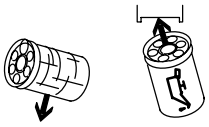


Check And Clean Spark Arrestor. See Section 9-4.

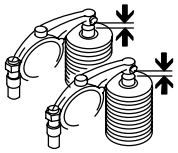
Every 500 h



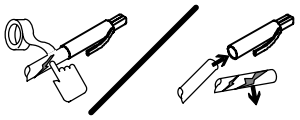
Change Oil. See Section 9-7.



Change Oil Filter. See Section 9-7. Service more often in dirty conditions.

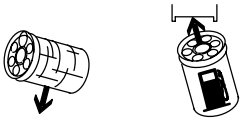


Check Valve Clearance.*

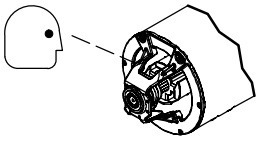


Repair Or Replace Cracked Cables.

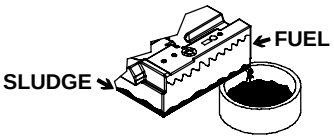
Every 1000 h



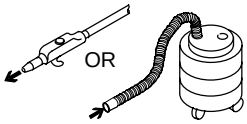
Change Fuel Filters. See Section 9-7.



Service Welding Generator Brushes And Slip Rings. Service More Often In Dirty Conditions.*

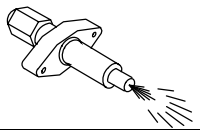


Drain Sludge From Fuel Tank. See Section 9-7.



Blow Out Or Vacuum Inside. During Heavy Service, Clean Monthly.

Every 3000 h



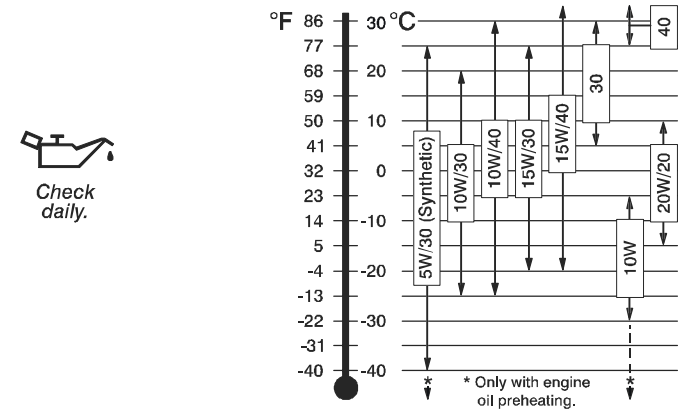
Clean/Set Injectors.*

Notes

9-2. Maintenance Label

DEUTZ F4L1011FL/F3L1011F AND F3L912 DIESEL ENGINES

See Engine Manual for complete engine care.
Give Engine Specification and Serial Number when ordering parts.



Check daily.

	F4L1011FL	F3L1011F	F3L912
Recommended Oil			
... API Service Classification	CF/4	CF/4	CF/4
Oil Change & Filter			
... dirty conditions	500 hours	500 hours	125 hours or less
... normal conditions	1000 hours	1000 hours	250-500 hours
Oil Filter	MILLER 067 265 Deutz 117-4416 Fram PH46	MILLER 067 265 Deutz 116-4626 Fram PH46	MILLER 064 677 Deutz 117-4418 Fram PH6923
Oil Capacity	8.5 qts. (8.0L)	5.8 qts. (5.5L)	8.5 qts. (8.0L)
... with filter change	9 qts. (8.5L)	6.2 qts. (5.9L)	9 qts. (8.5L)

	F41011FL/F3L1011F	F3L912
Primary Fuel Filter/Water Seperator ..	MILLER 192 744 Donaldson P550587 Fram P1145A	MILLER 192 744 Donaldson P550587 Fram P1145A
Secondary Fuel Filter	MILLER 066 217 Deutz 117-4696 Donaldson P550345	MILLER 064 686 Deutz 117-4423 Fram P4102
Fuel Capacity	24.75 gal (93.7L)	24.75 gal (93.7L)
Fuel Grade	1-D or 2-D Cetane No. 40 min.	1-D or 2-D Cetane No. 40 min.

Diesel

Fill filter with clean fuel before installing - read instructions on filter.

Air Filter Service ..... 50 hours or less - see Owner's Manual
Air Filter Element ..... MILLER 192938, Donaldson P822 768, Wix 46489
Air Filter Safety Element (Opt.) ..... MILLER 192939, Donaldson 822 769, Wix 46490

Blower Belt
F4L1011FL/F3L1011F ..... MILLER 067266, Deutz 117-9565, Gates 7435
F3L912 ..... MILLER 066271, Deutz 223-5256, Gates 7580
Avoid recirculation of air from hot air exit to blower intake.

Battery ..... BCI Group 24
Cranking Performance at 0°F (-18°C) ..... 650 Amps

Engine RPM - No Load
Weld 1850
Idle (Opt) 1250
Idle Option is not available on F3L912

Valve Clearance - Cold

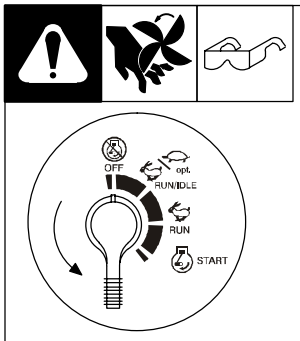
	F4L1011FL/F3L1011F	F3L912
Intake	.012 in(.3 mm)	.006 in(.15 mm)
Exhaust	.020 in(.5 mm)	.006 in(.15 mm)

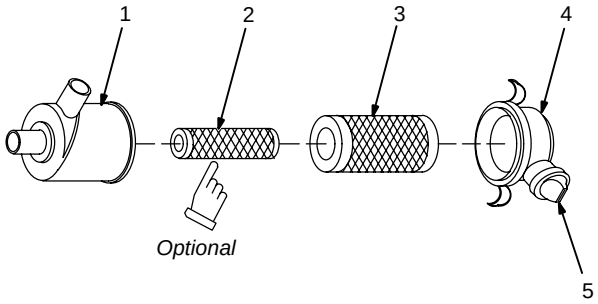
Have only trained technician maintain injection pump and injectors. AIR, WATER, or GASOLINE will harm the injection system. If engine has run out of fuel or fuel filter is changed, bleeding of air may be required. Injectors should be checked annually. Check engine manual for proper procedure.

Spark Arrestor Inspection And Service ..... 250 operating hours - see Owner's Manual

192 506-D

9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Deutz F3L912-Powered Units)





▲ **Stop engine.**

▲ **Do not run engine without air cleaner or with dirty element. Engine damage caused by using a damaged element is not covered by the warranty.**

☞ *The air cleaner primary element can be cleaned but the dirt holding capacity of the filter is reduced with each cleaning. The chance of dirt reaching the clean side of the filter while cleaning and the possibility of filter damage makes cleaning a risk. Consider the risk of unwarrantable equipment damage when determining whether to clean or replace the primary element.*

If you decide to clean the primary element, we strongly recommend installing an optional safety element to provide additional engine protection. ***Never clean a safety element.*** *Replace the safety element after servicing the primary element three times.*

Clean or replace primary element if dirty (see note above before cleaning). **Replace** primary element if damaged. Replace primary element yearly or after six cleanings.

1 Housing

2 Safety Element (Optional)

3 Primary Element

4 Dust Cap

5 Dust Ejector

To clean air filter:

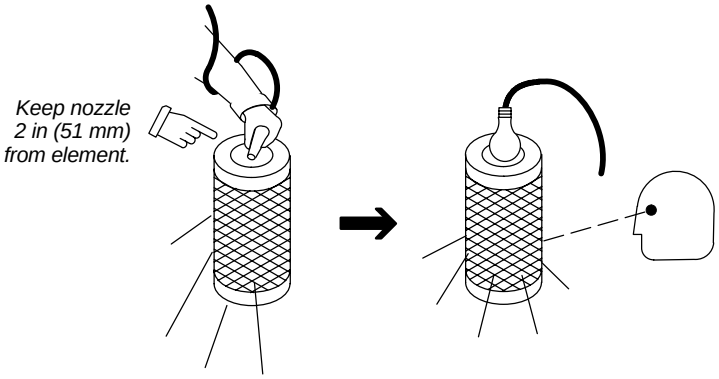
Wipe off cap and housing. Remove cap and dump out dust. Remove element(s). Wipe dust from inside cap and housing with damp cloth. Reinstall safety element (if present). Reinstall cap.

▲ **Do not clean housing with air hose.**

Clean primary element with compressed air only.

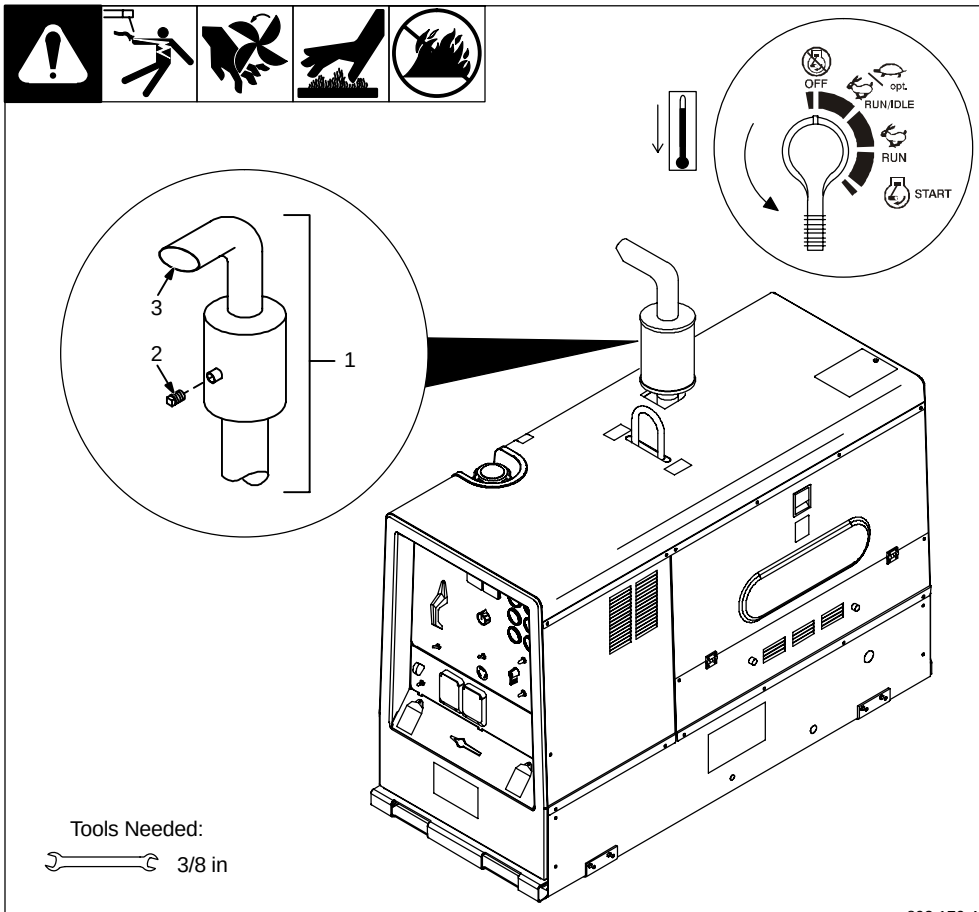
Air pressure must not exceed 100 psi (690 kPa). Use 1/8 in (3 mm) nozzle and keep nozzle at least 2 in (51 mm) from inside of element. Replace primary element if it has holes or damaged gaskets.

Reinstall primary element and cap (dust ejector down).



aircleaner1 9/00 – ST-153 929-B / ST-153 585 / Ref. S-0698-B

9-4. Inspecting/Cleaning Optional Spark Arrestor (Deutz F3L912-Powered Units)



▲ **Stop engine and let cool.**

1 Spark Arrestor Muffler

2 Cleanout Plug

Remove plug and remove any dirt covering cleanout hole.

3 Exhaust Pipe

Start engine and run at idle speed to blow out cleanout hole. If nothing blows out of hole, briefly cover end of exhaust pipe with fireproof material.

▲ **Stop engine and let cool.**

Reinstall cleanout plug.

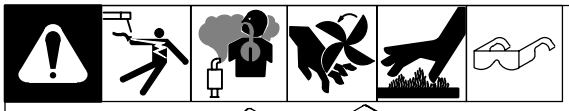
Tools Needed:

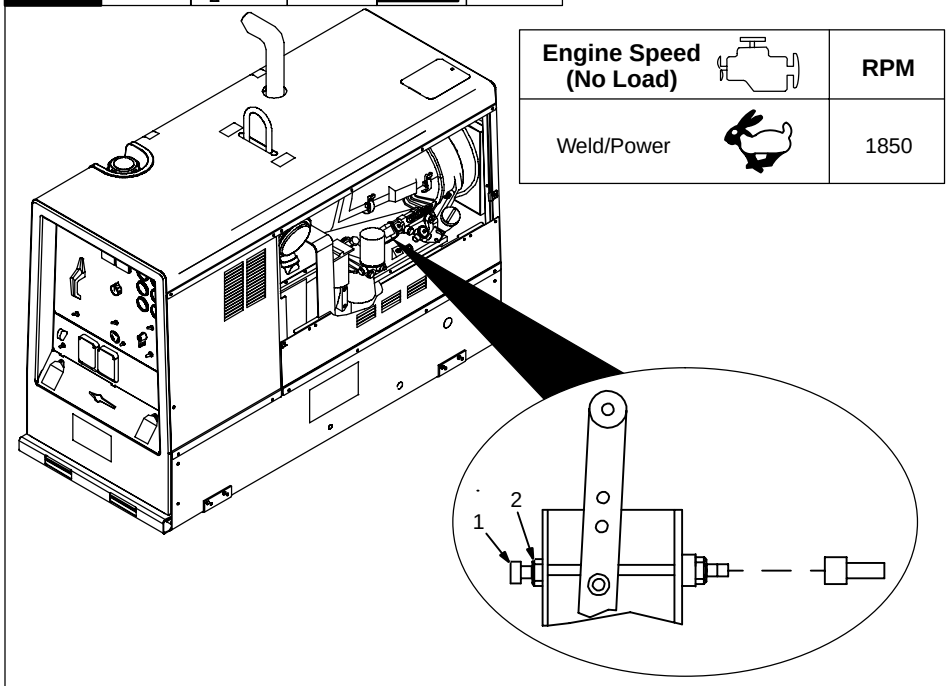
3/8 in

802 170-A / Ref. 202 705 / Ref. 802 311-A / Ref. 802 160-B

Notes

9-5. Adjusting Engine Speed (Deutz F3L912-Powered Units)





Engine Speed (No Load)	RPM
Weld/Power	1850

▲ **Stop engine.**

Engine speeds have been factory set and should not require adjustment. After tuning engine, check engine speeds with a tachometer. See table for proper no load speed. If necessary, adjust speed as follows:

1 Speed Adjustment Screw

2 Locknut

Loosen nut. Start engine.

Turn screw until engine runs at weld/power speed. Tighten locknut.

☞ *Do not set engine speed higher than specified.*

▲ **Stop engine.**

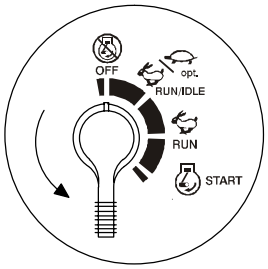
Close side door.

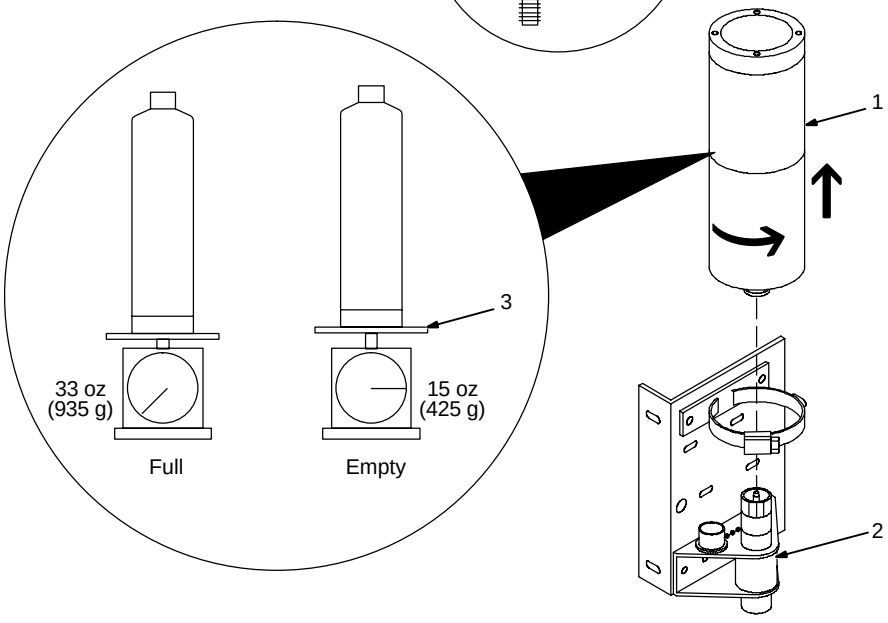
Tools Needed:

9/16, 7/8 in

802 398 / 134 730-C

9-6. Servicing Optional Ether Starting Aid (Deutz F3L912-Powered Units)





▲ **Stop engine.**

▲ **Improper handling or exposure to ether can harm your health. Follow manufacturer's safety instructions on cylinder.**

If engine does not start in cold weather, check ether cylinder as follows:

Remove cylinder from valve.

1 Ether Cylinder

2 Valve

3 Scale

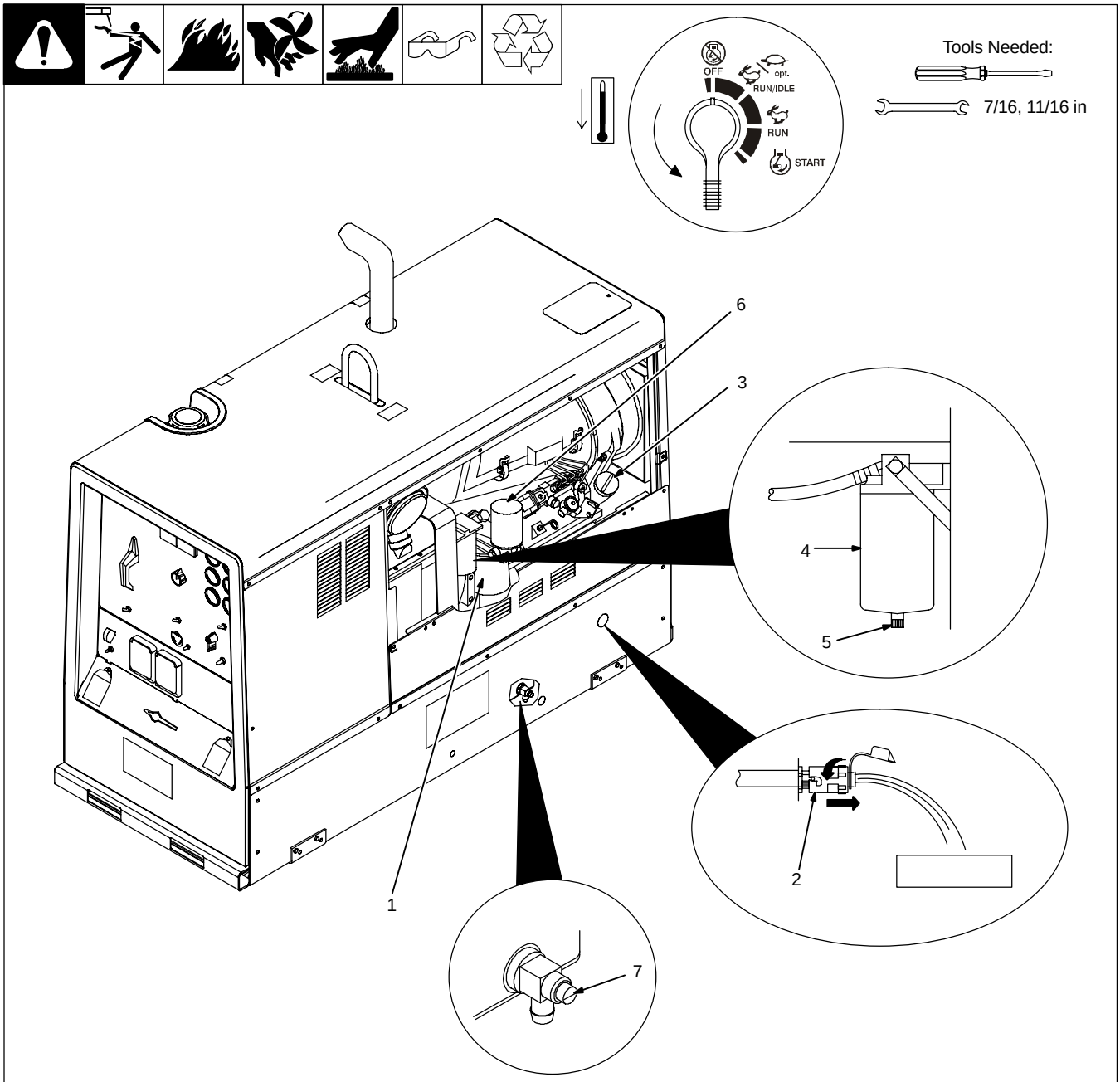
Weigh cylinder to see if it is empty.

Be sure atomizer is not plugged and valve fitting is clean.

Replace cylinder according to Section 4-8.

ether2 7/96 – ST-153 382-A / Ref. 202 705 / S-0692

9-7. Servicing Fuel And Lubrication Systems (Deutz F3L912-Powered Units)



Ref. 800 159-E / Ref. 802 170 / 802 398

▲ **Stop engine and let cool.**

▲ **After servicing, start engine and check for fuel leaks. Stop engine, tighten connections as necessary, and wipe up spilled fuel.**

1 Oil Filter

2 Oil Drain Valve And Hose

3 Oil Fill Cap

4 Primary Fuel Filter (Fuel/Water Separator)

5 Petcock

6 Secondary Fuel Filter

7 Fuel Tank Sludge Drain Valve

To change oil and filter:

Route oil drain hose and valve through hole in base. See engine manual and engine maintenance label for oil/filter change information.

To drain water from fuel system:

Open primary fuel filter petcock and drain water into metal container. Close petcock when water-free fuel flows.

To replace primary fuel filter:

Turn filter counterclockwise. Remove filter.

Apply thin coat of fuel to gasket on new filter. Fill filter with fuel. Install filter and turn clockwise. Bleed air from fuel system according to engine manual.

Inspect fuel line, and replace if cracked or worn.

To replace secondary fuel filter:

See engine manual.

Close doors.

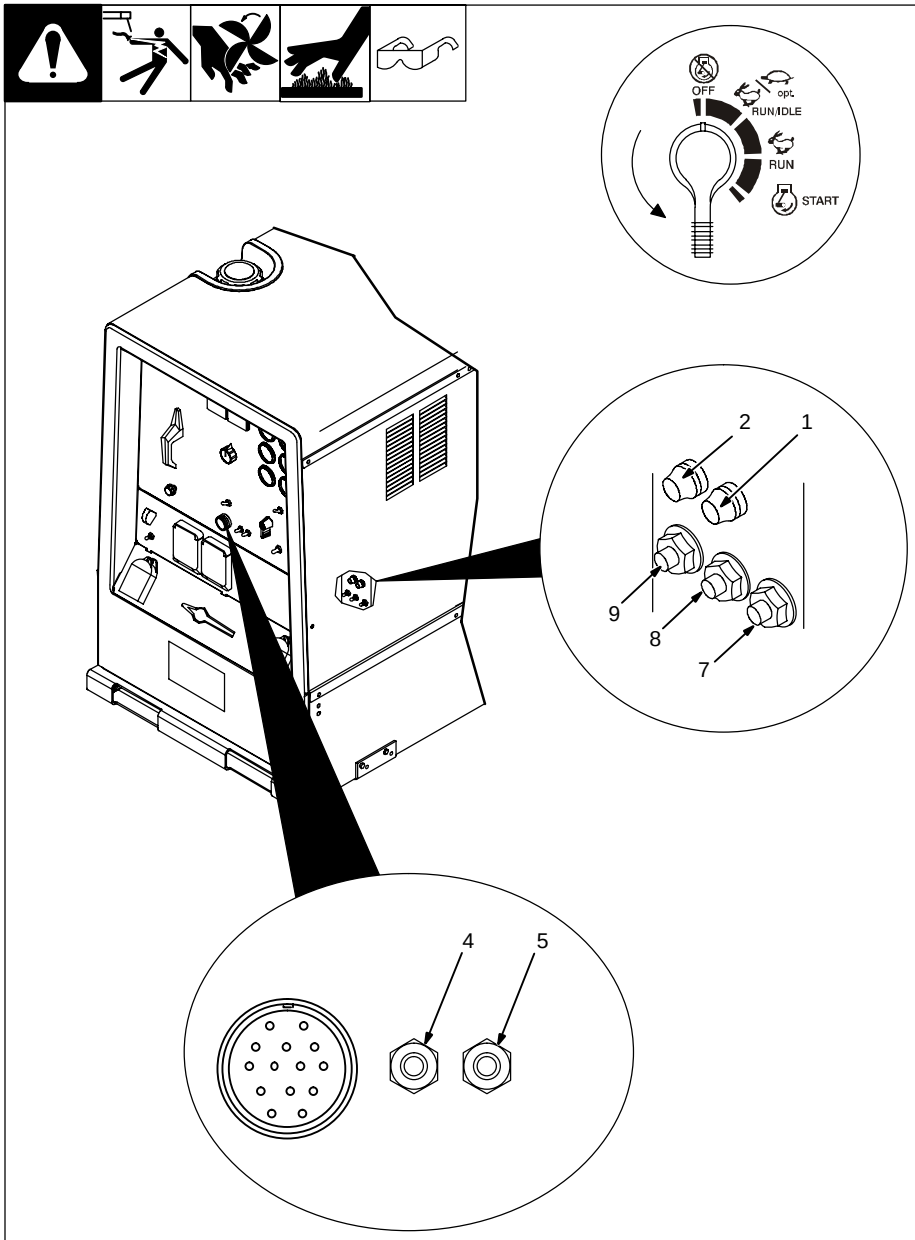
To drain sludge from fuel tank:

▲ **Beware of fire. Do not smoke and keep sparks and flames away from drained fuel. Dispose of drained fuel in an environmentally-safe manner. Do not leave unit unattended while draining fuel tank.**

▲ **Properly lift unit and secure in a level position. Use adequate blocks or stands to support unit while draining fuel tank.**

Attach 1/2 ID hose to drain valve. Put metal container under drain, and use screwdriver to open sludge drain valve. Close valve when sludge has drained. Remove hose.

9-8. Overload Protection (Deutz F3L912-Powered Units)



▲ **Stop engine.**

☞ *When a circuit breaker or fuse opens, it usually indicates a more serious problem exists. Contact Factory Authorized Service Agent.*

1 Fuse F1

2 Fuse F2

F1 and F2 protect the stator exciter winding from overload. If F1 opens, weld and generator power is low or stops entirely. If F2 opens, weld output is low or stops entirely. 4 kVA/kW generator power is still available.

3 Circuit Breaker CB4 (Not Shown)

4 Circuit Breaker CB5 (CC/CV Models Only)

5 Circuit Breaker CB23 (CC/CV Models Only)

6 Circuit Breaker CB10 (Not Shown)

7 Circuit Breaker CB11

8 Circuit Breaker CB12

9 Circuit Breaker CB13

9 Circuit Breaker CB14 (Not Shown)

CB4 protects the welding arc drive (dig) circuit. If CB4 opens, electrode may stick to the workpiece more frequently during low voltage (short arc length) conditions. CB4 automatically resets when the fault is corrected.

CB5 protects the 24 volt ac output to remote receptacle RC14, and 24 volt output to field current regulator board PC1 (CC/CV models only). If CB5 opens, weld output and 24 volt output to RC14 stops. On units with optional three-phase generator, power output at receptacle RC5 also stops if CB5 opens.

CB23 protects the 115 volt ac output to remote receptacle RC14 (CC/CV models only). If CB23 opens, 115 volt output to RC14 stops.

CB10 protects the engine battery circuit. If CB10 opens, the engine will not crank. CB10 automatically resets when the fault is corrected.

CB11 protects the engine wiring harness. On CC models, if CB11 opens the max OCV circuit does not work and open circuit voltage is variable at all times (see max OCV note under Weld Controls in Section 5-2). If CB11 opens on CC/CV models, weld output stops (generator power is still available).

CB12 protects the field flashing circuit. If CB12 opens, the generator may not excite at start-up and weld and generator power output may not be available.

CB13 protects the engine shutdown circuit. If CB13 opens, the engine cranks but does not start.

CB14 protects the engine fuel solenoid. If CB14 opens, the engine will not start. CB14 automatically resets when the fault is corrected.

Press button to reset breaker.

Ref. 802 313-A

SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING

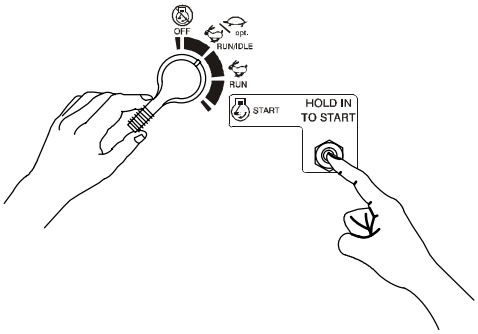
10-1. Diagnosing Causes Of Engine Fault Shutdowns

Use the front panel engine lights to help determine the cause of an automatic engine shutdown.

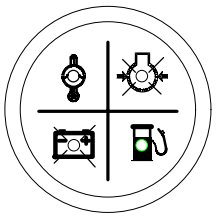
☞ *Correct the cause of the shutdown before operating the welding generator.*

☞ *This unit does not have a battery charging fault shutdown. The engine continues to run if the Battery Charging Light goes on.*

Pre-Start Diagnostic Checks



Turn Engine Control Switch To Run/Idle Position While Pressing Magnetic Shutdown Switch.



Normal Condition:
Oil Pressure Light On;
Battery Charging And Temperature Lights Off.

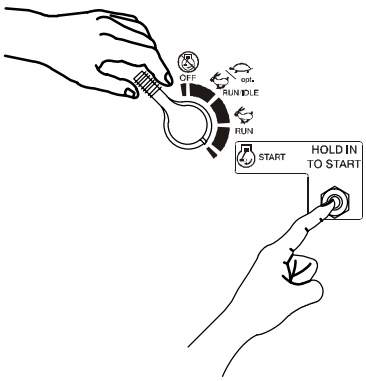
If Oil Pressure Light Is Off, See Factory Authorized Service Agent.

If Battery Charging Light Is On, Have Factory Authorized Service Agent Check Alternator.

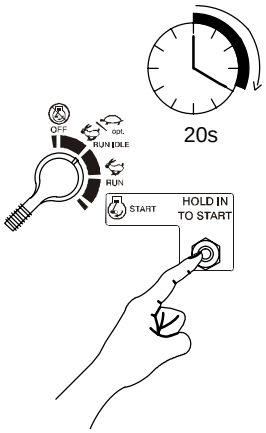
If Temperature Light Is On, Correct Cause Of Overheating (See Engine Manual).
If Engine Is Okay, See Factory Authorized Service Agent.

If Fault Continues, See Factory Authorized Service Agent.

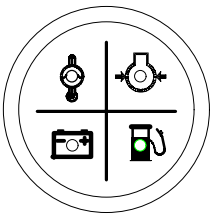
Diagnostic Checks While Running



Start Engine (With No Load Applied).



Continue Pressing Shutdown Switch Until Engine Lights Go Off.



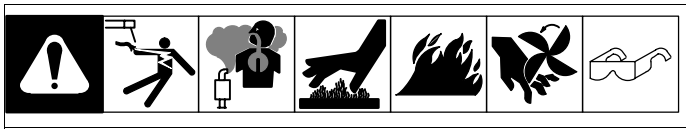
Normal Condition:
Engine Lights Go Off As Engine Reaches Normal Operating Condition.

Lights That Stay On After 20 Sec. Indicate Fault Condition.

Stop Engine And Correct Fault (See Above) If Fault Continues, See Factory Authorized Service Agent.

Ref. 202 705

10-2. Troubleshooting Tables



A. Welding – CC Models

Trouble	Remedy
No weld output; generator power output okay at ac receptacles.	Check position of Ampere Range switch.
	Check position of optional polarity switch.
	Place Amperage Adjust switch in Panel position, or place switch in Remote position and connect remote control to Remote Amperage Adjust receptacle RC13 (see Sections 4-12 and 5-1).
	Check and secure connections to Remote Amperage Adjust receptacle RC13 (see Section 4-12).
	Check fuse F2, and replace if open (see Section 8-7). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check integrated rectifier SR2 and the rotor.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings, and field excitation circuit.
No weld output or generator power output at ac receptacles.	Disconnect equipment from generator power receptacles during start-up.
	Check fuses F1 and F2, and replace if open (see Section 8-7). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check integrated rectifier SR1, capacitor C9, integrated rectifier SR2, and the rotor.
	Reset circuit breaker CB12. Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check diode D1 (see Section 8-7 or 9-8).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings, and field excitation circuit.
Erratic weld output.	Check and tighten connections inside and outside unit.
	Be sure connection to work piece is clean and tight.
	Use dry, properly stored electrodes.
	Remove excessive coils from weld cables.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings.
High weld output.	Check engine weld/power speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-5 or 9-5).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check OCV control circuit.
Low weld output.	Check engine weld/power speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-5 or 9-5).
	Check fuses F1 and F2, and replace if open (see Section 8-7). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check integrated rectifier SR1, capacitor C9, integrated rectifier SR2, and the rotor.
Electrode sticks to the workpiece more frequently during low voltage (short arc length) conditions.	Circuit breaker CB4 may be open. CB4 automatically resets when the fault is corrected (see Section 8-7 or 9-8). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check transformer T1 and integrated rectifiers SR4 and SR5.
Low open-circuit voltage.	Check engine weld/power speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-5 or 9-5).
Maximum weld output only in each ampere range (with Stick/TIG Selection switch in Stick position).	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check control relay CR7.
No remote fine amperage control.	Place Amperage Adjust switch in correct position.
	Check and secure connections to Remote Amperage Adjust receptacle RC13 (see Section 4-12).
	Repair or replace remote control device.
	Reset circuit breaker CB11 (see Section 8-7). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check control relay CR7.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check OCV control circuit.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check control relay CR7.

B. Welding – CC/CV Models

Trouble	Remedy
No weld output; generator power output okay at ac receptacles.	Place Process/Contactor switch in a Electrode Hot position, or place switch in a Remote position and connect remote contactor to optional Remote 14 receptacle RC14 (see Sections 4-13 and 6-1).
	Check position of Ampere Range switch.
	Check position of optional polarity switch.
	Reset circuit breaker CB11 (see Section 8-7 or 9-8).
	Reset circuit breaker CB5 (see Section 8-7 or 9-8). Check for faulty remote device connected to RC14.
	Check and secure connections to Remote 14 receptacle RC14 (see Section 4-13).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check connector board PC6 and connections.
	Check fuse F2, and replace if open (see Section 8-7 or 9-8). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings, field excitation circuit, field current regulator board PC1, and the rotor.
No weld output or generator power output at ac receptacles.	Disconnect equipment from generator power receptacles during start-up.
	Check fuses F1 and F2, and replace if open (see Section 8-7 or 9-8). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check integrated rectifier SR1, capacitor C9, field current regulator board PC1, and the rotor.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings, and field excitation circuit.
Erratic weld output.	Check and tighten connections inside and outside unit.
	Be sure connection to work piece is clean and tight.
	Use dry, properly stored electrodes.
	Remove excessive coils from weld cables.
High weld output.	Check position of Ampere Range switch and Voltage/Amperage Adjust control.
	Check engine weld/power speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-5 or 9-5).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check field current regulator board PC1.
Voltage/Amperage control does not work when welding in Stick mode.	Place Ampere Range switch in lower range. Voltage/Amperage control does not work with Ampere Range switch in highest range.
Low weld output.	Check engine weld/power speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-5 or 9-5).
	Check fuses F1 and F2, and replace if open (see Section 8-7 or 9-8). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check integrated rectifier SR1, capacitor C9, field current regulator board PC1, and the rotor.
Electrode sticks to the workpiece more frequently during low voltage (short arc length) conditions.	Circuit breaker CB4 may be open. CB4 automatically resets when the fault is corrected (see Section 8-7 or 9-8). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check transformer T1 and integrated rectifiers SR4 and SR5.
Low open-circuit voltage.	Check engine weld/power speed, and adjust if necessary.
No remote fine amperage or voltage control.	Place Voltage/Amperage Adjust switch in Remote position.
	Check and secure connections to Remote 14 receptacle RC14 (see Section 4-13).
	Repair or replace remote control device.
Constant speed wire feeder does not work.	Reset circuit breaker CB5 or CB23 (see Section 8-7 or 9-8).
	Check and secure connections to Remote 14 receptacle RC14 (see Section 4-13).
	Repair or replace wire feeder.
Low CV weld output.	Set Ampere Range switch to highest range.
Min or max CV weld output only.	Check position of Voltage/Amperage Adjust control and Voltage/Amperage Adjust switch.
	Repair or replace remote control device.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check field current regulator board PC1.

C. Standard Generator Power

Trouble	Remedy
No generator power output at ac receptacles; weld output okay.	Reset receptacle circuit breakers.
No generator power or weld output.	Disconnect equipment from generator power receptacles during start-up.
	Check fuses F1 and F2, and replace if open (see Section 8-7 or 9-8). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check integrated rectifier SR1, capacitor C9, and the rotor.
	Reset circuit breaker CB12. Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check diode D1 (CC models) or field current regulator board PC1 (CC/CV models) (see Section 8-7 or 9-8).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings, and field excitation circuit.
High output at generator power ac receptacles.	Check engine weld/power speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-5 or 9-5).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent adjust generator power field current resistor R3.
Low output at generator power ac receptacles.	Check engine weld/power speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-5 or 9-5).
	Check fuse F1, and replace if open (see Section 8-7 or 9-8). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check integrated rectifier SR1, resistor R3, and capacitor C9.

D. Optional Three-Phase Generator Power (CC/CV Models Only)

Trouble	Remedy
No or low output at optional three-phase generator/receptacle RC5.	Place Process/Contactor switch in Electrode Hot - Stick position (see Section 6-3).
	Reset circuit breaker CB7 (see Section 7-2).
	Reset circuit breaker CB5 (see Section 8-7 or 9-8).
	Check engine weld/power speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-5 or 9-5).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings, and field current regulator board PC1.
High output at optional three-phase generator/receptacle RC5.	Check engine weld/power speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-5 or 9-5).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check field current regulator board PC1.
Erratic output at optional three-phase generator/receptacle RC5.	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings, and field current regulator board PC1.

E. Engine

Trouble	Remedy
Engine will not crank.	Check battery, and replace if necessary.
	Check battery connections and tighten if necessary.
	Circuit breaker CB10 may be open. CB10 automatically resets when fault is corrected (see Section 8-7 or 9-8). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check engine wiring harness and components.
	Check engine wiring harness plug connections.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check Engine Control switch S1.

Trouble	Remedy
Engine cranks but does not start.	Press Magnetic Shutdown switch MS1 when starting engine.
	Check fuel level.
	Reset circuit breaker CB13 (see Section 8-7 or 9-8). Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check engine wiring harness and components.
	Check battery and replace if necessary. Check engine charging system according to engine manual.
	On Deutz F3L912-powered units, allow circuit breaker CB14 to reset. Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check fuel solenoid FS1 (see Section 9-8).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check control relay CR2, and fuel solenoid FS1.
	Air in fuel system. See engine manual.
Engine starts, but stops when Magnetic Shutdown switch is released.	When starting engine, continue holding Magnetic Shutdown switch until after engine indicator lights go out.
	Check oil level. Automatic shutdown system stops engine if oil pressure is too low or engine temperature is too high (see Sections 4-9 and 10-1).
Engine hard to start in cold weather.	Use optional starting aid switch (see Section 5-1 or 6-1).
	Keep battery in good condition. Store battery in warm area off cold surface.
	Use fuel formulated for cold weather (diesel fuel can gel in cold weather). Contact local fuel supplier for fuel information.
	Use correct grade oil for cold weather (see Section 8-2 or 9-2).
Engine suddenly stops.	Check fuel level.
	Check oil level. Automatic shutdown system stops engine if oil pressure is too low or engine temperature is too high (see Sections 4-9 and 10-1).
	See engine manual.
Engine slowly stopped and cannot be restarted.	Check fuel level.
	Check engine air and fuel filters (see Sections 8-3 and 8-6, or Sections 9-3 and 9-7).
	See engine manual.
Battery discharges between uses.	Turn Engine Control switch off when unit is not running.
	Clean top of battery with baking soda and water solution; rinse with clear water.
	Recharge or replace battery if necessary.
	Periodically recharge battery (approximately every 3 months).
Engine idles, but does not come up to weld speed (models with idle option only).	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check idle module PC7.
	Check for obstructed throttle solenoid.
Engine does not run at idle speed (models with idle option only).	CC models: place Stick/TIG Selection switch in Stick position. CC/CV models: place Process/Contactor switch in any position but Remote-TIG.
	Check for obstructed throttle solenoid.
	Allow circuit breaker CB14 to reset. Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check throttle solenoid TS1 and linkage (see Section 8-7).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check idle module PC7, control relays CR3 and CR6, and current transformer CT1.
Engine uses oil during run-in period; wetstacking occurs.	Dry engine (see Section 12).

Notes

MATERIAL THICKNESS REFERENCE CHART

24 Gauge (.025 in)

22 Gauge (.031 in)

20 Gauge (.037 in)

18 Gauge (.050 in)

16 Gauge (.063 in)

14 Gauge (.078 in)

1/8 in (.125 in)

3/16 in (.188 in)

1/4 in (.25 in)

5/16 in (.313 in)

3/8 in (.375 in)

1/2 in (.5 in)

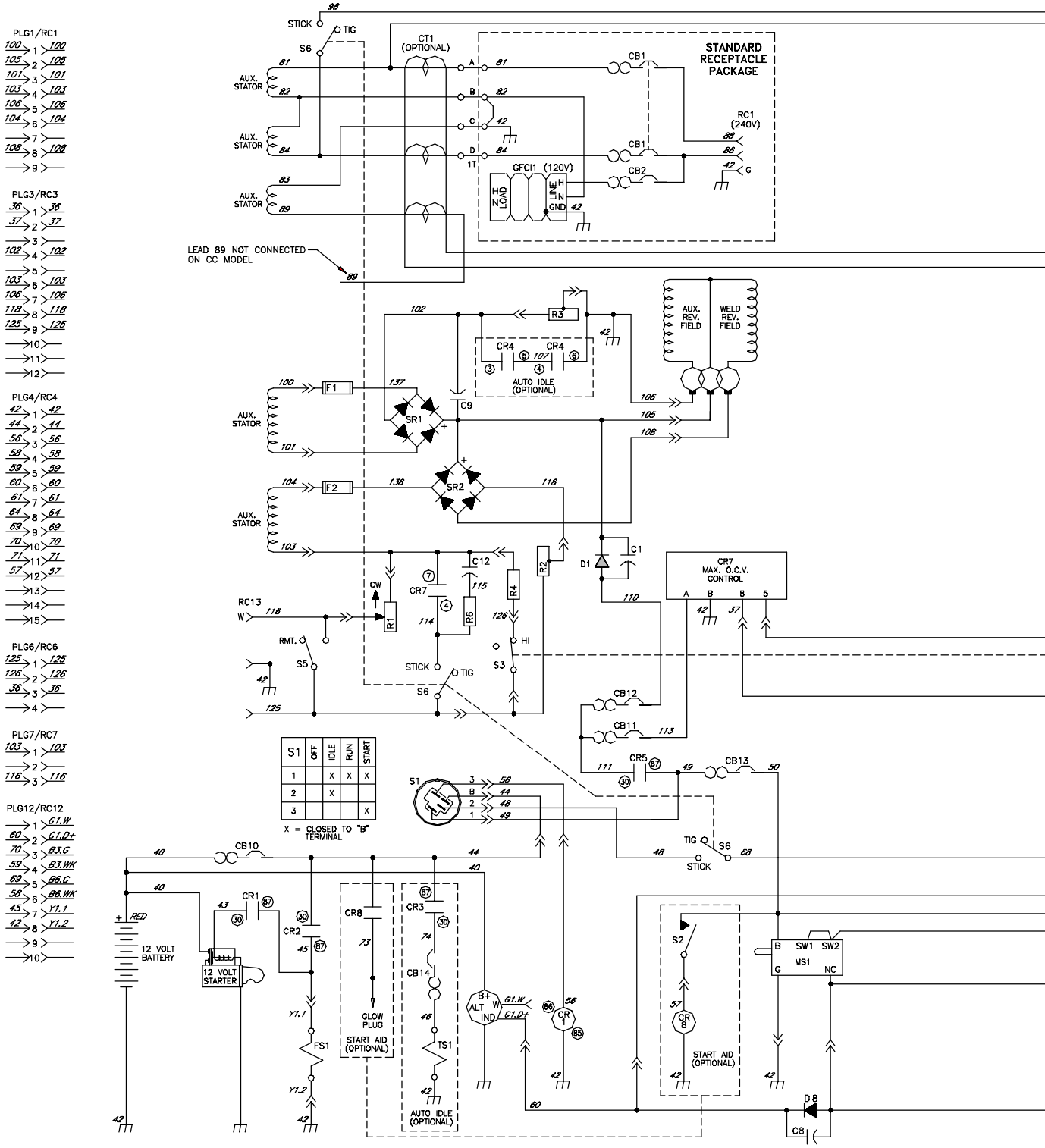
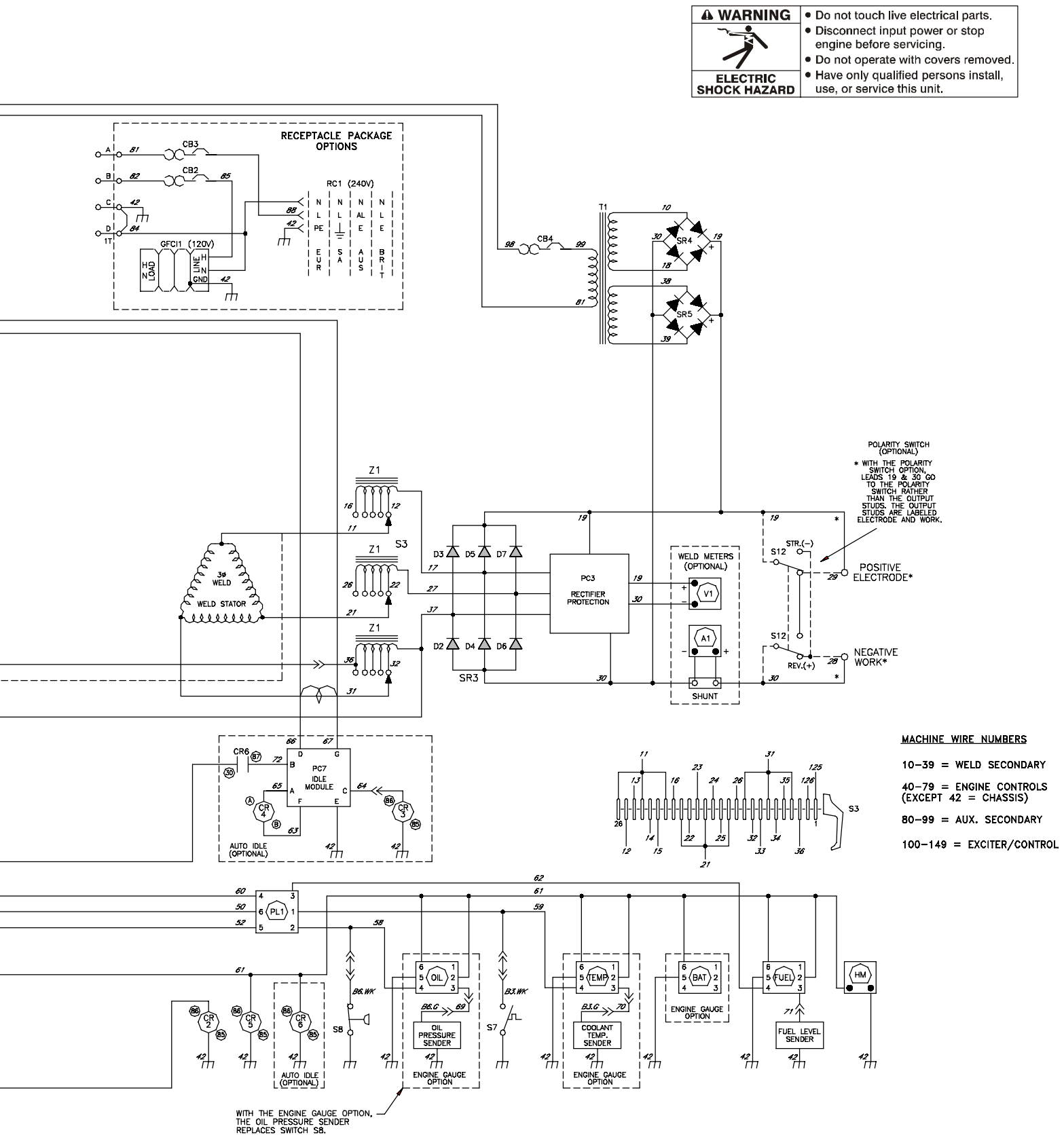


Figure 11-1. Circuit Diagram For CC Welding Generator (Non-CE Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units)


WARNING
• Do not touch live electrical parts.
• Disconnect input power or stop engine before servicing.
• Do not operate with covers removed.
• Have only qualified persons install, use, or service this unit.
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD
RECEPTACLE PACKAGE OPTIONS
CB3
CB2
RC1 (240V)
GFCI1 (120V)
CB4
T1
SR4
SR5
Z1
S3
39 WELD
WELD STATOR
D3 D5 D7
D2 D4 D6
SR3
PC3
RECTIFIER PROTECTION
WELD METERS (OPTIONAL)
V1
A1
SHUNT
POLARITY SWITCH (OPTIONAL)
* WITH THE POLARITY SWITCH OPTION, LEADS 19 & 30 GO TO THE POLARITY SWITCH RATHER THAN THE OUTPUT STUDS. THE OUTPUT STUDS ARE LABELED ELECTRODE AND WORK.
STR.(-)
S12
POSITIVE ELECTRODE*
REV.(+)
NEGATIVE WORK*
CR6
PC7 IDLE MODULE
AUTO IDLE (OPTIONAL)
CR 4
CR 3
PL1
CR 2
CR 5
CR 6
S8
S7
B6.WK
B3.WK
B6.C
B3.C
OIL PRESSURE SENDER
COOLANT TEMP. SENDER
ENGINE GAUGE OPTION
BAT
FUEL
FUEL LEVEL SENDER
HM
WITH THE ENGINE GAUGE OPTION, THE OIL PRESSURE SENDER REPLACES SWITCH S8.
MACHINE WIRE NUMBERS
10–39 = WELD SECONDARY
40–79 = ENGINE CONTROLS (EXCEPT 42 = CHASSIS)
80–99 = AUX. SECONDARY
100–149 = EXCITER/CONTROL

205 958-A

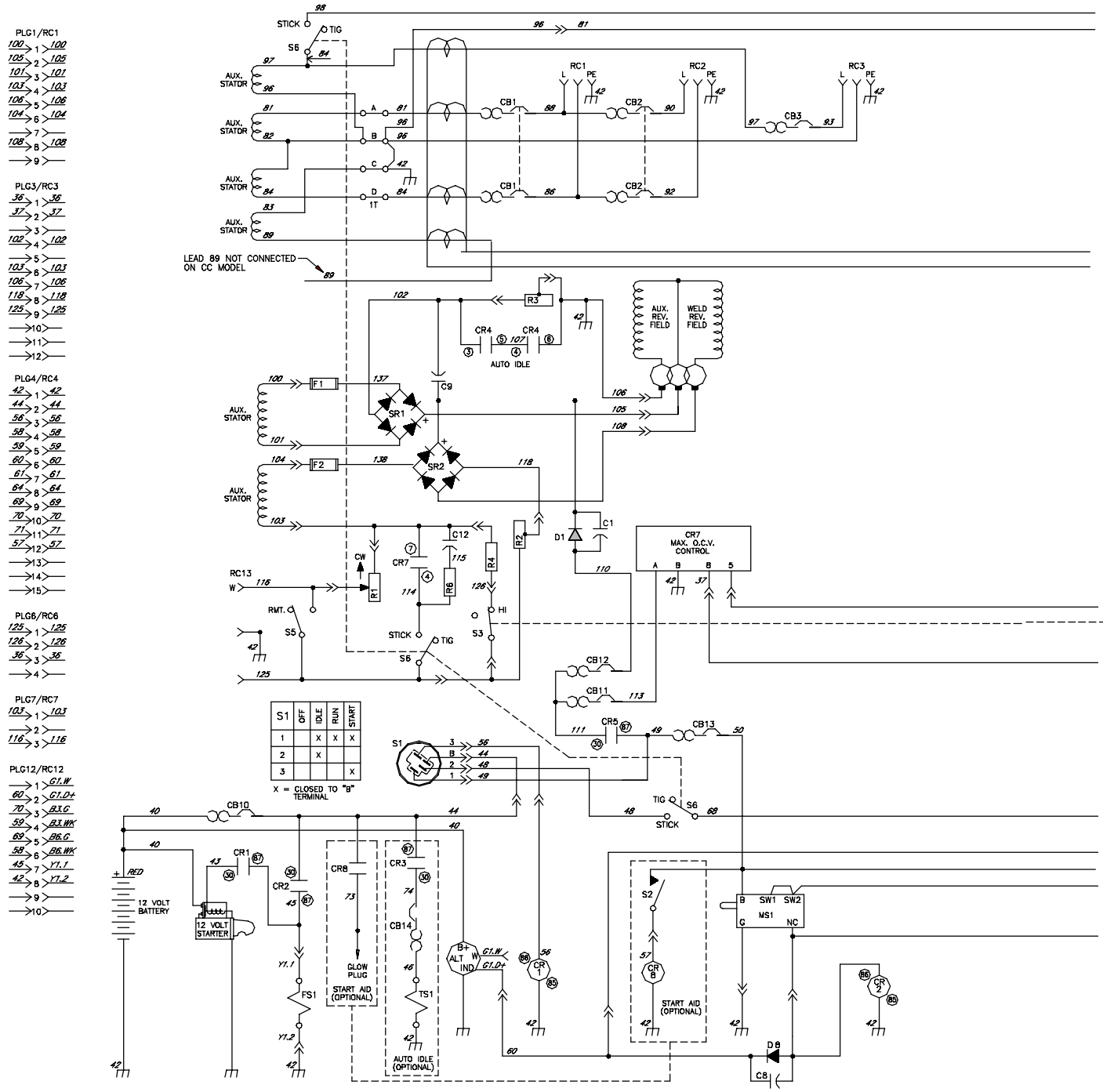
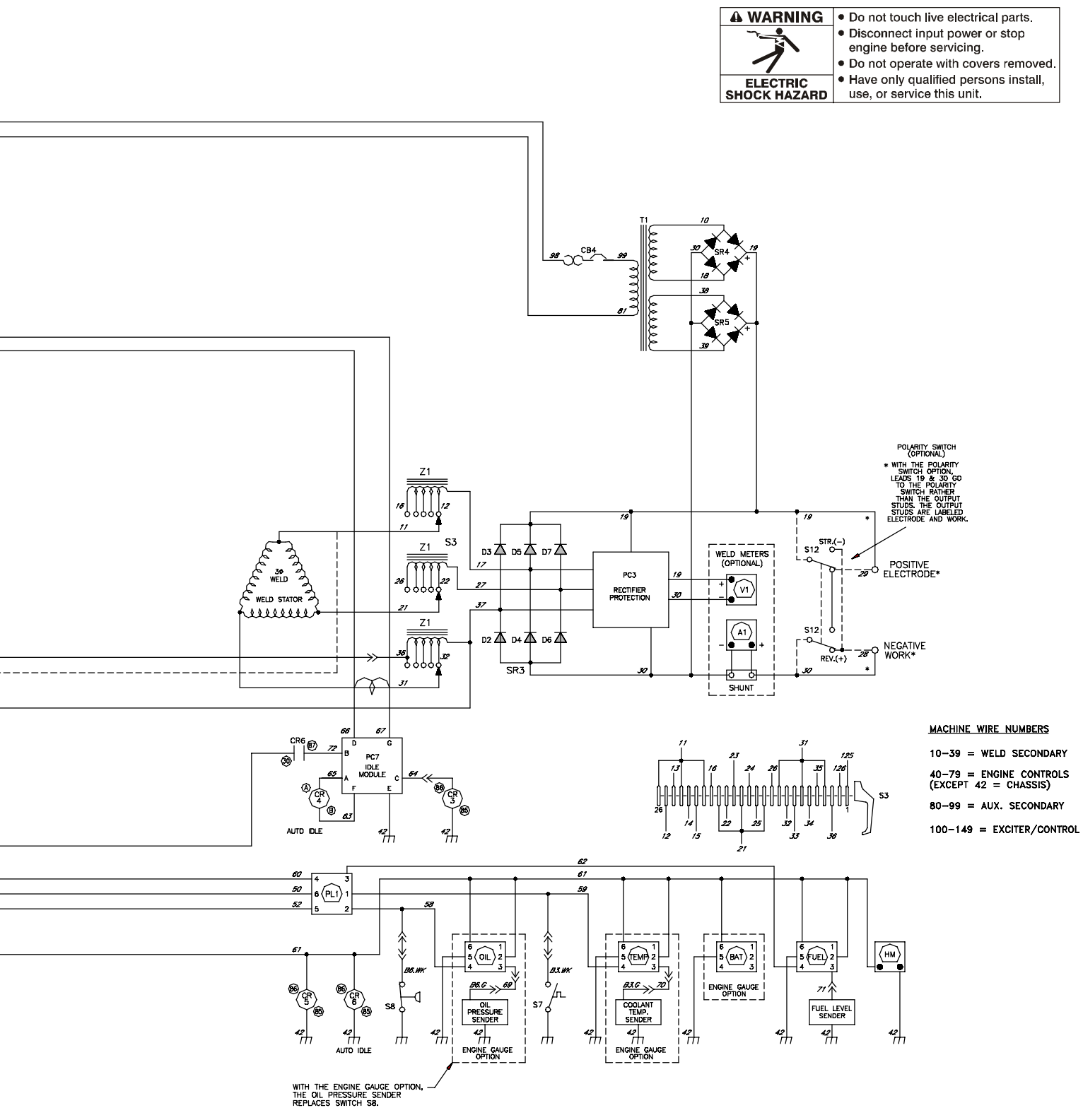


Figure 11-2. Circuit Diagram For CC Welding Generator (CE Compliant Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units)


WARNING
• Do not touch live electrical parts.
• Disconnect input power or stop engine before servicing.
• Do not operate with covers removed.
• Have only qualified persons install, use, or service this unit.
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD
T1
CB4
SR4
SR5
SR3
Z1
S3
3Ø WELD
WELD STATOR
D3 D5 D7
D2 D4 D6
PC3
RECTIFIER PROTECTION
WELD METERS (OPTIONAL)
V1
A1
SHUNT
POLARITY SWITCH (OPTIONAL)
* WITH THE POLARITY SWITCH OPTION, LEADS 19 & 30 GO TO THE POLARITY SWITCH RATHER THAN THE OUTPUT STUDS. THE OUTPUT STUDS ARE LABELED ELECTRODE AND WORK.
STR.(–)
S12
POSITIVE ELECTRODE*
REV.(+)
NEGATIVE WORK*
CR6
PC7 IDLE MODULE
AUTO IDLE
CR 4
CR 3
MACHINE WIRE NUMBERS
10–39 = WELD SECONDARY
40–79 = ENGINE CONTROLS (EXCEPT 42 = CHASSIS)
80–99 = AUX. SECONDARY
100–149 = EXCITER/CONTROL
PL1
S8
S7
OIL PRESSURE SENDER
ENGINE GAUGE OPTION
COOLANT TEMP. SENDER
BAT
FUEL
FUEL LEVEL SENDER
HM
WITH THE ENGINE GAUGE OPTION, THE OIL PRESSURE SENDER REPLACES SWITCH S8.

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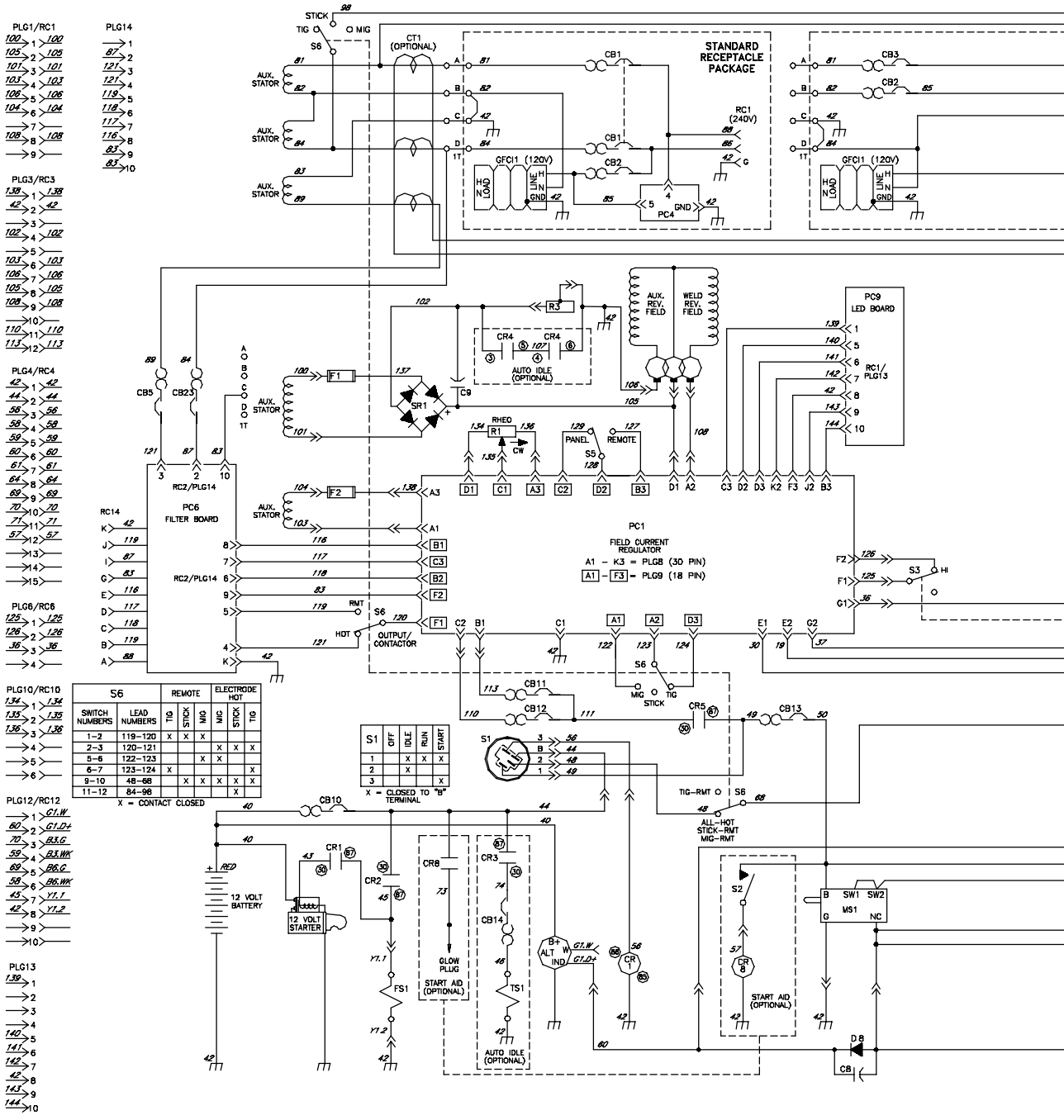
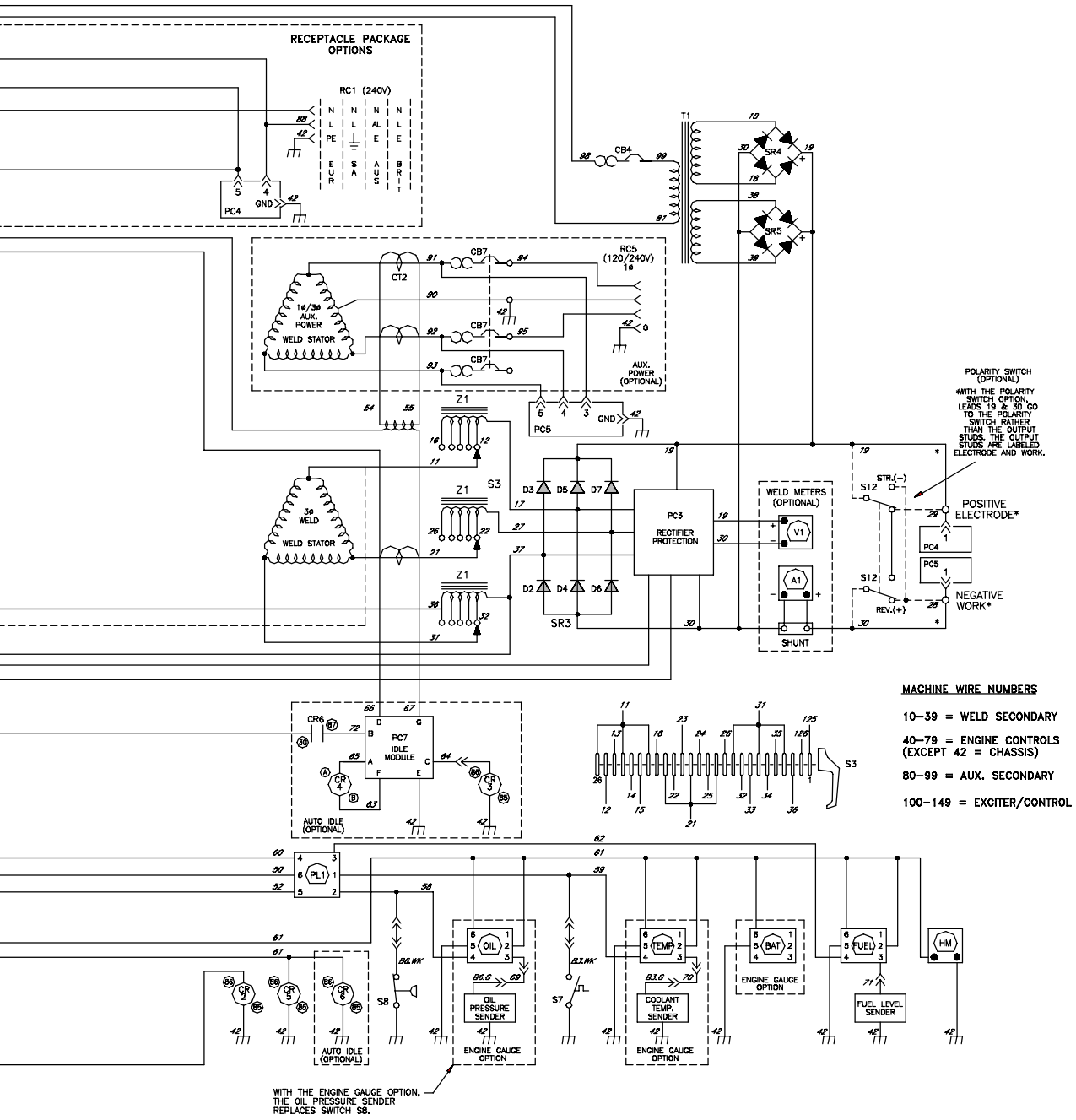
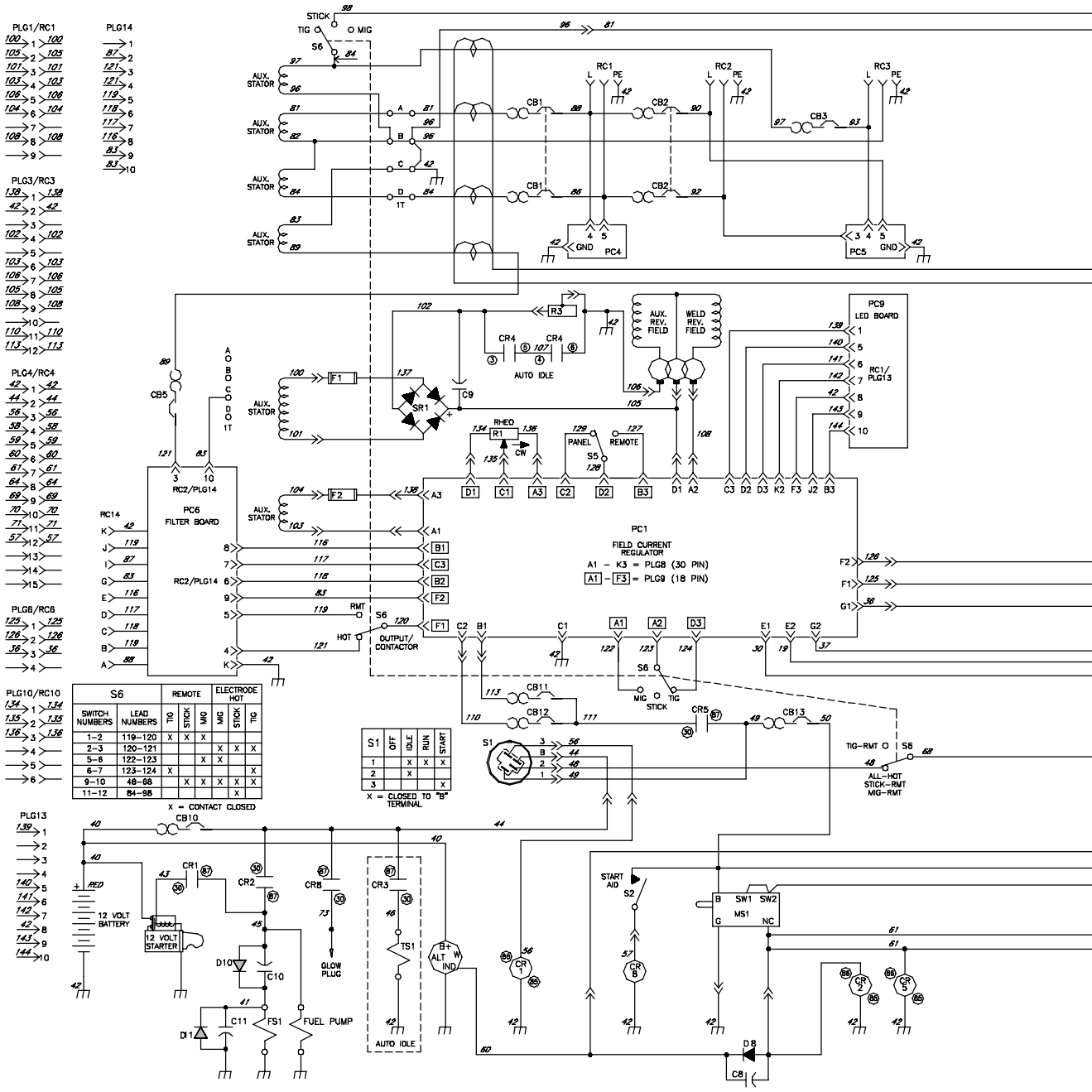


Figure 11-3. Circuit Diagram For CC/CV Welding Generator (Non-CE Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units)

⚠ WARNING	• Do not touch live electrical parts. • Disconnect input power or stop engine before servicing. • Do not operate with covers removed. • Have only qualified persons install, use, or service this unit.
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD	



210 329-A



S6		REMOTE			ELECTRODE HOT		
SWITCH NUMBERS	LEAD NUMBERS	TIG	STICK	MIG	MIG	STICK	TIG
1–2	119–120	X	X	X			
2–3	120–121				X	X	X
5–6	122–123			X	X		
6–7	123–124	X					X
9–10	48–68		X	X	X	X	X
11–12	84–98					X	

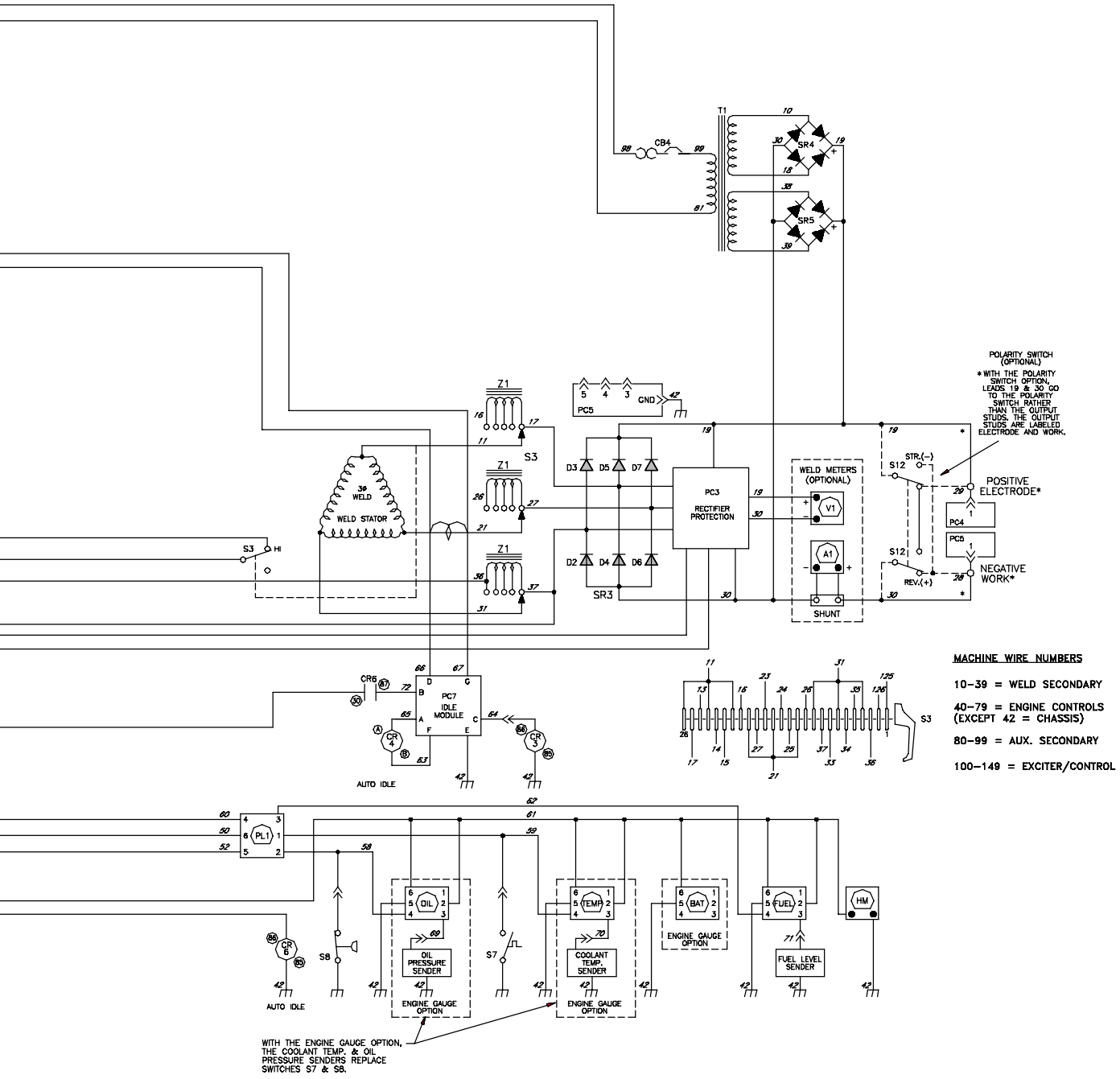
X = CONTACT CLOSED

S1	OFF	IDLE	RUN	START
1		X	X	X
2		X		
3				X

X = CLOSED TO "B" TERMINAL

Figure 11-4. Circuit Diagram For CC/CV Welding Generator (CE Compliant Deutz F4L1011-Powered Units)

⚠ WARNING	• Do not touch live electrical parts. • Disconnect input power or stop engine before servicing. • Do not operate with covers removed. • Have only qualified persons install, use, or service this unit.
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD	



MACHINE WIRE NUMBERS

10–39 = WELD SECONDARY

40–79 = ENGINE CONTROLS (EXCEPT 42 = CHASSIS)

80–99 = AUX. SECONDARY

100–149 = EXCITER/CONTROL

213 566-A

⚠ WARNING	• Do not touch live electrical parts. • Disconnect input power or stop engine before servicing. • Do not operate with covers removed. • Have only qualified persons install, use, or service this unit.
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD	

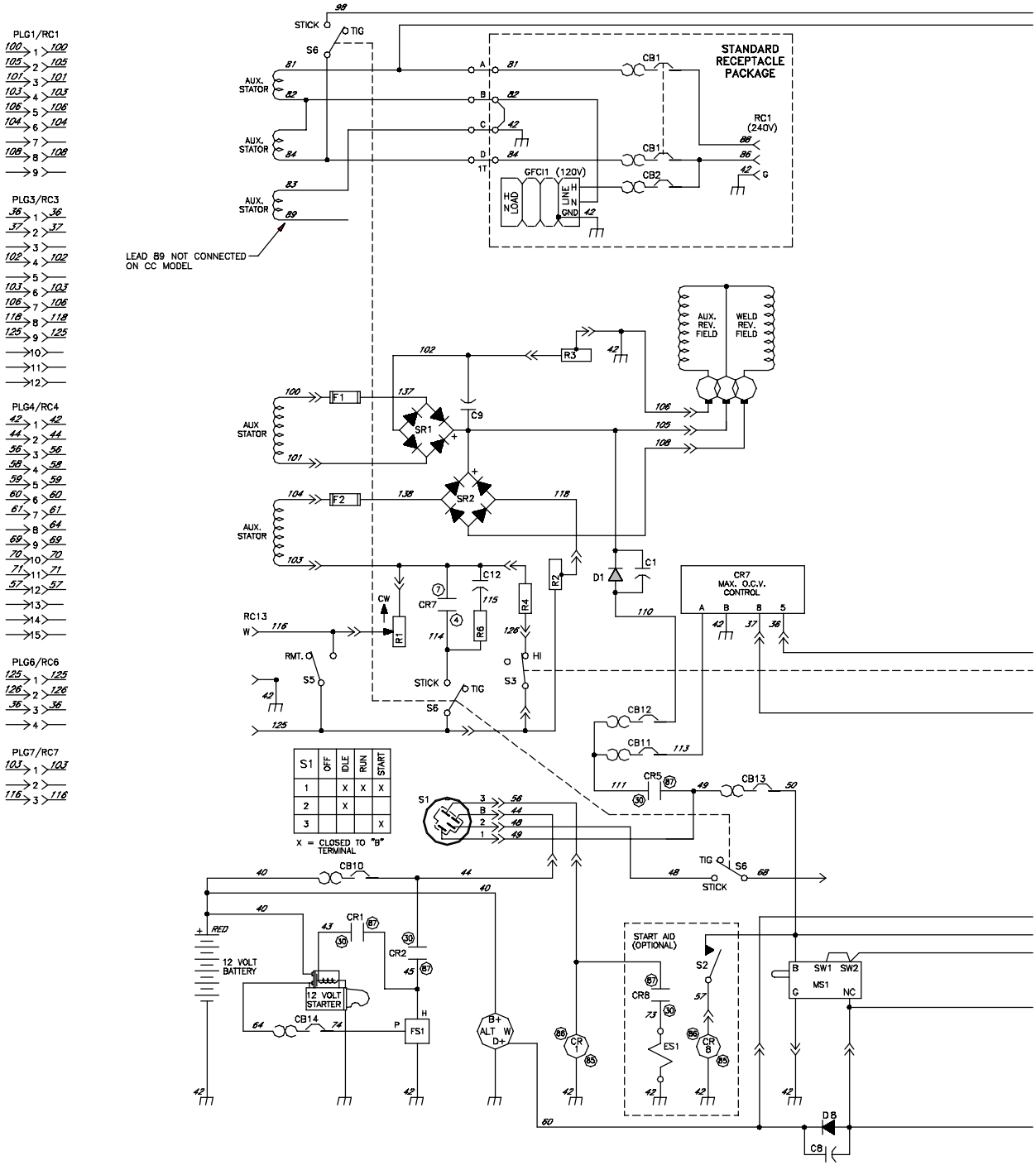
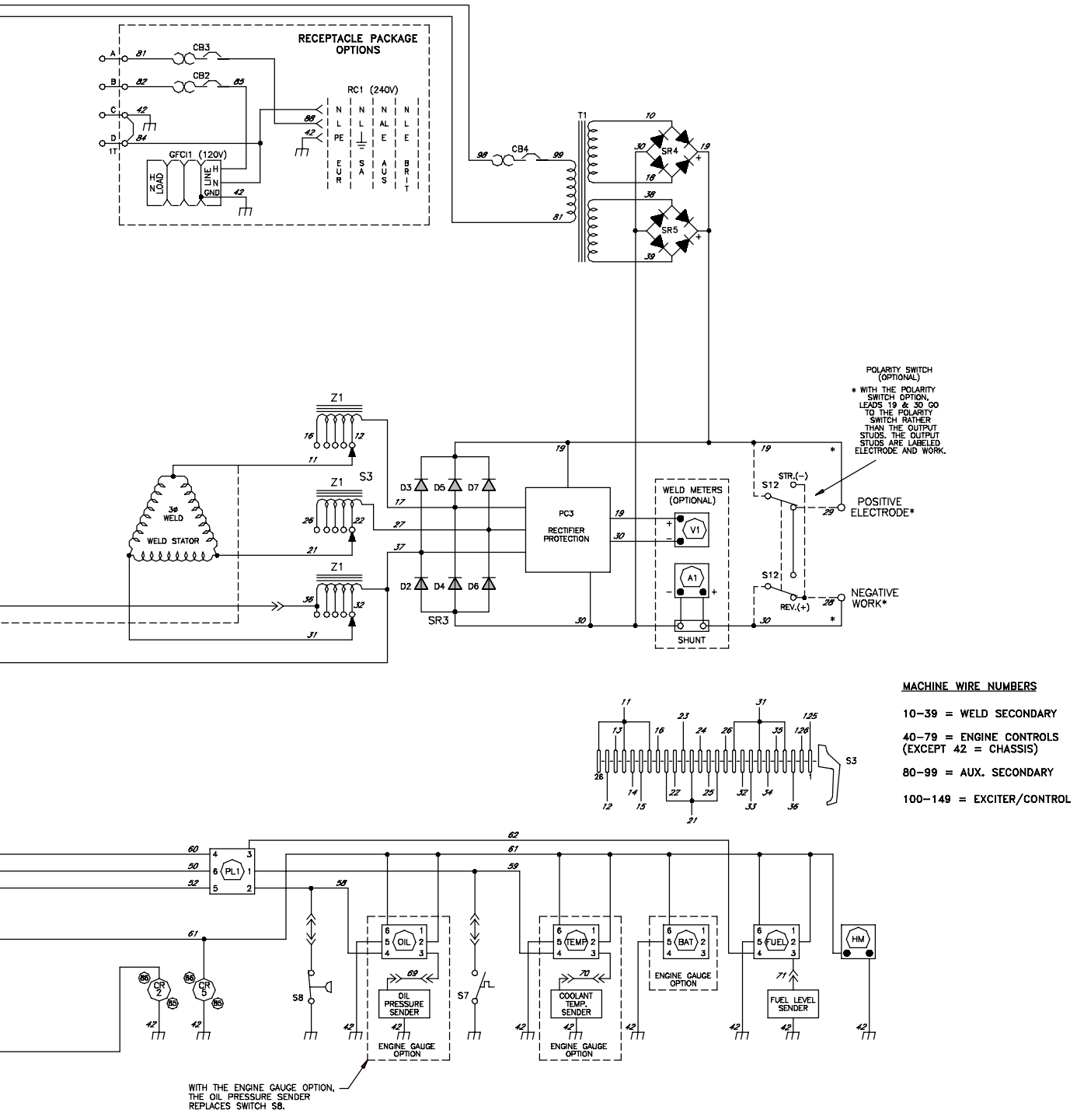


Figure 11-5. Circuit Diagram For CC Welding Generator (Deutz F3L912-Powered Units)


RECEPTACLE PACKAGE OPTIONS
CB3
CB2
RC1 (240V)
GFCI1 (120V)
CB4
T1
SR4
SR5
Z1
S3
WELD STATOR
D3 D5 D7
D2 D4 D6
SR3
PC3
RECTIFIER PROTECTION
WELD METERS (OPTIONAL)
V1
A1
SHUNT
POLARITY SWITCH (OPTIONAL)
* WITH THE POLARITY SWITCH OPTION, LEADS 19 & 30 GO TO THE POLARITY SWITCH RATHER THAN THE OUTPUT STUDS. THE OUTPUT STUDS ARE LABELED ELECTRODE AND WORK.
STR.(-)
REV.(+)
POSITIVE ELECTRODE*
NEGATIVE WORK*
MACHINE WIRE NUMBERS
10-39 = WELD SECONDARY
40-79 = ENGINE CONTROLS (EXCEPT 42 = CHASSIS)
80-99 = AUX. SECONDARY
100-149 = EXCITER/CONTROL
PL1
OIL
TEMP
BAT
FUEL
HM
S8
S7
OIL PRESSURE SENDER
COOLANT TEMP. SENDER
FUEL LEVEL SENDER
ENGINE GAUGE OPTION
CR 2
CR 5
WITH THE ENGINE GAUGE OPTION, THE OIL PRESSURE SENDER REPLACES SWITCH S8.

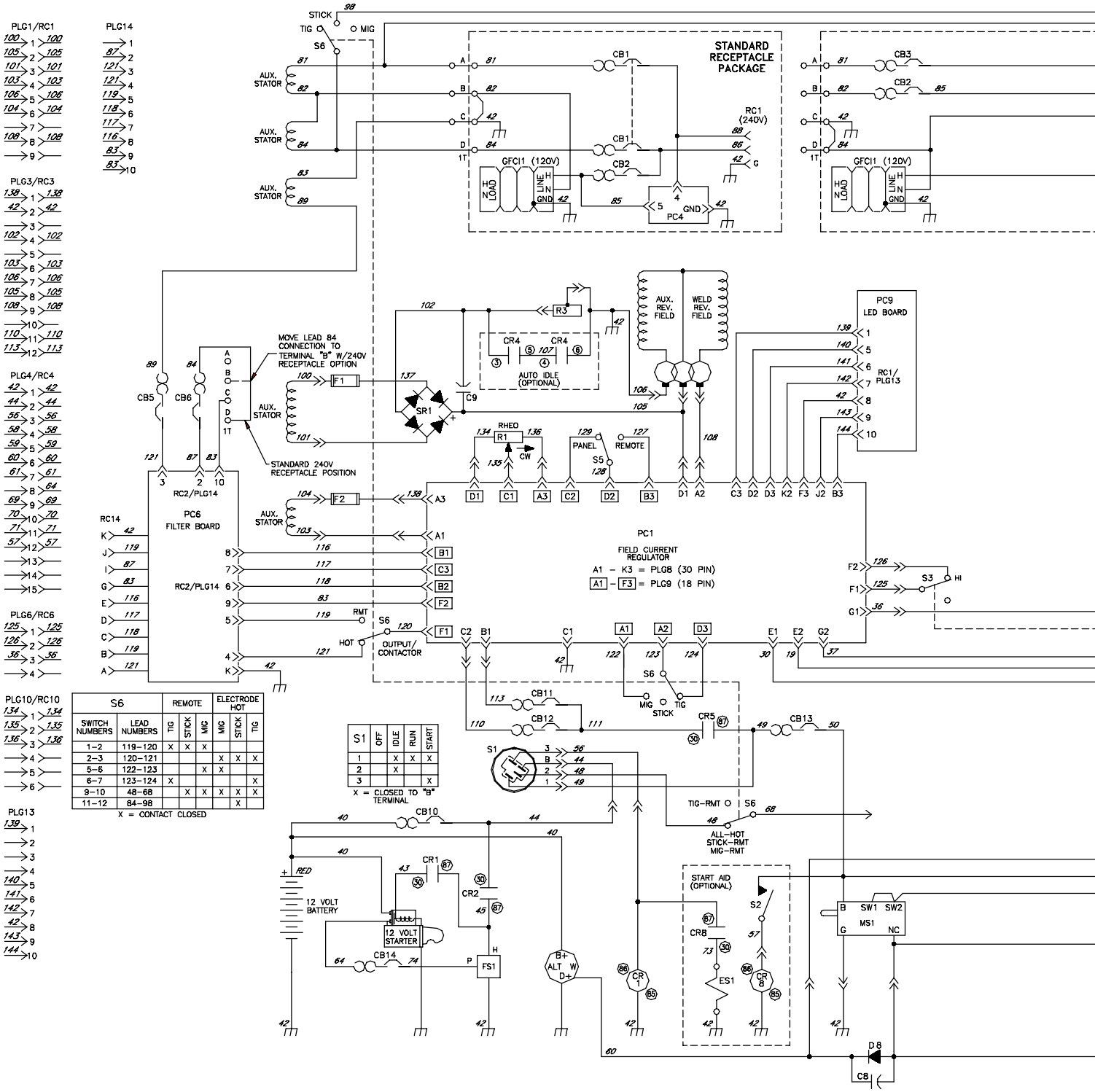
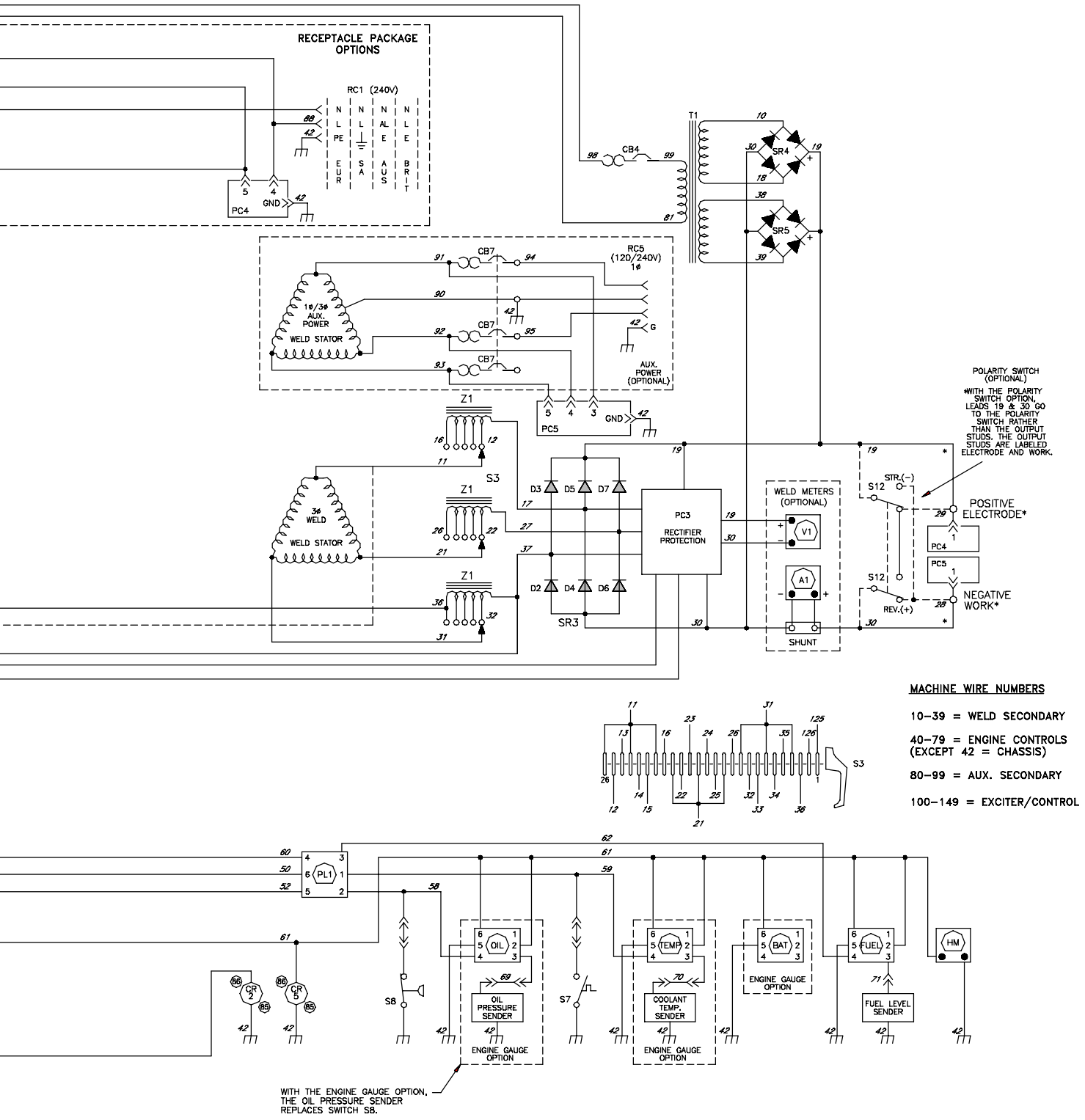


Figure 11-6. Circuit Diagram For CC/CV Welding Generator (Deutz F3L912-Powered Units)

⚠ WARNING	• Do not touch live electrical parts. • Disconnect input power or stop engine before servicing. • Do not operate with covers removed. • Have only qualified persons install, use, or service this unit.
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD	



MACHINE WIRE NUMBERS

10–39 = WELD SECONDARY

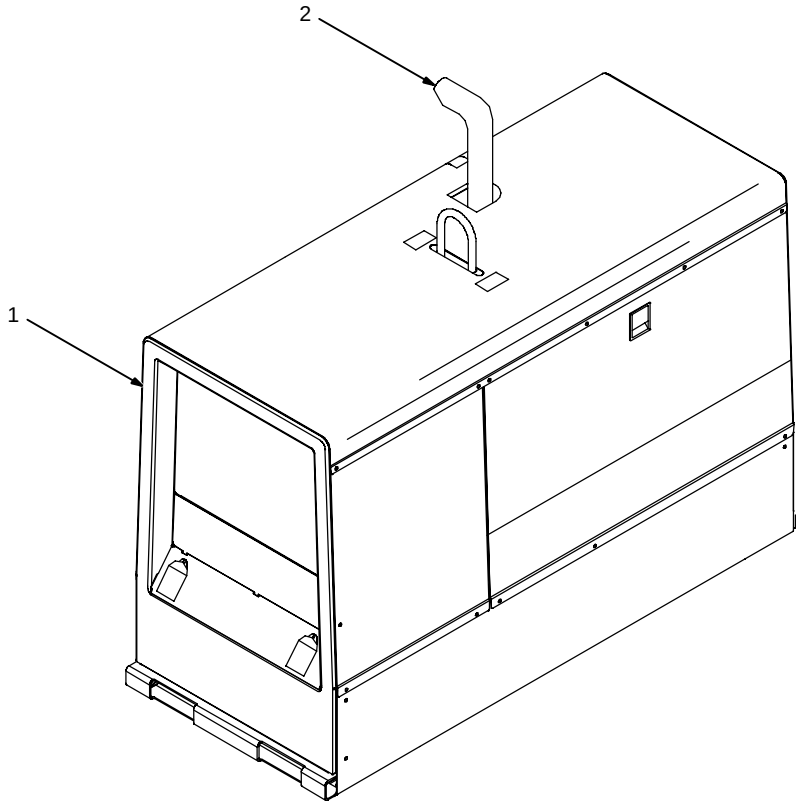
40–79 = ENGINE CONTROLS (EXCEPT 42 = CHASSIS)

80–99 = AUX. SECONDARY

100–149 = EXCITER/CONTROL

SECTION 12 – RUN-IN PROCEDURE

12-1. Wetstacking



▲ **Do not perform run-in procedure at less than 20 volts weld output and do not exceed duty cycle or equipment damage may occur.**

1 Welding Generator

Run diesel engines near rated voltage and current during run-in period to properly seat piston rings and prevent wetstacking. See nameplate, rating label, or specifications section in this manual to find rated voltage and current.

☞ *Do not idle engine longer than necessary. Piston rings seat faster if engine runs at weld/ power rpm, and the welding generator is kept loaded during run-in.*

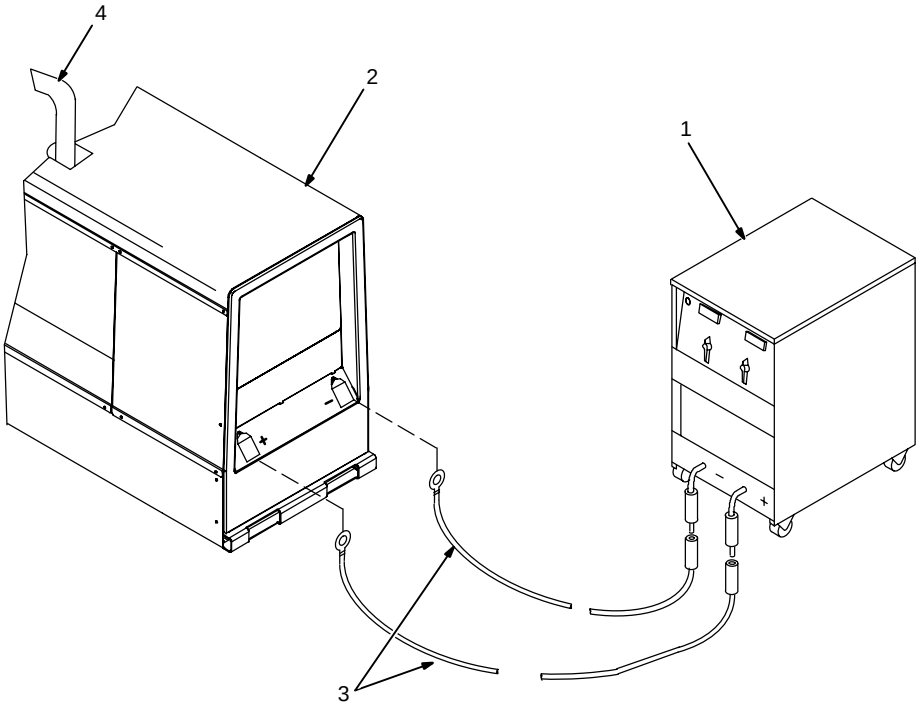
2 Engine Exhaust Pipe

Wetstacking is unburned fuel and oil in the exhaust pipe and occurs during run-in if the engine is run too long at light load or idle rpm.

If exhaust pipe is coated with a wet, black, tar-like substance, dry the engine using one of the following run-in procedures.

See the engine manual for additional engine run-in information.

12-2. Run-In Procedure Using Load Bank



▲ **Stop engine.**

▲ **Do not touch hot exhaust pipe, engine parts, or load bank/grid.**

▲ **Keep exhaust and pipe away from flammables.**

▲ **Do not perform run-in procedure at less than 20 volts weld output and do not exceed duty cycle or equipment damage may occur.**

1 Load Bank

Turn all load bank switches Off. If needed, connect load bank to 115 volts ac wall receptacle or generator auxiliary power receptacle.

2 Welding Generator

Place A/V range switch in maximum position, A/V control in minimum position, and Output Selector switch (if present) in either DC position.

3 Weld Cables

Connect load bank to generator weld output terminals using proper size weld cables with correct connectors. Observe correct polarity.

Start engine and run for several minutes.

Set load bank switches and then adjust generator A/V control so load equals rated voltage and current of generator (see nameplate, rating label, or the specifications section in this manual).

Check generator and load bank meters after first five minutes then every fifteen minutes to be sure generator is loaded properly.

☞ *Check oil level frequently during run-in; add oil if needed.*

After one hour (minimum) place A/V control in minimum position, then turn off load bank to remove load. Run engine several minutes at no load.

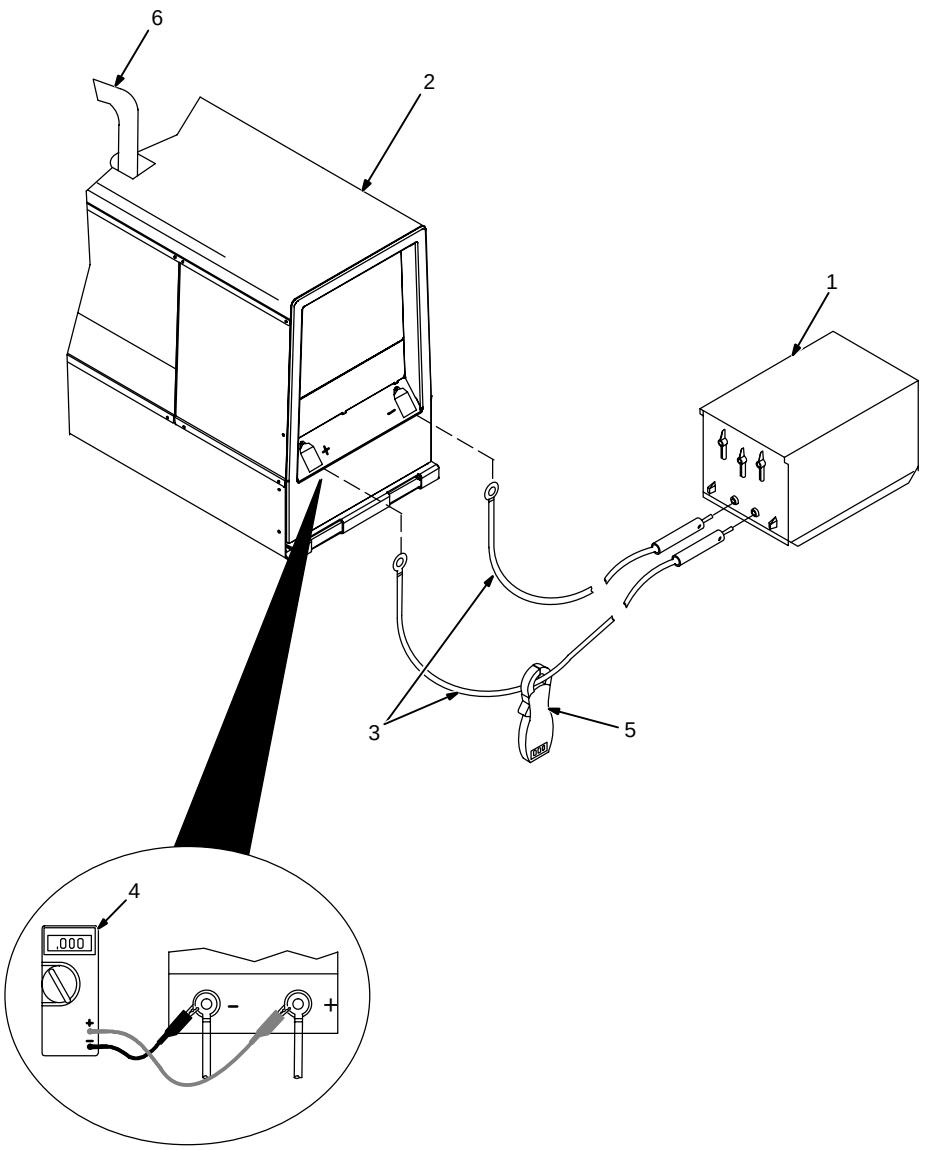
▲ **Stop engine and let cool.**

4 Engine Exhaust Pipe

Repeat procedure if wetstacking is present.

S-0683

12-3. Run-In Procedure Using Resistance Grid



▲ **Stop engine.**

▲ **Do not touch hot exhaust pipe, engine parts, or load bank/grid.**

▲ **Keep exhaust and pipe away from flammables.**

▲ **Do not perform run-in procedure at less than 20 volts weld output and do not exceed duty cycle or equipment damage may occur.**

1 Resistance Grid

Use grid sized for generator rated output.

Turn Off grid.

2 Welding Generator

Place A/V range switch in maximum position, A/V control in minimum position, and Output Selector switch (if present) in either DC position.

3 Weld Cables

Connect grid to generator weld output terminals using proper size weld cables with correct connectors (polarity is not important).

4 Voltmeter

5 Clamp-On Ammeter

Connect voltmeter and ammeter as shown, if not provided on generator.

Start engine and run for several minutes.

Set grid switches and then adjust generator A/V control so load equals rated voltage and current of the generator (see nameplate, rating label, or the specifications section in this manual).

Check generator and meters after first five minutes then every fifteen minutes to be sure generator is loaded properly.

☞ *Check oil level frequently during run-in; add oil if needed.*

After one hour (minimum), place A/V control in minimum position, then shut down grid to remove load. Run engine several minutes at no load.

▲ **Stop engine and let cool.**

6 Engine Exhaust Pipe

Repeat procedure if wetstacking is present.

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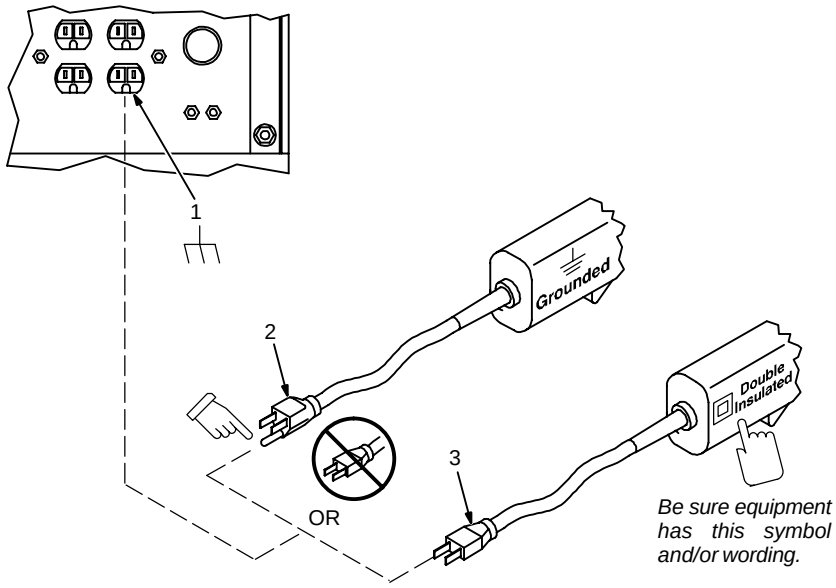
SECTION 13 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES

NOTE ☞ *The views in this section are intended to be representative of all engine-driven welding generators. Your unit may differ from those shown.*

13-1. Selecting Equipment



Be sure equipment has this symbol and/or wording.

1 Generator Power Receptacles – Neutral Bonded To Frame

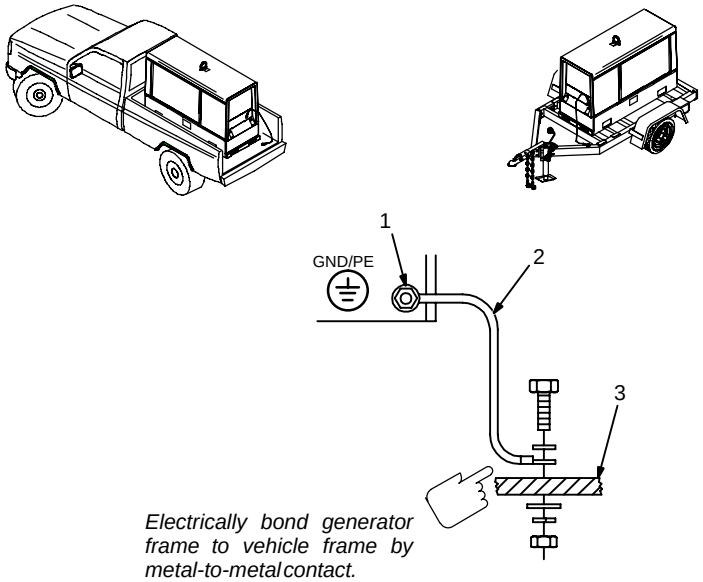
2 3-Prong Plug From Case Grounded Equipment

3 2-Prong Plug From Double Insulated Equipment

▲ **Do not use 2-prong plug unless equipment is double insulated.**

gen_pwr 11/02 – Ref. ST-159 730 / ST-800 577

13-2. Grounding Generator To Truck Or Trailer Frame



Electrically bond generator frame to vehicle frame by metal-to-metal contact.

▲ **Always ground generator frame to vehicle frame to prevent electric shock and static electricity hazards.**

1 Equipment Grounding Terminal (On Front Panel)

2 Grounding Cable (Not Supplied)

3 Metal Vehicle Frame

Connect cable from equipment ground terminal to metal vehicle frame. Use #10 AWG or larger insulated copper wire.

▲ **If unit does not have GFCI receptacles, use GFCI-protected extension cord.**

▲ **Bed liners, shipping skids, an some running gear insulate the welding generator from the vehicle frame. Always connect a ground wire from the generator equipment grounding terminal to bare metal on the vehicle frame as shown.**

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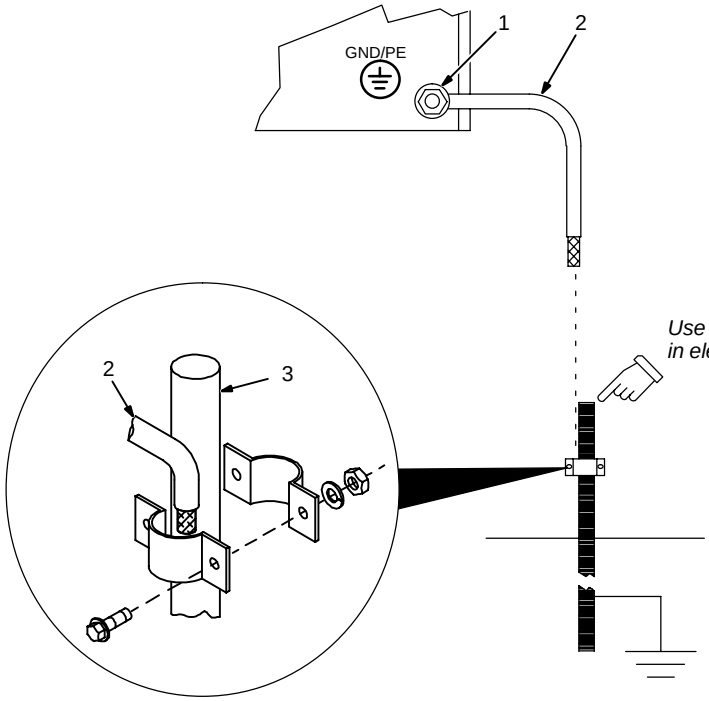
13-3. Grounding When Supplying Building Systems



1 Equipment Grounding Terminal

2 Grounding Cable

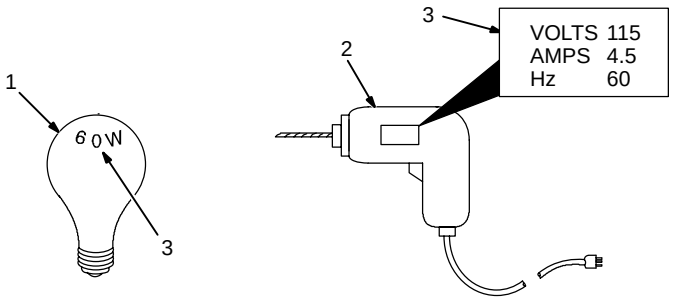
Use #10 AWG or larger insulated copper wire.

3 Ground Device

▲ **Ground generator to system earth ground if supplying power to a premises (home, shop, farm) wiring system.**

ST-800 576-B

13-4. How Much Power Does Equipment Require?



1 Resistive Load

A light bulb is a resistive load and requires a constant amount of power.

2 Non-Resistive Load

Equipment with a motor is a non-resistive load and requires approximately six times more power while starting the motor than when running (see Section 13-8).

3 Rating Data

Rating shows volts and amperes, or watts required to run equipment.

AMPERES x VOLTS = WATTS

EXAMPLE 1: If a drill uses 4.5 amperes at 115 volts, calculate its running power requirement in watts.

4.5 A x 115 V = 520 W

The load applied by the drill is 520 watts.

EXAMPLE 2: If three 200 watt flood lamps are used with the drill from Example 1, add the individual loads to calculate total load.

(200 W + 200 W + 200 W) + 520 W = 1120 W

The total load applied by the three flood lamps and drill is 1120 watts.

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13-5. Approximate Power Requirements For Industrial Motors

Industrial Motors	Rating	Starting Watts	Running Watts
Split Phase	1/8 HP	800	300
	1/6 HP	1225	500
	1/4 HP	1600	600
	1/3 HP	2100	700
	1/2 HP	3175	875
Capacitor Start-Induction Run	1/3 HP	2020	720
	1/2 HP	3075	975
	3/4 HP	4500	1400
	1 HP	6100	1600
	1-1/2 HP	8200	2200
	2 HP	10550	2850
	3 HP	15900	3900
	5 HP	23300	6800
Capacitor Start-Capacitor Run	1-1/2 HP	8100	2000
	5 HP	23300	6000
	7-1/2 HP	35000	8000
	10 HP	46700	10700
Fan Duty	1/8 HP	1000	400
	1/6 HP	1400	550
	1/4 HP	1850	650
	1/3 HP	2400	800
	1/2 HP	3500	1100

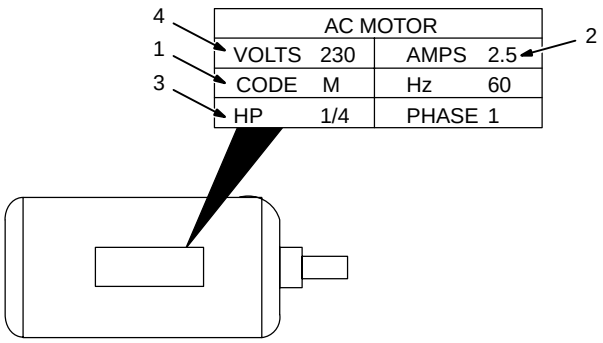
13-6. Approximate Power Requirements For Farm/Home Equipment

Farm/Home Equipment	Rating	Starting Watts	Running Watts
Stock Tank De-Icer		1000	1000
Grain Cleaner	1/4 HP	1650	650
Portable Conveyor	1/2 HP	3400	1000
Grain Elevator	3/4 HP	4400	1400
Milk Cooler		2900	1100
Milker (Vacuum Pump)	2 HP	10500	2800
FARM DUTY MOTORS	1/3 HP	1720	720
Std. (e.g. Conveyors,	1/2 HP	2575	975
Feed Augers, Air	3/4 HP	4500	1400
Compressors)	1 HP	6100	1600
	1-1/2 HP	8200	2200
	2 HP	10550	2850
	3 HP	15900	3900
	5 HP	23300	6800
High Torque (e.g. Barn	1-1/2 HP	8100	2000
Cleaners, Silo Unloaders,	5 HP	23300	6000
Silo Hoists, Bunk Feeders)	7-1/2 HP	35000	8000
	10 HP	46700	10700
3-1/2 cu. ft. Mixer	1/2 HP	3300	1000
High Pressure 1.8 Gal/Min	500 PSI	3150	950
Washer 2 gal/min	550 PSI	4500	1400
2 gal/min	700 PSI	6100	1600
Refrigerator or Freezer		3100	800
Shallow Well Pump	1/3 HP	2150	750
	1/2 HP	3100	1000
Sump Pump	1/3 HP	2100	800
	1/2 HP	3200	1050

13-7. Approximate Power Requirements For Contractor Equipment

Contractor	Rating	Starting Watts	Running Watts
Hand Drill	1/4 in	350	350
	3/8 in	400	400
	1/2 in	600	600
Circular Saw	6-1/2 in	500	500
	7-1/4 in	900	900
	8-1/4 in	1400	1400
Table Saw	9 in	4500	1500
	10 in	6300	1800
Band Saw	14 in	2500	1100
Bench Grinder	6 in	1720	720
	8 in	3900	1400
	10 in	5200	1600
Air Compressor	1/2 HP	3000	1000
	1 HP	6000	1500
	1-1/2 HP	8200	2200
	2 HP	10500	2800
Electric Chain Saw	1-1/2 HP, 12 in	1100	1100
	2 HP, 14 in	1100	1100
Electric Trimmer	Standard 9 in	350	350
	Heavy Duty 12 in	500	500
Electric Cultivator	1/3 HP	2100	700
Elec. Hedge Trimmer	18 in	400	400
Flood Lights	HID	125	100
	Metal Halide	313	250
	Mercury	1000	
	Sodium	1400	
	Vapor	1250	1000
Submersible Pump	400 gph	600	200
Centrifugal Pump	900 gph	900	500
Floor Polisher	3/4 HP, 16 in	4500	1400
	1 HP, 20 in	6100	1600
High Pressure Washer	1/2 HP	3150	950
	3/4 HP	4500	1400
	1 HP	6100	1600
55 gal Drum Mixer	1/4 HP	1900	700
Wet & Dry Vac	1.7 HP	900	900
	2-1/2 HP	1300	1300

13-8. Power Required To Start Motor



1 Motor Start Code
2 Running Amperage
3 Motor HP
4 Motor Voltage

To find starting amperage:

Step 1: Find code and use table to find kVA/HP. If code is not listed, multiply running amperage by six to find starting amperage.

Step 2: Find Motor HP and Volts.

Step 3: Determine starting amperage (see example).

Welding generator amperage output must be at least twice the motor's running amperage.

Single-Phase Induction Motor Starting Requirements

Motor Start Code	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P
KVA/HP	6.3	7.1	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.2	12.5	14.0

$$\frac{\textbf{kVA/HP x HP x 1000}}{\textbf{VOLTS}} = \textbf{STARTING AMPERAGE}$$

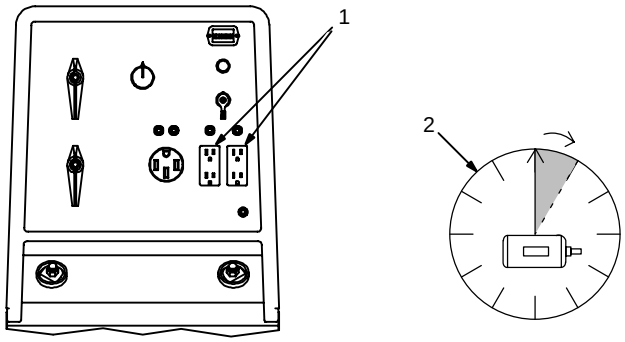
EXAMPLE: Calculate the starting amperage required for a 230 V, 1/4 HP motor with a motor start code of M.

Volts = 230 HP = 1/4 Using Table, Code M results in kVA/HP = 11.2

$$\frac{11.2 \times 1/4 \times 1000}{230} = 12.2\ \text{A}$$ **Starting the motor requires 12.2 amperes.**

S-0624

13-9. How Much Power Can Generator Supply?



1 Limit Load To 90% Of Generator Output

Always start non-resistive (motor) loads in order from largest to smallest, and add resistive loads last.

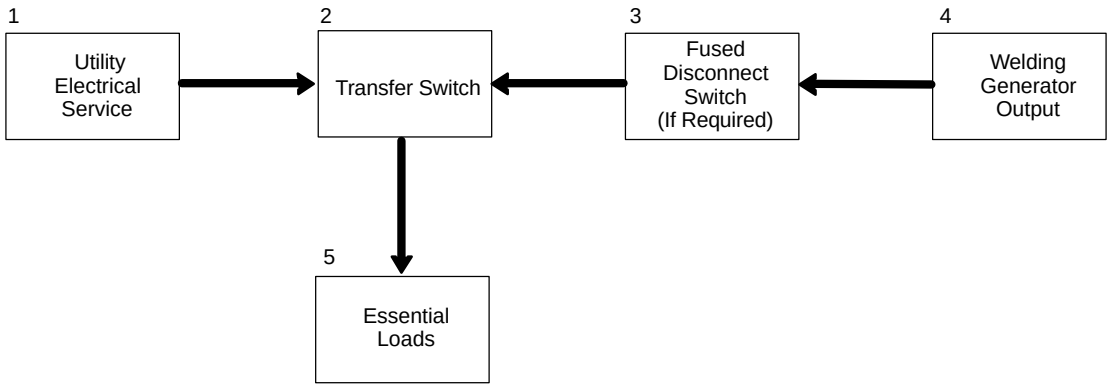
2 5 Second Rule

If motor does not start within 5 seconds, turn off power to prevent motor damage. Motor requires more power than generator can supply.

Ref. ST-800 396-A / S-0625

13-10. Typical Connections To Supply Standby Power

▲ **Properly install and ground this equipment according to its Owner's Manual and national, state, and local codes.**



▲ **Have only qualified persons perform these connections according to all applicable codes and safety practices.**

▲ **Properly install and ground this equipment according to its Owner's Manual and national, state, and local codes.**

☞ *Customer-supplied equipment is required if generator will supply standby power during emergencies or power outages.*

1 Utility Electrical Service

2 Transfer Switch (Double-Throw)

Switch transfers the electrical load from electric utility service to the generator. Transfer load back to electric utility when service is restored.

Install correct switch (customer-supplied). Switch rating must be same as or greater than the branch overcurrent protection.

3 Fused Disconnect Switch

Install correct switch (customer-supplied) if required by electrical code.

4 Welding Generator Output

Generator output voltage and wiring must be consistent with regular (utility) system voltage and wiring.

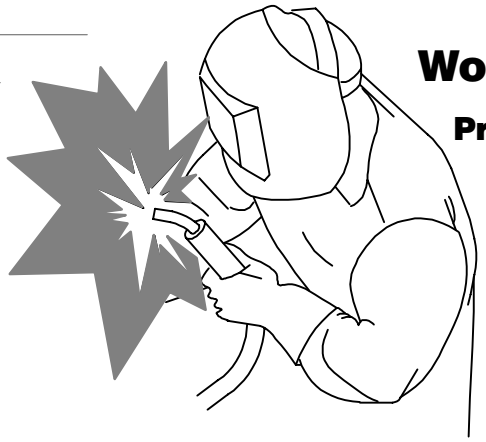
Connect generator with temporary or permanent wiring suitable for the installation.

Turn off or unplug all equipment connected to generator before starting or stopping engine. When starting or stopping, the engine has low speed which causes low voltage and frequency.

5 Essential Loads

Generator output may not meet the electrical requirements of the premises. If generator does not produce enough output to meet all requirements, connect only essential loads (pumps, freezers, heaters, etc. – See Section 13-4).

Notes



Work like a Pro!

Pros weld and cut safely. Read the safety rules at the beginning of this manual.

13-11. Selecting Extension Cord (Use Shortest Cord Possible)

Cord Lengths for 120 Volt Loads

▲ **If unit does not have GFCI receptacles, use GFCI-protected extension cord.**

Current (Amperes)	Load (Watts)	Maximum Allowable Cord Length in ft (m) for Conductor Size (AWG)*					
		4	6	8	10	12	14
5	600			350 (106)	225 (68)	137 (42)	100 (30)
7	840		400 (122)	250 (76)	150 (46)	100 (30)	62 (19)
10	1200	400 (122)	275 (84)	175 (53)	112 (34)	62 (19)	50 (15)
15	1800	300 (91)	175 (53)	112 (34)	75 (23)	37 (11)	30 (9)
20	2400	225 (68)	137 (42)	87 (26)	50 (15)	30 (9)	
25	3000	175 (53)	112 (34)	62 (19)	37 (11)		
30	3600	150 (46)	87 (26)	50 (15)	37 (11)		
35	4200	125 (38)	75 (23)	50 (15)			
40	4800	112 (34)	62 (19)	37 (11)			
45	5400	100 (30)	62 (19)				
50	6000	87 (26)	50 (15)				

*Conductor size is based on maximum 2% voltage drop

Cord Lengths for 240 Volt Loads

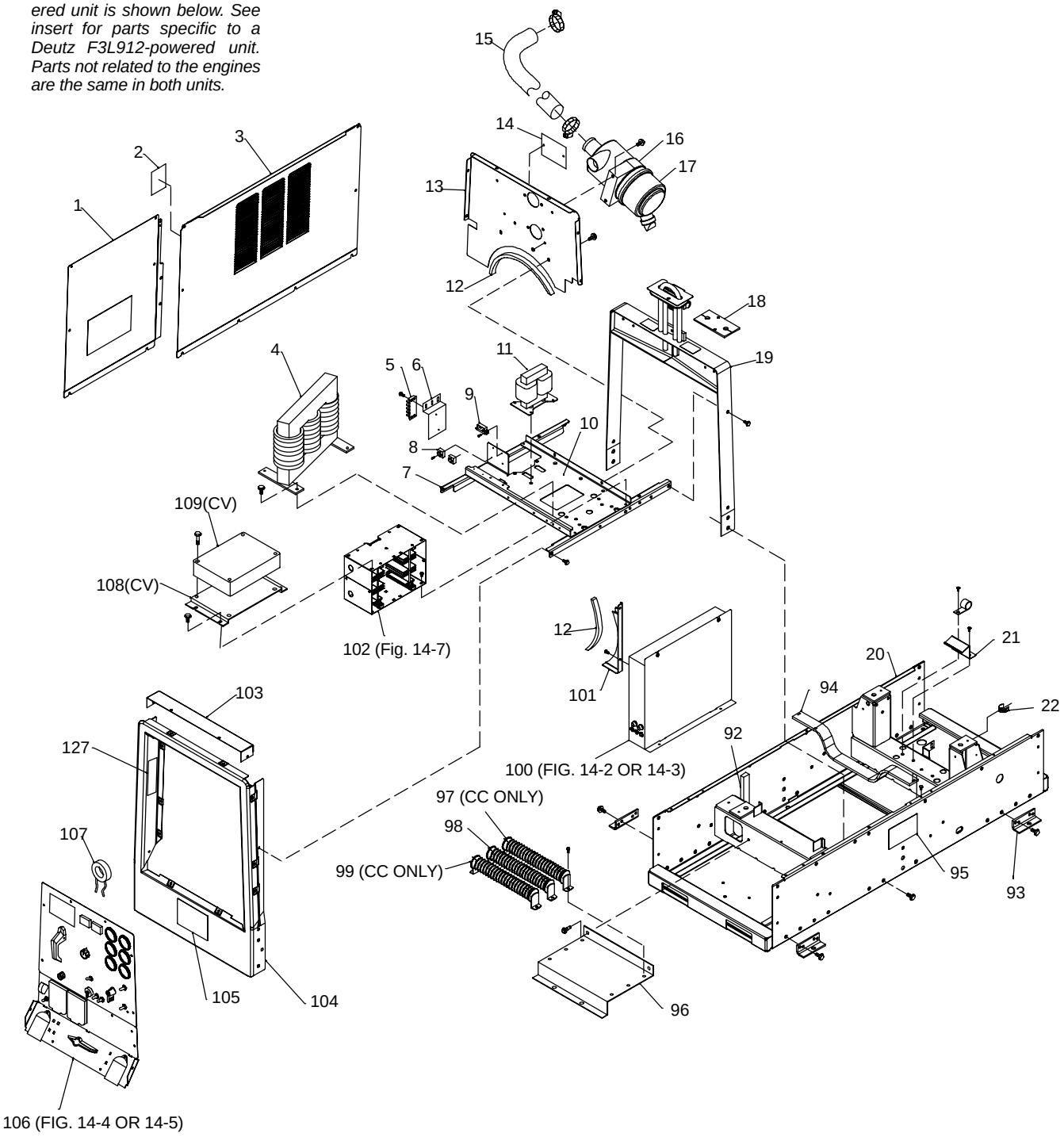
▲ **If unit does not have GFCI receptacles, use GFCI-protected extension cord.**

Current (Amperes)	Load (Watts)	Maximum Allowable Cord Length in ft (m) for Conductor Size (AWG)*					
		4	6	8	10	12	14
5	1200			700 (213)	450 (137)	225 (84)	200 (61)
7	1680		800 (244)	500 (152)	300 (91)	200 (61)	125 (38)
10	2400	800 (244)	550 (168)	350 (107)	225 (69)	125 (38)	100 (31)
15	3600	600 (183)	350 (107)	225 (69)	150 (46)	75 (23)	60 (18)
20	4800	450 (137)	275 (84)	175 (53)	100 (31)	60 (18)	
25	6000	350 (107)	225 (69)	125 (38)	75 (23)		
30	7000	300 (91)	175 (53)	100 (31)	75 (23)		
35	8400	250 (76)	150 (46)	100 (31)			
40	9600	225 (69)	125 (38)	75 (23)			
45	10,800	200 (61)	125 (38)				
50	12,000	175 (53)	100 (31)				

*Conductor size is based on maximum 2% voltage drop

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*

☞ *A Deutz F4L1011 engine-powered unit is shown below. See insert for parts specific to a Deutz F3L912-powered unit. Parts not related to the engines are the same in both units.*

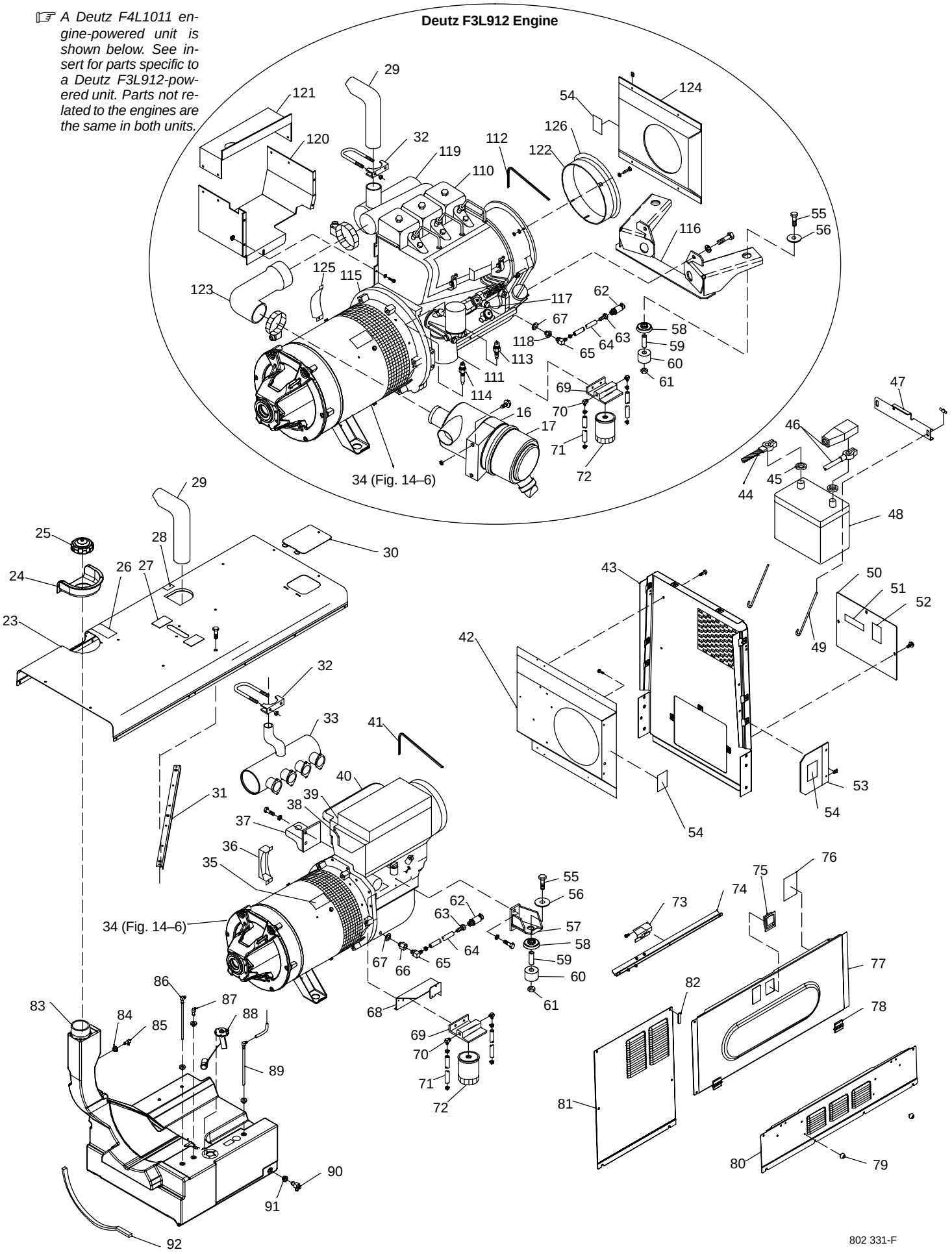


CC CC Models Only

CV CC/CV Models Only

Figure 14-1. Main Assembly

☞ *A Deutz F4L1011 engine-powered unit is shown below. See insert for parts specific to a Deutz F3L912-powered unit. Parts not related to the engines are the same in both units.*



802 331-F

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 14-1. Main Assembly

1		189 824	PANEL, gen LH	1
1		♦199 294	PANEL, gen LH ss	1
2		191 623	LABEL, warning all panels must be in place while running	2
2		176 106	LABEL, warning moving parts (Wordless Label)	2
3		+189 828	PANEL, engine side	1
3		♦+199 301	PANEL, engine side ss	1
		♦212 570	Baffle, engine side (CE Rated)	1
4	Z1	189 395	REACTOR, ac	1
4	Z1	♦201 520	REACTOR, ac environmental	1
5	1T	038 621	BLOCK, term 30A 4 pole frict term str	1
		038 620	LINK, jumper term blk 30A	2
6		081 499	BRACKET, mtg strip terminal	1
7		206 352	BRACE, front to center upright	2
8	SR4, SR5	035 704	RECTIFIER, integ bridge 40. amp 800v	2
9	CB4	045 061	CIRCUIT BREAKER, auto reset 24vdc 7 amp	1
10		201 697	PAN, reactor and rectifier	1
11	T1	201 613	TRANSFORMER w/bracket	1
11	T1	♦205 636	TRANSFORMER w/bracket (environmental coating)	1
12		173 352	EXTRUSION, rubber clamp/bulb (order by ft)	3ft
13		189 708	FIREWALL, top	1
14		191 307	COVER, plate	1
15		191 829	HOSE, air cleaner	1
16		189 763	BRACKET, mtg air cleaner	1
17		189 764	AIR CLEANER, intake	1
		*192 938	FILTER, air element primary	1
		*♦192 939	FILTER, air element safety	1
18		189 464	SEAL, weather lift eye	1
		173 909	HOSE, sae .312 id x .560 od x 24.000 (order by ft)	2
19		201 658	UPRIGHT, center assembly	1
20		+200 999	BASE	1
20		♦+203 382	BASE e-coat	1
21		196 220	BRACKET, hold down fuel tank rear	1
22		192 362	BRACKET, mtg nyl 1/2 conduit	1
23		+201 934	COVER, top	1
23		♦+202 640	COVER, top ss	1
24		189 052	GROMMET, plastic neck filler fuel	1
25		190 198	CAP, tank screw-on 3.500 in w/vent	1
26		192 041	LABEL, use diesel fuel only	1
26		176 103	LABEL, use diesel fuel only (Wordless Label)	1
27		108 487	LABEL, warning falling equipment	2
27		176 104	LABEL, warning falling equipment (Wordless Label)	2
28		176 230	LABEL, warning hot exhaust	1
29		105 734	PIPE, muffler extension elbow 1.875 OD	1
29		201 592	PIPE, exhaust (CE Rated)	1
30		201 851	COVER, radiator access	1
31		191 354	SUPPORT, cover	1
31		202 633	SUPPORT, cover e-coat	1
32		010 875	CLAMP, muffler 2.000 dia u pld	1
33		200 730	MANIFOLD, exhaust muffler	1
34		Figure 14-6	GENERATOR	1
35		013 367	LABEL, warning moving parts	2
35		176 106	LABEL, warning moving parts (Deutz F4L1011) (Wordless Label)	2
36		191 577	GUARD, starter (Deutz F4L1011 engine)	1
37		191 809	BRACKET, mtg engine LH (Deutz F4L1011 engine)	1
38		190 951	EDGE TRIM, styel tl750-b2 x 1/16 black w/clips 1.625	1
39		191 817	BAFFLE, air (Deutz F4L1011 engine)	1

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 14-1. Main Assembly (Continued)

40		191 828	ENGINE, Deutz dsl elec F4L1011 (consisting of)	1
		*067 265	FILTER, oil (engine) (Deutz F4L1011 engine)	1
		*192 744	FILTER, fuel spin-on (Deutz F4L1011 engine)	1
		*066 217	FILTER, fuel secondary (Deutz F4L1011 engine)	1
		*195 745	SWITCH, oil pressure	1
		*195 746	SENDER, coolant	1
		♦174 064	IDLE, solenoid assy	1
		♦175 937	BRACKET, support solenoid	1
41		*067 266	BELT, blower (Deutz F4L1011 engine)	1
42		201 714	BOX, air intake (Deutz F4L1011 engine)	1
43		201 748	UPRIGHT, rear	1
43		♦202 638	UPRIGHT, rear ss	1
44		190 206	CABLE, bat neg 42 in lg No. 2 awg w/clamp and .375rng	1
45		108 081	TERMINAL PROTECTOR, battery post mtg	2
46		190 207	CABLE, bat pos 45 in lg No. 1 awg w/clamp and .406rng	1
47		203 430	BRACKET, battery holddown	1
48		190 897	BATTERY, stor 12V 650crk 110rsv gp 24	1
49		201 006	BOLT, j stl .312–18 x 8.500 pld	2
50		+201 183	COVER, battery access	1
50		202 639	COVER, battery access ss	1
51		168 385	LABEL, warning battery explosion can blind	1
51		176 108	LABEL, warning battery explosion can blind (Wordless Label)	1
52		147 923	LABEL, warning moving parts can cause serious injury	1
52		176 106	LABEL, warning moving parts (Wordless Label)	1
53		+191 835	GUARD, belt	1
54		147 923	LABEL, warning moving parts can cause serious injury	3
55		199 849	SCREW, 625-11 x 4.00hexhd pln gr 5 pld	4
56		071 731	WASHER, flat .656 ID x 2.250 OD x .187T stl pld	4
57		191 812	BRACKET, mtg engine RH (Deutz F4L1011 engine)	1
58		071 890	RETAINER, mount eng/gen	4
59		071 730	TUBING, stl .875 OD x 12ga wall x 2.500	4
60		083 476	MOUNT, eng/gen nprn .875 ID x 2.500 OD x 2.000	4
61		135 205	NUT, 625-11 .94hex .76H stl pld elastic stop nut	4
		199 507	HOSE, oil drain assy 20 in (consisting of)	1
62		165 271	VALVE, oil drain 3/8-18NPTF	1
63		176 529	FITTING, hose brs barbed fem 1/2tbg x 3/8NPT	1
64		113 854	HOSE, SAE .500 ID x .780 OD xc oil (order by ft)	2ft
65		176 528	FITTING, hose brs barbed elbow fem 1/2 tbg x 1/2 NPT	1
66		173 336	FITTING, adapter oil drain	1
67			WASHER, oil drain (available through engine manufacturer)	1
68		191 816	BRACKET, mtg fuel filter/solenoid (Deutz F4L1011 engine)	1
69		192 750	BASE, fuel filter w/adapter	1
		192 741	BLOCK, spacer mtg filter base	1
70		145 282	FITTING, hose brs barbed elbow M 5/16tbg x 1/4NPT	2
71		107 816	HOSE, SAE .250 ID x .500 OD xc oil (order by ft)	3ft
		134 835	HOSE, SAE .312 ID X .560 OD X 31.000 (order by ft)	4.5ft
72		*192 744	FILTER, fuel spin-on	1
73		190 992	KEEPER, latch engine access door	1
74		190 076	CHANNEL, stiffener engine access	1
74		♦202 635	CHANNEL, stiffener engine access e-coat	1
75		199 592	LATCH, paddle series 20 (black)	1
76		200 444	LABEL, diesel engine maintenance Deutz (Wordless Label)	1
77		+200 989	DOOR, engine access	1
77		+210 736	DOOR, engine access ss	1
78		189 975	HINGE, door access 180deg	2
79		208 141	STOP, door	2
80		189 826	PANEL, rocker	1

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
			Figure 14-1. Main Assembly (Continued)	
80		199 298	PANEL, rocker ss	1
81		189 827	PANEL, gen RH	1
81		199 300	PANEL, gen RH ss	1
82		191 626	BUMPER, door engine access	2
83		189 245	TANK, fuel 23gal (consisting of)	1
84		124 253	BUSHING, tank fuel	4
		084 173	CLAMP, hose .460 – .545clp dia slfttng	2
85		189 912	FITTING, stl barbed elbow w/.047 in orf zinc pld	1
86		189 909	FITTING, stand pipe hose .250 x 9.260 lg 90deg zinc	1
87		189 913	FITTING, stl barbed elbow zinc pld	1
88		190 142	SENDER, fuel gauge 9.7500 deep tank	1
89		189 910	FITTING, stand pipe hose .3125 x 9.260 lg 90deg zinc	1
90		189 908	VALVE, drain fuel 180deg	1
91		181 572	BUSHING, tank fuel	1
92		191 446	EXTRUSION, rubber w/adhesive 1.000 x 1.000 D (order by ft)	6ft
93		191 897	BRACKET, mtg unit	4
94		191 512	BRACKET, hold down fuel tank	1
95		190 250	LABEL, warning do not weld on base	2
95		200 864	LABEL, warning do not weld on base (Wordless Label)	2
96		190 179	PANEL, mtg components	1
97	R4	$^{c}_{c}$191 292	RESISTOR, WW fxd 375W 50 ohm w/mtg bkt	1
98	R2	189 699	RESISTOR, WW tap 375W 10 ohm w/mtg bkt	1
99	R3	$^{c}_{c}$189 699	RESISTOR, WW tap 375W 10 ohm w/mtg bkt	1
100	Figure 14-2, Figure 14-3		CONTROL BOX ASSEMBLY	1
101		189 731	FIREWALL, lower	1
102	Figure 14-7		MAIN RECTIFIER ASSEMBLY	1
103		191 448	TOP, cover front upright	1
103		♦199 305	TOP, cover front upright ss	1
104		+201 750	UPRIGHT, front	1
104		♦+202 637	UPRIGHT, front ss	1
105		134 792	LABEL, warning general precautionary	1
105		176 105	LABEL, warning general precautionary (Wordless Label)	1
106	Figure 14-4, Figure 14-5		PANEL, front w/components	1
107		♦202130	XFMR, current sensing	1
108		$^{c}_{v}$193 453	BRACKET, mtg box fcr	1
109	PC1	$^{c}_{v}$189 143	MODULE, field current regulator	1
		190 058	NUT, .250-20 u-nut multi-thread	19
		049 525	NUT, 312-18 u-nut multi-thread	32
		202 031	KIT, label (includes safety and informational labels)	1
		201 062	KIT, label (includes safety and informational labels) (Wordless Labels)	1
110		199 063	ENGINE, Deutz dsl elec F3L912 d0392–166/00	1
111		*064 677	FILTER, oil (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
112		*066 271	BELT, blower (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
113		*195 745	SWITCH, pressure oil 1.5 bar nc cont	1
114		*195 746	SENDER, coolant temp & 130 degee C switch	1
115		194 135	BACKPLATE, Deutz F3L912 engine	1
116		194 572	SUPPORT, front engine (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
117	FS1	141 346	SHUTDOWN KIT, engine (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
118		118 452	FTG, adapter oil drain (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
119		193 313	MANIFOLD, exhaust muffler (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
120		194 496	BAFFLE, lower air outlet (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
121		194 497	BAFFLE, upper air outlet (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
122		194 500	BAFFLE, air intake (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
123		194 485	HOSE, air cleaner (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
124		+201 714	BOX, air intake (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 14-1. Main Assembly (Continued)

. . 125	. . . . .	195 560 . .	GUARD, starter hole (Deutz F3L912 engine)	1
. . 126	. . . . .	194 467 . .	Washer, flat 6.25idx11.50odx.062t buna n	1
. . 127	. . . . .	212 944 . .	Label, cc stick overlap weld ranges	1

\+ When ordering a component originally displaying a precautionary label, the label should also be ordered. Order label individually or as part of Label Kit 202 031 or Label Kit 201 062 (Wordless Labels).

* Recommended Spare Parts.

c_c CC models only.

c_v CC/CV models only.

♦optional

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

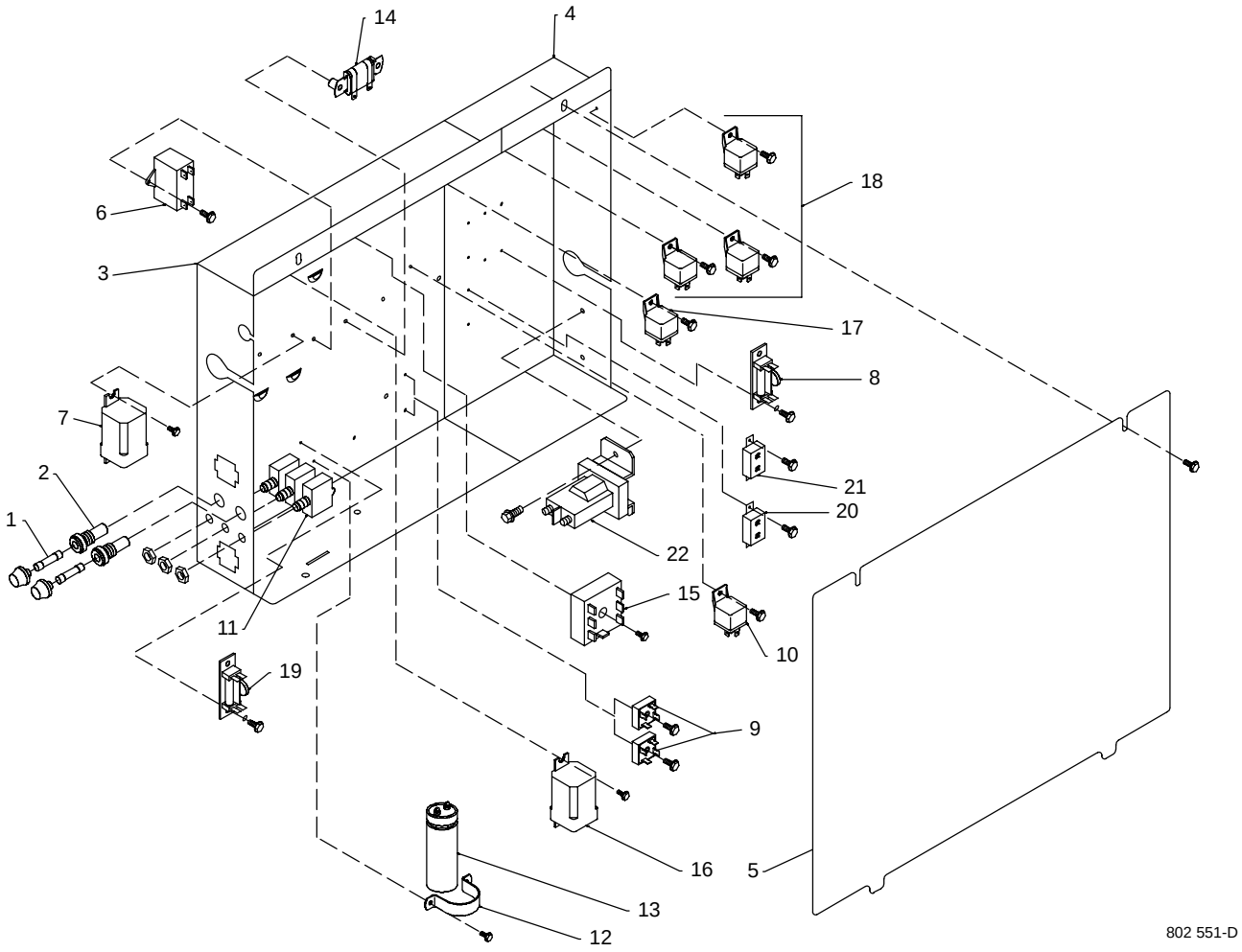


Figure 14-2. Control Box Assembly – CC Models

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 14-2. Control Box Assembly – CC Models (Figure 14-1 Item 100)

. . . 1	. . . F1, F2	. . *085 874 . .	FUSE, mintr cer slo-blo 10A 250V	2
. . . 2	. . . . .	046 432 . .	HOLDER, fuse mintr .250 x 1.250	2
. . . 3	. . . . .	201 077 . .	CONTROL BOX, lh	1
. . . 4	. . . . .	201 078 . .	CONTROL BOX, rh	1
. . . 5	. . . . .	201 079 . .	COVER, control box	1
. . . 6	. . . . C12	. . . 191 944 . .	CAPACITOR, polyp met film 10. uf 250 vac 10%	1

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
		201 681	HARNESS, control box, weld control (consisting of)	1
7	CR7	188 636	RELAY, OCV control	1
8	D1/C1	189 701	DIODE/CAPACITOR BOARD	1
9	SR1, SR2	035 704	RECTIFIER, integ 40A 800V	2
10	CR5	090 104	RELAY, encl 12VDC SPST 30A/15VDC	1
	S5	011 609	SWITCH, tgl spdt 15a 125vac on–none–on spd term chr (located on front panel, see Figure 14-4)	1
	S6	011 622	SWITCH, tgl 3pdt 15a 125vac on–none–on spd term (located on front panel, see Figure 14-4)	1
	RC4	047 483	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 15P/S 3 row rcpt cable/panel lkg	1
	RC3	158 466	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 12P/S 3 row rcpt cable/panel lkg	1
	RC1	135 133	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 9P/S 3 row rcpt cable/panel lkg	1
		148 850	SOCKET, relay 5 pin	1
		177 859	CONN, body 5 terminal (to engine control switch S1)	1
		150 316	CONN, rect univ 039 6p/s 3row plug cable lkg	6
		092 670	CONN, rect univ 084 3p/s 1row plug cable lkg	1
11	CB11, 12, 13	139 266	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 1P 15A 250VAC frict	3
		190 260	HARNESS, unit weld control (consisting of)	1
	PLG3	158465	CONN, rect univ 084 12p/s 3row plug cable lkg	1
		187654	SEAL, wire univ 12p/s 3row	1
	PLG6	114063	CONN, rect univ 084 4p/s 1row plug cable lkg	1
		192309	CLIP, snap in .630 bundle .250 hole .248 thk	2
12		177 136	CLAMP, capacitor 1.375dia	1
13	C9	087 110	CAPACITOR, elctlt 240uf 200VDC	1
14	R6	141 424	RESISTOR, ww fxd 30 w 25 ohm faston te	1
15	PC7	♦195706	MODULE, pull to idle, two output, 7 pin	1
16	CR4	♦113247	RELAY, encl 12vdc dpdt 20a/120vac 8pin flange mtg	1
17	CR6	♦090104	RELAY, encl 12vdc spst 30a/15vdc 5pin flange mtg	1
18	CR1, CR2, CR3	090 104	RELAY, encl 12VDC SPST 30A/15VDC spin flange mtg	3
		206 024	HARNESS, engine control (Deutz F4L1011 engine) (consisting of)	1
19	D8/C8	189 701	DIODE/CAPACITOR BOARD	1
20	CB10	190 374	CIRCUIT BREAKER, auto reset 12VDC 40A	1
		148 850	SOCKET, relay 5 pin	3
	PLG4	114 062	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 15P/S 3 row plug cable lkg	1
		173 916	HOUSING, contact 10-pole	1
21	CB14	♦205 927	CIRCUIT BREAKER, auto reset 12vdc 12 amp	1
		205 931	HARNESS, engine control (Deutz F3L912 engine) (consisting of)	1
19	D8/C8	189 701	DIODE/CAPACITOR BOARD	1
20	CB10	190 374	CIRCUIT BREAKER, auto reset 12VDC 40A	1
		148 850	SOCKET, relay 5 pin	3
	PLG4	114 062	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 15P/S 3 row plug cable lkg	1
21	CB14	205 927	CIRCUIT BREAKER, auto reset 12vdc 12 amp	1
22	CR8	♦155 309	CONTACTOR, solenoid 12VDC cont 400A inrush	1

Figure 14-2. Control Box Assembly – CC Models (Continued)

♦Optional

*Recommended Spare Parts.

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

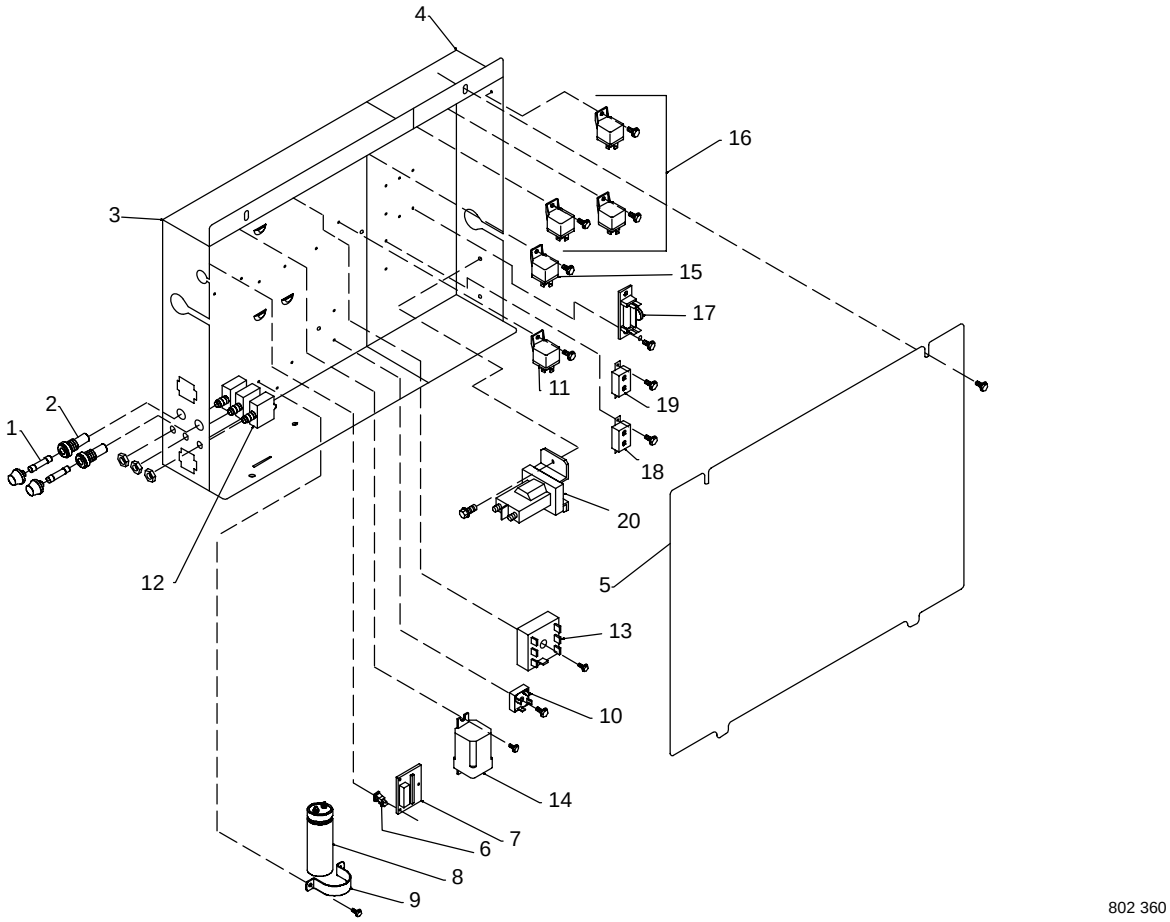


Figure 14-3. Control Box Assembly – CC/CV Models

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
			Figure 14-3. Control Box Assembly – CC/CV Models (Figure 14-1 Item 100)	
1	F1, F2	*085 874	FUSE, mintr cer slo-blo 10A 250V	2
2		046 432	HOLDER, fuse mintr .250 x 1.250	2
3		201 077	CONTROL BOX, lh	1
4		201 078	CONTROL BOX, rh	1
5		201 079	COVER, control box	1
6		134 201	STAND-OFF, support pc card	3
7	PC9	192 224	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, display	1
8	C9	087 110	CAPACITOR, elctlt 240uf 200VDC	1
9		177 136	CLAMP, capacitor 1.375dia	1
		201 495	HARNESS, control box, cv weld control (consisting of)	1
10	SR1	035 704	RECTIFIER, integ 40A 800V	1
11	CR5	090 104	RELAY, encl 12VDC SPST 30A/15VDC	1
	RC4	047 483	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 15P/S 3 row rcpt cable/panel lkg	1
	RC3	158 466	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 12P/S 3 row rcpt cable/panel lkg	1
	RC1	135 133	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 9P/S 3 row rcpt cable/panel lkg	1
12	CB11, 12, 13	139 266	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 1P 15A 250VAC frict	3
		148 850	SOCKET, relay 5 pin	1
	S6	193 324	SWITCH, rotary 6 position gold contacts (located on front panel, see Figure 14-5)	1
	S5	011 609	SWITCH,tgl spdt 15a 125vac on–none–on spd term chr (located on front panel, see Figure 14-5)	1
		150 316	CONN, rect univ 039 6p/s 3row plug cable lkg	6
		177 859	CONN, body 5 terminal (to engine control switch S1)	1
		193 183	CONN, rect cinch 18 pin	1

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
		196 602	PLUG, cavity 18,30 position cinch connector	4
		196 603	SEAL, switch 6 position rotary .250 shaft	1
		141 450	CONN, rect metrmate 10skt 1row plug cable lkg	1
13	PC7	♦195 706	MODULE, pull to idle, two output, 7 pin	1
14	CR4	♦113 247	RELAY, encl 12vdc dpdt 20a/120vac 8pin flange mtg	1
15	CR6	♦090104	RELAY, encl 12vdc spst 30a/15vdc 5pin flange mtg	1
16	CR1, CR2, CR3	090 104	RELAY, encl 12VDC SPST 30A/15VDC spin flange mtg	3
		206 024	HARNESS, engine control (Deutz F4L1011 engine) (consisting of)	1
17	D8/C8	189 701	DIODE/CAPACITOR BOARD	1
18	CB10	190 374	CIRCUIT BREAKER, auto reset 12VDC 40A	1
		148 850	SOCKET, relay 5 pin	3
	PLG4	114 062	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 15P/S 3 row plug cable lkg	1
		173 916	HOUSING, contact 10-pole	1
19	CB14	♦205 927	CIRCUIT BREAKER, auto reset 12vdc 12 amp	1
		205 931	HARNESS, engine control (Deutz F3L912 engine) (consisting of)	1
17	D8/C8	189 701	DIODE/CAPACITOR BOARD	1
18	CB10	190 374	CIRCUIT BREAKER, auto reset 12VDC 40A	1
		148 850	SOCKET, relay 5 pin	3
	PLG4	114 062	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 15P/S 3 row plug cable lkg	1
		185 655	SEAL, wire univ 15P/S 3 row	1
19	CB14	205 927	CIRCUIT BREAKER, auto reset 12vdc 12 amp	1
20	CR8	♦155 309	CONTACTOR, solenoid 12VDC cont 400A inrush	1

Figure 14-3. Control Box Assembly – CC/CV Models (Continued)

♦Optional

*Recommended Spare Parts.

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

Notes

MATERIAL THICKNESS REFERENCE CHART

24 Gauge (.025 in)

22 Gauge (.031 in)

20 Gauge (.037 in)

18 Gauge (.050 in)

16 Gauge (.063 in)

14 Gauge (.078 in)

1/8 in (.125 in)

3/16 in (.188 in)

1/4 in (.25 in)

5/16 in (.313 in)

3/8 in (.375 in)

1/2 in (.5 in)

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*

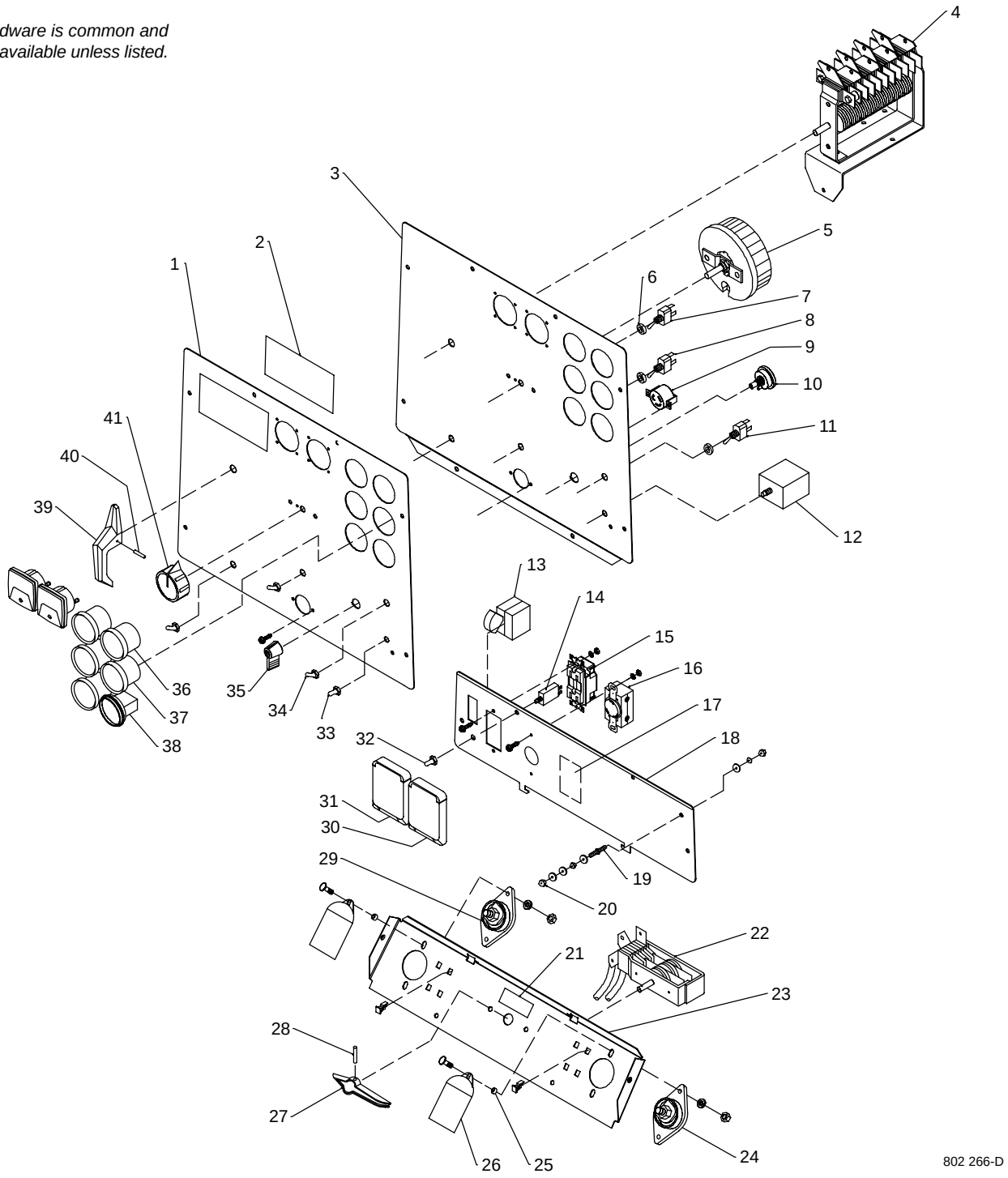


Figure 14-4. Panel, Front w/Components – CC Models

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
			Figure 14-4. Panel, Front w/Components – CC Models (Figure 14-1 Item 106)	
1		202 705	PLATE SCREENED, ident control rating; when ordering this item, the nameplate should also be ordered)	1
2			NAMEPLATE, screened (order by model and serial number)	1
3		201 580	PANEL, engine/weld control	1
3		♦202 642	PANEL, engine/weld control ss	1
4	S3	189 382	SWITCH, range/changeover	1
		202 223	BUS BAR, idealized	2

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
			Figure 14-4. Panel, Front w/Components – CC Models (Continued)	
		192 558	HARNESS, range (consisting of)	1
	RC6	148 439	HOUSING, rect univ 084 4p/s 1 row rcpt	1
5	R1	188 635	RHEOSTAT, WW 300W 34 ohm	1
6		202 209	SPACER, nylon	3
7	S6	011 622	SWITCH, tgl DPDT 15A 125VAC (included in control box harness, see Figure 14-2)	1
8	S5	011 609	SWITCH, tgl SPDT 15A 125VAC on-none-on spd term chr (included in control box harness, see Figure 14-2)	1
9	RC13	032 897	RECEPTACLE, twlk grd 2P3W 15A 125V	1
		201 045	COVER, receptacle twistlock (for RC13 (European Receptacle)	1
10	S1	176 606	SWITCH, ignition 4posn w/o handle	1
11	S2	♦021 467	SWITCH, tgl spst 3a 250v off–none–(on) spd term	1
12	MS1	189 698	SWITCH, magnetic manual reset low current	1
		201 553	CLIP, circuit breaker retaining	1
13	CB1	201 083	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 2P 20 A, 250VAC (European Receptacle)	1
13	CB1	♦202 683	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 2p 40a 240vac screw–90 (CE Rated)	1
		♦197 527	GUARD, circuit breaker	1
	CB2, CB3	♦201 083	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 2p 20a 250vac	2
		201 109	HARNESS, generator power (consisting of)	1
14	CB2	093 996	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 1P 20A 250VAC frict	3
15	GFCI1	151 981	RECEPTACLE, str dx grd 2P3W 15/20A 125V GFCI	1
16	RC1	147 632	RECEPTACLE, tw lk grd 2P3W 30A 250V L6-30R	1
		♦201 053	HARNESS, generator power (European Receptacle) (consisting of)	1
14	CB2	♦093 996	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 1P 20A 250VAC frict	1
14	CB3	♦139 266	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 1P 15A 250VAC	1
15	GFCI1	♦151 981	RECEPTACLE, str dx grd 2P3W 15/20A 125V GFCI	1
		♦213 577	HARNESS, generator power (CE Rated)	1
		♦189 549	BLOCK, term assy standard	1
		♦038 620	LINK, jumper term block	1
16	RC1	♦176 355	RECEPTACLE, str 2p3w 16a 220v flange mtg (European Receptacle)	1
16	RC1	♦173 556	RECEPTACLE, str 2p3w 32a 130v flange mtg (CE Rated)	1
	RC2	♦176 355	RECEPTACLE, str 2p3w 16a 220v flange mtg (CE Rated)	1
	RC3	♦173 555	RECEPTACLE, str 2p3w 16a 130v flange mtg (CE Rated)	1
17		190 861	LABEL, warning electric shock and moving parts	1
17		200 910	LABEL, warning, electric shock and moving parts (Wordless Label)	1
18		+201 106	PANEL, gen pwr	1
18		♦+202 641	PANEL, gen pwr ss	1
18		♦+201 052	PANEL, gen pwr (European Receptacle)	1
18		♦+204 258	PANEL, gen pwr (110/220 volt receptacles) (CE Rated)	1
18		♦+210 750	PANEL, gen pwr ss (European Receptacle)	1
19		083 030	STUD, brs .250–20 x 1.750 w/hex collar	1
20		601 836	NUT, 250–20 .50hex .19h brs	3
21		♦196 073	LABEL, do not switch while welding	1
22	S12	♦195 825	SWITCH, polarity	1
23		201 125	PANEL, mtg terminal pwr output	1
23		♦199 303	PANEL, mtg terminal pwr output ss	1
24		039 046	TERMINAL, pwr output black	1
		180 735	WASHER, output stud	2
25		181 169	SPACER, output stud	2
26		186 621	BOOT, generic output stud	2
27		♦059 773	HANDLE, switch	1
28		♦010 647	PIN, spring cs .156 x 1.250	1
29		039 047	TERMINAL, pwr output red	1
30		193 260	COVER, receptacle 2.250 dia lexan	1
31		193 258	COVER, receptacle GFCI	1

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 14-4. Panel, Front w/Components – CC Models (Continued)

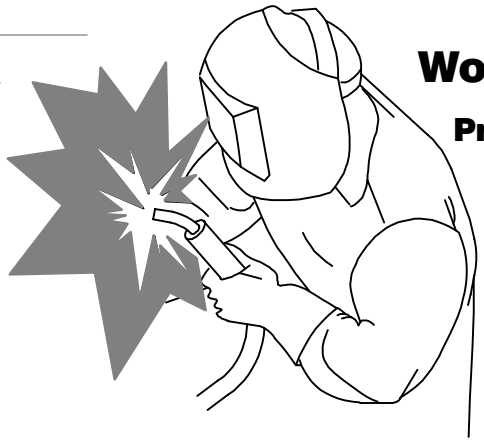
. . . 32		190 323 . .	BOOT, circuit breaker clear hex nut	1
. . . 33		193 143 . .	BOOT, magnetic shutdown switch	1
. . . 34		021 385 . .	BOOT, toggle switch lever	1
. . . 35		119 014 . .	LEVER, switch black	1
. . . 36	PL1 . . .	191 241 . .	LED, red 12V 4 ind lights panel mtg round	1
. . . 37	FUEL . . .	192 265 . .	GAUGE, fuel elec switch w/o sensor	1
. . . 38	HM	118 058 . .	METER, hour 12-24VDC 2.25dia	1
. . . 39		189 161 . .	HANDLE, switch range	1
. . . 40		010 647 . .	PIN, spring CS .156 x 1.250	1
. . . 41		019 602 . .	KNOB, pointer	1
. . . . .		024 103 . .	BLANK, snap–in nyl .750 mtg hole black	1

♦Optional

\+ When ordering a component originally displaying a precautionary label, the label should also be ordered. Order label individually or as part of Label Kit 202 031 or Label Kit 201 062 (Wordless Labels).

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

Notes



Work like a Pro!

Pros weld and cut safely. Read the safety rules at the beginning of this manual.

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*

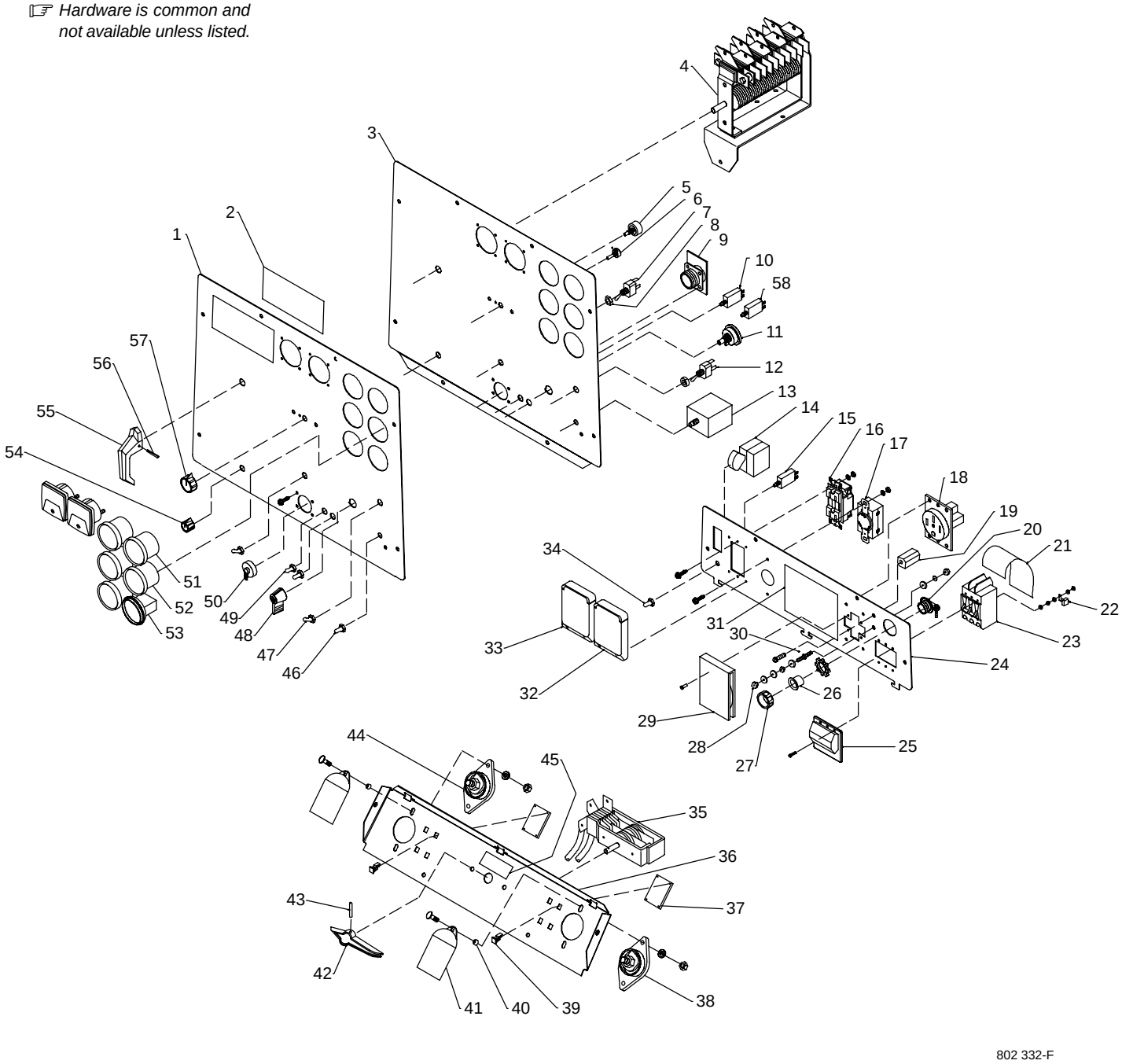


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Figure 14-5. Panel, Front w/Components – CC/CV Models

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
			Figure 14-5. Panel, Front w/Components – CC/CV Models (Figure 14-1 Item 106)	
1		202 706	PLATE SCREENED, ident control; when ordering this item, the nameplate should also be ordered)	1
2			NAMEPLATE, screened (order by model and serial number)	1
3		201 580	PANEL, engine/weld control	1
3		♦202 642	PANEL, engine/weld control ss	1
4	S3	189 382	SWITCH, range/changeover	1
		♦202 223	BUS BAR, idealized	2
		192 558	HARNESS, range (consisting of)	1
	RC6	148 439	HOUSING, rect univ 084 4p/s 1 row rcpt	1
5	R1	193 118	POT, cp flat 1t 2w 1k ohm linear	1

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 14-5. Panel, Front w/Components – CC/CV Models (Continued)

6	S6	193 234	SWITCH, rotary 6 position gold contacts (included in control box harness, see Figure 14-3)	1
7	S5	011 609	SWITCH, tgl SPDT 15A 125VAC on-none-on spd term chr (included in control box harness, see Figure 14-3)	1
8		202 209	SPACER, nylon	2
9	PC6	192 995	CIRCUIT CARD ASSY, connector/receptacle	1
10	CB5	139 266	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 1p 15a 250vac frict	1
11	S1	176 606	SWITCH, ignition 4posn w/o handle	1
12	S2	021 467	SWITCH, tgl spst 3a 250v off–none–(on) spd term	1
13	MS1	189 698	SWITCH, magnetic manual reset low current	1
		201 553	CLIP, circuit breaker retaining	1
14	CB1	201 083	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 2P 20 A, 250VAC	1
14	CB1	♦202 683	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 2p 40a 240vac screw–90	1
		♦197 527	GUARD, circuit breaker	1
	CB2, CB3	♦201 083	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 2p 20a 250vac	2
		201 109	HARNESS, generator power (consisting of)	1
15	CB2	093 996	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 1P 20A 250VAC frict	1
16	GFCI1	151 981	RECEPTACLE, str dx grd 2P3W 15/20A 125V GFCI	1
17	RC1	147 632	RECEPTACLE, tw lk grd 2P3W 30A 250V L6-30R	1
		♦201 053	HARNESS, generator power (European Receptacle) (consisting of)	1
15	CB2	093 996	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 1P 20A 250VAC frict	1
	CB3	139 266	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 1P 15A 250VAC	1
16	GFCI1	151 981	RECEPTACLE, str dx grd 2P3W 15/20A 125V GFCI	1
		♦213 577	HARNESS, generator power (CE Rated)	1
		♦189 549	BLOCK, term assy standard	1
		♦038 620	LINK, jumper term block	1
17	RC1	176 355	RECEPTACLE, str 2p3w 16a 220v flange mtg (European Receptacle)	1
17	RC1	♦173 556	RECEPTACLE, str 2p3w 32a 130v flange mtg (CE Rated)	1
	RC2	♦176 355	RECEPTACLE, str 2p3w 16a 220v flange mtg (CE Rated)	1
	RC3	♦173 555	RECEPTACLE, str 2p3w 16a 130v flange mtg (CE Rated)	1
18	RC5	♦182 954	RCPT, str 3P4W 50A 125/250V	1
19		♦025 248	STAND-OFF, insul .250-20 x 1.2	1
20		♦604 102	CONNECTOR, clamp cable 1.000	1
21		♦197 527	GUARD, circuit breaker	1
22		♦197 363	TERMINAL, ring tng screw clamp	3
23	CB7	♦196 780	CIRCUIT BREAKER, man reset 3p	1
24		+201 106	PANEL, generator power	1
24		♦+202 641	PANEL, gen pwr ss	1
24		♦+201 052	PANEL, gen pwr (European Receptacle)	1
24		♦+204 258	PANEL, gen pwr (110/220 volt receptacles) (CE Rated)	1
24		+♦201 107	PANEL, generator power (full kVA option)	1
25		♦196 781	BOOT, circuit breaker 3 pole	1
26		♦197 508	PLUG, protective	1
27		♦077 440	BUSHING, conduit 1 in	1
28		601 836	NUT, 250–20 .50hex .19h brs	3
39		♦197 291	COVER, receptacle w/gasket	1
30		083 030	STUD, brs .250–20 x 1.750 w/hex collar	1
	CT2	♦197 433	TRANSFORMER, current sensing	1
31		190 861	LABEL, warning electric shock and moving parts	1
31		200 910	LABEL, warning, electric shock and moving parts (Wordless Label)	1
31		♦197 399	LABEL, warning 3 ph generator power	1
32		193 260	COVER, receptacle 2.250 dia lexan	1
33		193 258	COVER, receptacle GFCI	1
34		190 323	BOOT, circuit breaker clear hex nut	1
35	S12	♦195 825	SWITCH, polarity	1
36		201 125	PANEL, mtg terminal pwr output	1

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 14-5. Panel, Front w/Components – CC/CV Models (Continued)

37	PC4, PC5	189 744	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY, filter hf	2
38		039 046	TERMINAL, pwr output black	1
		180 735	WASHER, output stud	2
39		134 201	STAND-OFF, support	12
40		181 169	SPACER, output stud	2
41		186 621	BOOT, generic output stud	2
42		♦059 773	HANDLE, switch	1
43		♦010 647	PIN, spring cs .156 x 1.250	1
44		039 047	TERMINAL, pwr output red	1
45		♦196 073	LABEL, do not switch while welding	1
46		193 143	BOOT, magnetic shutdown switch	1
47		021 385	BOOT, toggle switch lever	1
48		119 014	LEVER, switch black	1
49		190 323	BOOT, circuit breaker clear hex nut	2
50		170 391	CONN, circ ms protective cap size 20	1
51	PL1	191 241	LED, red 12V 4 ind lights panel mtg round	1
52	FUEL	192 265	GAUGE, fuel elec switch w/o sensor	1
53	HM	118 058	METER, hour 12-24VDC 2.25dia	1
54		097 922	KNOB, pointer .875 dia x .250 ID w/set screws plstc	1
55		189 161	HANDLE, switch range	1
56		010 647	PIN, spring CS .156 x 1.250	1
57		097 924	KNOB, pointer 1.625 dia x .250 ID w/set scrws plstc	1
58	CB23	083 432	CIRCUIT BREAKER, Man Reset 1p 10a 250vac Frict	1
		193 158	HARNESS, unit weld control – CV (consisting of)	1
	PLG6	114 063	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 4p/s 1 row plug cable lkg	1
	PLG8	193 184	CONNECTOR, rect cinch 30 pin	1
	PLG13	147 992	CONNECTOR, rect univ 039 10p/s 2 row plug cable	1
	PLG3	158 465	CONNECTOR, rect univ 084 12p/s 3 row plug cable	1
		088 731	BUSHING, snap-in nyl .375 ID x .500 mtg hole	1
		135 873	CLIP, conduit convoluted 1/2 in mtg hole	2
		187 654	SEAL, wire univ 12p/s 3 row	1
		024 103	BLANK, snap-in nyl .750 mtg hole blk	1
		120 304	BLANK, snap–in nyl .250 mtg hole black	2

♦Optional

\+ When ordering a component originally displaying a precautionary label, the label should also be ordered. Order label individually or as part of Label Kit 202 031 or Label Kit 201 062 (Wordless Labels).

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*

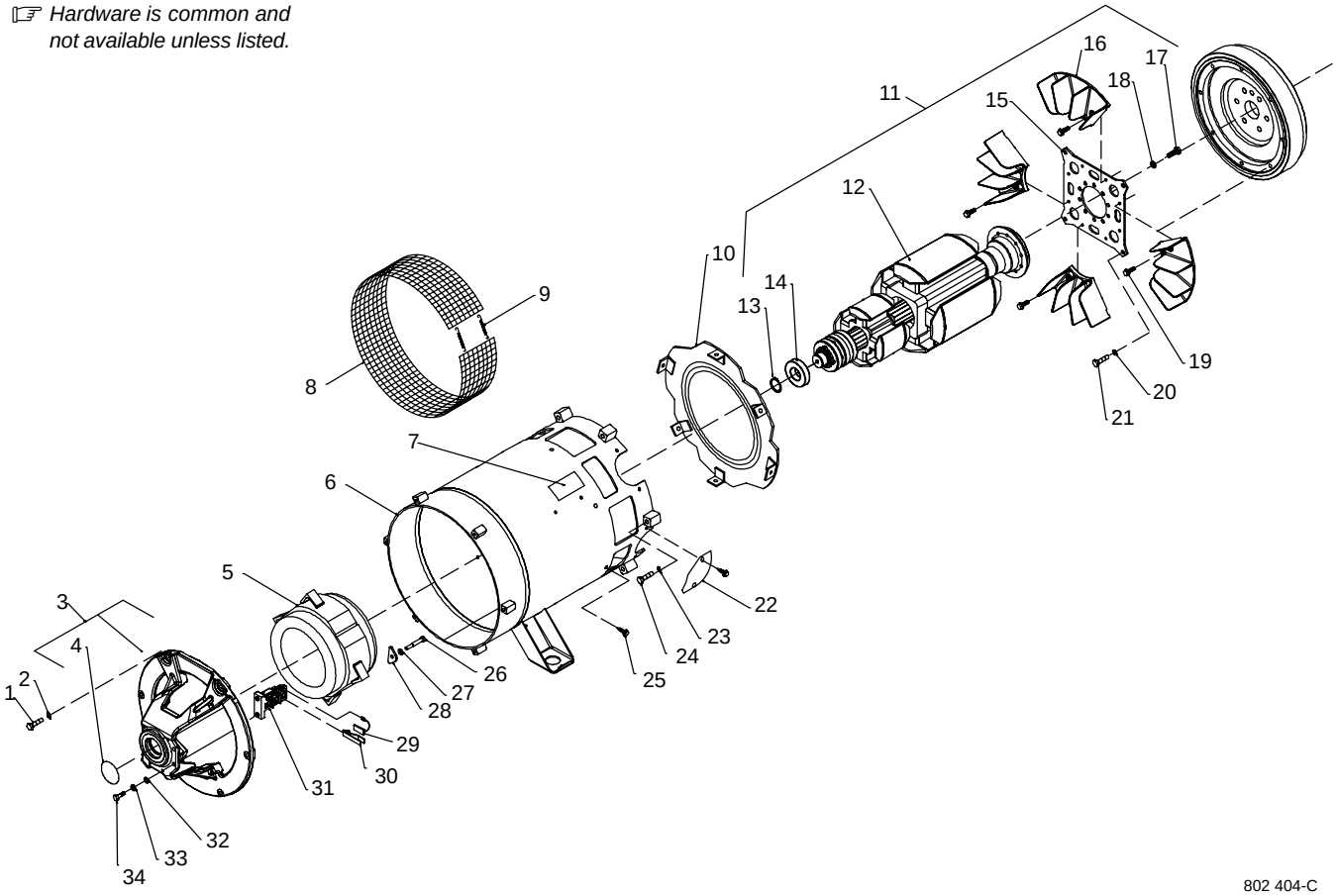

Figure 14-6. Generator

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
Figure 14-6. Generator (Figure 14-1 Item 34)				
1		132 053	SCREW, 375-16 x 1.50hexhd pln gr 5pld	6
2		183 387	WASHER, conical spring .406 ID x .875 OD pltd	6
3		195 911	ENDBELL, gen (consisting of)	1
4		143 220	O-RING, 2.859 ID x .139CS	1
5		201 099	STATOR, exciter/gen pwr	1
5		♦213 448	STATOR, exciter/gen pwr (CE Rated)	1
6		+208 287	STATOR, weld assembly complete	1
6		+♦209 220	STATOR, weld assembly complete (full kVA option)	1
7		013 367	LABEL, warning moving parts	2
7		176 106	LABEL, warning moving parts (Wordless Label)	2
8		190 197	GUARD, generator wire mesh	1
9		172 674	SPRING, ext .240 OD x .041 wire x 3.500pld	2
10		039 207	BAFFLE, air	1
11	ROTOR	212997	ROTOR, Generator Segmented Assy (Includes)	1
12		210 446	ROTOR, Generator (Includes)	
13		024 617	RING, Rtng Ext 1.375 Shaft X .050 Thk	1
14		053 390	BEARING, Ball Rdl Sgl Row 1.370 X 2.830 X .6	1
			HUB, Drive (Not Sold Separately)	1
		210 447	FAN, Rotor Assy Generator (Segmented) (includes)	1
15		210 332	PLATE, Flex Hubmount	1
16		206 242	FAN, Rotor Segmented Assy Gen	4
17		049 026	SCREW, M10–1.5x 25 Hex Hd–pln 8.8 Pln	10
18		083 883	WASHER, Lock .402idx0.709odx.087t Stl Split10mm	10
19		080 389	SCREW, 312–18x1.00 Hexwhd.66d Stl Pld Slffmg Tap–rw	8
20		083 883	WASHER, Lock .402idx0.709odx.087t Stl Split10mm	4

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
21		049 026	SCREW, M10–1.5x 25 Hex Hd–pln 8.8 Pln	4
22		191 579	COVER, starter hole Perkins/Continental	1
23		083 883	WASHER, Lock .402idx0.709odx.087t Stl Split10mm	6
24		172 555	SCREW, M10-1.5 x 50hexhd pln 8.8pld	6
25		602 159	SCREW, .312–18x .75 hexwhd.66d stl pld slffmg tap–rw	6
26		601 961	SCREW, .312-18 x 2.25hexhd pln gr 5pld	4
27		602 211	WASHER, lock .318 ID x 0.586	6
28		139 341	WASHER, exciter	4
29		*190 823	BRUSH, contact	3
30		188 560	CLIP, spring	3
31		189 142	BRUSHHOLDER ASSEMBLY, gen	1
32		602 242	WASHER, flat .375IDx0.875odx.083t stl pld	2
33		602 211	WASHER, Lock .318idx0.586odx.078t Stl Pld Split.312	2
34		604 534	SCREW, .312–18x1.25 hex hd–pln gr5 pld	2
		190 259	HARNESS, brush (consisting of)	1
	PLG1	168 071	CONNECTOR, (kit) rect univ 084 9P/S 3 row plug cable lkg	1
		187 651	SEAL, wire univ 9P/S 3 row	1

Figure 14-6. Generator (Continued)

\+ When ordering a component originally displaying a precautionary label, the label should also be ordered. Order label individually or as part of Label Kit 202 031 or Label Kit 201 062 (Wordless Labels).

*Recommended Spare Parts.

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

Notes

☞ *Hardware is common and not available unless listed.*

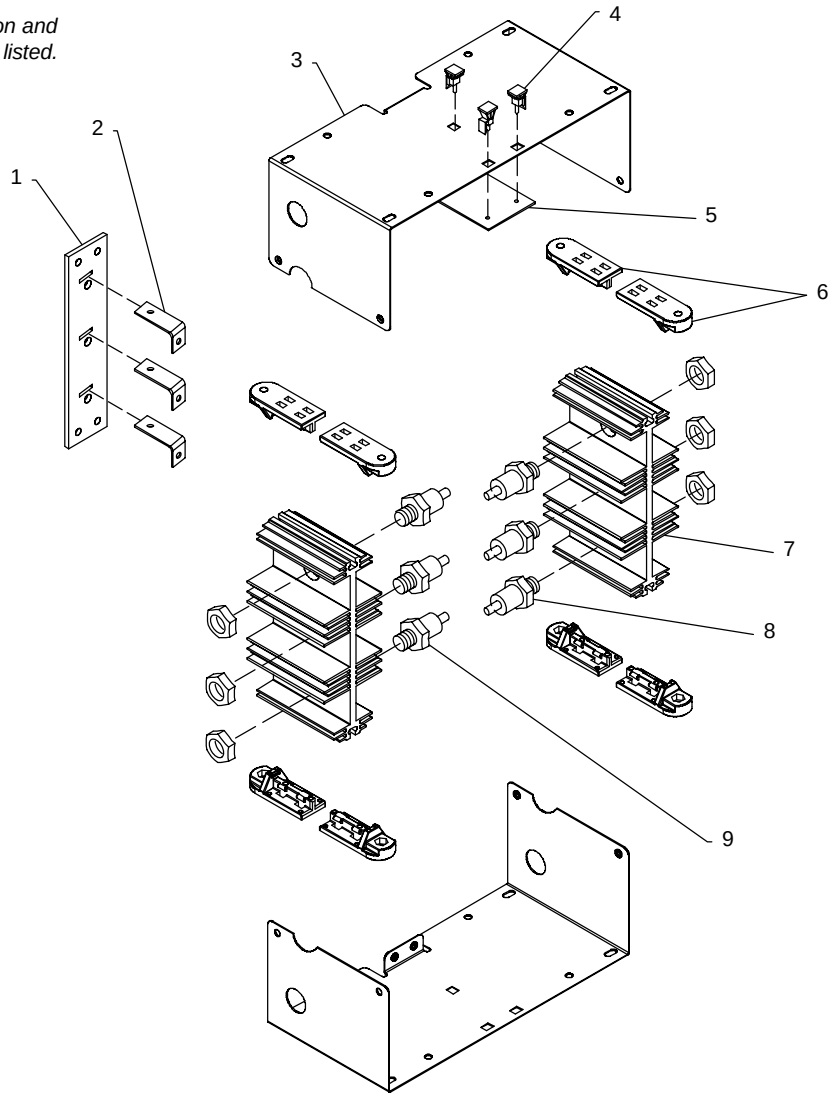

Figure 14-7. Main Rectifier Assembly

Item No.	Dia. Mkgs.	Part No.	Description	Quantity
			Figure 14-7. Main Rectifier Assembly (Figure 14-1 Item 102)	
.....	SR3 ...	201 747 ..	RECTIFIER (consisting of)	1
.....	SR3 ..	♦203 381 ..	RECTIFIER, environmental (consisting of)	1
... 1		188 137	CONNECTION BOARD, rectifier AC	1
... 2		188 517	BUS BAR, connection board	3
... 3		188 135	ENCLOSURE, rectifier	2
... 4		134 201	STAND-OFF, support	3
... 5	PC3 ...	201 449	CIRCUIT CARD ASSEMBLY, protection	1
... 6		188 136	INSULATOR, heat sink	8
... 7		188 493	HEAT SINK, rectifier al	2
... 8 .	D3, D5, D7	208 334	DIODE, rect 275A 300V SP	3
... 9 .	D2, D4, D6	208 335	DIODE, rect 275A 300V RP	3

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

Warranty Questions?

Call
1-800-4-A-MILLER
for your local
Miller distributor.

Your distributor also gives you ...

Service
You always get the fast, reliable response you need. Most replacement parts can be in your hands in 24 hours.

Support
Need fast answers to the tough welding questions? Contact your distributor. The expertise of the distributor and Miller is there to help you, every step of the way.

Miller

TRUE BLUE® WARRANTY

Effective January 1, 2002
(Equipment with a serial number preface of "LC" or newer)

This limited warranty supersedes all previous Miller warranties and is exclusive with no other guarantees or warranties expressed or implied.

LIMITED WARRANTY – Subject to the terms and conditions below, Miller Electric Mfg. Co., Appleton, Wisconsin, warrants to its original retail purchaser that new Miller equipment sold after the effective date of this limited warranty is free of defects in material and workmanship at the time it is shipped by Miller. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS.

Within the warranty periods listed below, Miller will repair or replace any warranted parts or components that fail due to such defects in material or workmanship. Miller must be notified in writing within thirty (30) days of such defect or failure, at which time Miller will provide instructions on the warranty claim procedures to be followed.

Miller shall honor warranty claims on warranted equipment listed below in the event of such a failure within the warranty time periods. All warranty time periods start on the date that the equipment was delivered to the original retail purchaser, or one year after the equipment is sent to a North American distributor or eighteen months after the equipment is sent to an International distributor.

1. 5 Years Parts — 3 Years Labor
   * Original main power rectifiers
   * Inverters (input and output rectifiers only)
2. 3 Years — Parts and Labor
   * Transformer/Rectifier Power Sources
   * Plasma Arc Cutting Power Sources
   * Semi-Automatic and Automatic Wire Feeders
   * Inverter Power Supplies
   * Intellitig
   * Engine Driven Welding Generators **(NOTE: Engines are warranted separately by the engine manufacturer.)**
3. 1 Year — Parts and Labor Unless Specified
   * DS-2 Wire Feeder
   * Motor Driven Guns (w/exception of Spoolmate Spoolguns)
   * Process Controllers
   * Positioners and Controllers
   * Automatic Motion Devices
   * RFCS Foot Controls
   * Induction Heating Power Sources
   * Water Coolant Systems
   * Flowgauge and Flowmeter Regulators (No Labor)
   * HF Units
   * Grids
   * Maxstar 85, 140
   * Spot Welders
   * Load Banks
   * Racks
   * Running Gear/Trailers
   * Plasma Cutting Torches (except APT & SAF Models)
   * Field Options
     (NOTE: Field options are covered under True Blue® for the remaining warranty period of the product they are installed in, or for a minimum of one year — whichever is greater.)
4. 6 Months — Batteries
5. 90 Days — Parts
   * MIG Guns/TIG Torches
   * Induction Heating Coils and Blankets
   * APT, ZIPCUT & PLAZCUT Model Plasma Cutting Torches
   * Remote Controls
   * Accessory Kits
   * Replacement Parts (No labor)
   * Spoolmate Spoolguns
   * Canvas Covers

Miller's True Blue® Limited Warranty shall not apply to:

1. **Consumable components; such as contact tips, cutting nozzles, contactors, brushes, slip rings, relays or parts that fail due to normal wear. (Exception: brushes, slip rings, and relays are covered on Bobcat, Trailblazer, and Legend models.)**
2. Items furnished by Miller, but manufactured by others, such as engines or trade accessories. These items are covered by the manufacturer's warranty, if any.
3. Equipment that has been modified by any party other than Miller, or equipment that has been improperly installed, improperly operated or misused based upon industry standards, or equipment which has not had reasonable and necessary maintenance, or equipment which has been used for operation outside of the specifications for the equipment.

MILLER PRODUCTS ARE INTENDED FOR PURCHASE AND USE BY COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL USERS AND PERSONS TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED IN THE USE AND MAINTENANCE OF WELDING EQUIPMENT.

In the event of a warranty claim covered by this warranty, the exclusive remedies shall be, at Miller's option: (1) repair; or (2) replacement; or, where authorized in writing by Miller in appropriate cases, (3) the reasonable cost of repair or replacement at an authorized Miller service station; or (4) payment of or credit for the purchase price (less reasonable depreciation based upon actual use) upon return of the goods at customer's risk and expense. Miller's option of repair or replacement will be F.O.B., Factory at Appleton, Wisconsin, or F.O.B. at a Miller authorized service facility as determined by Miller. Therefore no compensation or reimbursement for transportation costs of any kind will be allowed.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, THE REMEDIES PROVIDED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES. IN NO EVENT SHALL MILLER BE LIABLE FOR DIRECT, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOSS OF PROFIT), WHETHER BASED ON CONTRACT, TORT OR ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY.

ANY EXPRESS WARRANTY NOT PROVIDED HEREIN AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY, GUARANTY OR REPRESENTATION AS TO PERFORMANCE, AND ANY REMEDY FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TORT OR ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY WHICH, BUT FOR THIS PROVISION, MIGHT ARISE BY IMPLICATION, OPERATION OF LAW, CUSTOM OF TRADE OR COURSE OF DEALING, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WITH RESPECT TO ANY AND ALL EQUIPMENT FURNISHED BY MILLER IS EXCLUDED AND DISCLAIMED BY MILLER.

Some states in the U.S.A. do not allow limitations of how long an implied warranty lasts, or the exclusion of incidental, indirect, special or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty provides specific legal rights, and other rights may be available, but may vary from state to state.

In Canada, legislation in some provinces provides for certain additional warranties or remedies other than as stated herein, and to the extent that they may not be waived, the limitations and exclusions set out above may not apply. This Limited Warranty provides specific legal rights, and other rights may be available, but may vary from province to province.

Owner's Record

Please complete and retain with your personal records.

Model Name	Serial/Style Number
Purchase Date	(Date which equipment was delivered to original customer.)
Distributor	
Address	
City	
State	Zip

For Service

Call 1-800-4-A-Miller or see our website at www.MillerWelds.com to locate a DISTRIBUTOR or SERVICE AGENCY near you.

Always provide Model Name and Serial/Style Number.

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